

Washington News.

The marble blocks in Washington monument weigh three tons, cost \$40 rough and \$60 hewn.

Postal changes: New Offices—John Whitney, Enterprise, Brown county, Neb.; Thomas Scott, Scottville, Polk county, Minn.; Christian C. Olson, Bristow, Vernon county, Wis.

The secretary of war has informed the Indian bureau that orders have been issued to the commanding officer of the division of Missouri to expel all intruders from the Indian Territory.

Private Maurice Connell, one of the survivors of the Lady Franklin bay expedition, has been promoted to be corporal of Troop B Third Cavalry, now stationed at Whipple barracks, Arizona Territory.

Indian Commissioner Price is absent from the city at present, and Capt. Stevens, chief clerk, is acting commissioner. The captain and other officers of the bureau say that the published statements of Dr. T. A. Bland of this city in regard to the Pine Ridge agency are misrepresentations throughout.

The contributions to the "conscience fund" of the treasury, in the last fiscal year, amounted to over \$6,000. This fund has, since its establishment twenty years ago, amounted to about \$250,000.

The war and navy departments of the United States government are like tadpoles—very large heads to very small bodies. In fact, they are pretty much all head. The war department, for instance, is swarming with major generals and brigadier generals and colonels, and there is machinery enough to direct an army of a million soldiers.

The big department is highly ornamental, and cannot fail to have an impressive influence upon the representatives of foreign powers. It is pretty much the same with the navy department. It reminds one of a truculent hen clucking and strutting about the barnyard followed by a single chicken just escaped from the egg.

Personal News Notes.

President Arthur is at the Catskill mountains.

Gen. Longstreet is keeping a hotel in Gainesville, Ga.

John Wiley, Delphi, Ind., is heir to \$2,500,000 in Dublin.

Henry Villard has returned to New York much improved in health.

In the Sharon divorce trial, Friday, witness Gustave Nonvitsky stated that plaintiff had asked him if he would not like to make \$100,000 by killing Mr. Sharon if he did not treat her properly. He answered her that there was not money enough to buy him to kill Mr. Sharon, and she might do the shooting herself.

Casualties of the Week.

At East Portland, Oregon, there was an \$80,000 fire on Tuesday.

The Baldwin Locomotive works, Philadelphia were burned. Loss, \$150,000.

Two hundred hogs have succumbed to cholera at Vandalia, Ill., the past month.

An unknown and very handsome woman died in the Chambers street hospital, New York, Friday, just as she said "My husband is here."

The tobacco warehouse of Dewees & Golden, Milton, Ky., was burned destroying fifty thousand pounds of tobacco. Insured \$5,000.

The large machine shop and foundry belonging to Barnum, Richardson & Co., Lime Rock, Ct., was burned. Total loss, \$85,000; insured for \$60,000.

The lower part of New York city was lighted up just before midnight, Monday, by a fire which has totally destroyed the ferry houses and sheds of the Pennsylvania Railroad company at Jersey City. All the ferry houses and the extensive passenger depot had been burned down, and the fire was still raging. Half an hour later the Pullman palace car sheds and Adams Express company's pier were enveloped in flames, and there seemed to be no chance of saving them.

The railroad company's general offices, which were located over the ferry house and passenger depot are all destroyed, together with the valuable books and papers which they contained.

General News Items.

The Detroit Post and Tribune is now simply the Post.

Rev. Jacob Weidman, Bethlehem, Pa., has assigned for \$11,000.

The Crows are kicking over the removal of their agency to the Little Horn Valley.

Brooklyn bonded warehouses have 170,300 tons of sugar, the largest amount ever held at one time.

Ninety-five new corporations were organized last week in New York, representing a total capital of \$52,000,000.

The assets of H. D. Buford & Co., bankrupt plow manufacturers, Rock Island, are \$785,933 and the liabilities \$450,942.

Everett, the Golden, Colo., banker who suicided about three weeks ago, was short in his accounts with depositors \$10,000. Everett carried \$50,000 life insurance.

If the figures of the New York produce exchange are correct, it would seem that the prospects for good prices for wheat this fall ought to be better than a year ago. It estimates that the yield this season will be about 468,380,000 bushels, or 32,000,000 bushels less than in 1883.

Also, that the visible supply in this country July 1, 1884, was 40,000,000 bushels, against 60,000,000 bushels on the same day in 1883. In other words, the difference in favor of higher prices this year is 52,000,000 bushels.

On Friday Jay-Eye-See was the phenomenon of the turf, lowering the record to 2:10. But his triumph was but short-lived, as Saturday Mand S. appeared on the track of the Cleveland driving park and resumed her place at the head with a record of 2:09 1/2. The performance of the little mare was all the more

phenomenal from the fact that it was accomplished without the assistance of training masts. It now remains to be seen whether the Wisconsin horse can do still better or whether the bottom has been touched.

Foreign Flashes.

William Ross, of Toronto, Canada, who claims to be stocking a cattle ranch at Devil's Lake, Dak., was held to the criminal court at Chicago, by Justice Kerster in bonds of \$800, on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

The Dublin papers are generally disposed to give respectful attention to the pastoral letter which Archbishop McCabe promulgated yesterday, urging the press to suppress the details of the Cornwall and similar trials. All the publishers agree that unity of action is very desirable, and they are now parleying with a view to uniting on a pledge to their action. A printed agreement, which pledges the signers to publish nothing but formal and uniform statements of the progress of the cases is in circulation, and has already been signed by several publishers.

Minnesota Burglar Captured in Chicago.

Chicago Special: Some seven years ago Edward Mann, a young, handsome and highly educated young gentleman, was the particular pet of the upper tondom society of Winona, Minn. Suddenly he robbed a prominent physician of Winona, Dr. Stables, of a valuable horse and buggy, and decamped for parts unknown. After several months he was finally caught in Milwaukee and brought back to the scene of his crime and sentenced to two years in the Stillwater penitentiary. Not long after his incarceration he formed the acquaintance of Miss Lillie Randall, the daughter of a wealthy leather merchant of Winona, who frequently visited the prisoners on errands of mercy. Becoming more and more infatuated with the young criminal, the young lady besought her father to interfere in his behalf. After a short interview with the convict, Mr. Randall finally succeeded in getting him released and took him in his employ. But Mann could not stand prosperity, and some weeks ago he returned the kindness of his friend and savior by robbing him of \$3,000. Sheriff Carroll, after a three weeks' hunt, discovered his man in Mike McDonald's gambling house playing a high game. After threats and some opposition, Mann surrendered and will be taken to Winona.

Archbishop Purcell's Indebtedness.

Archbishop Elder has written a letter addressed to the clergy and laity of the archdiocese of Cincinnati, giving his reasons for not inaugurating active measures for liquidating the enormous indebtedness of the late Archbishop Purcell. He says: "I have repeatedly consulted advisers in civil and canon law and in moral theology; I have not found one who, on a consideration of the whole case, would advise me that I had a right to declare this a diocesan debt, binding in justice. But while I could not see grounds for declaring it a debt which the diocese owed in justice, I did see very good reasons why the Catholics of the diocese should manifest their charity and their zeal for religion by contributing liberally toward paying as far as they could." The archbishop then says that he offered to settle with the creditors on better terms than they were likely to secure by going to the supreme court, and that he has proposed to the assignee that a master be appointed to ascertain the indebtedness remaining upon property purchased in part with money furnished by the archbishop. Neither of these propositions have been acted upon. He says that when all has been done toward meeting the just claims that it is possible to do in this diocese, he proposes to appeal to all the friends that can be reached.

Defeat of Ex-Speaker Keifer.

Springfield, Ohio, Special. The primary elections in Clarke county yesterday between Ex-Speaker Keifer and his opponent, Capt. Bushnell, a wealthy manufacturer, resulted in the defeat of Keifer by about 600 majority. This ends the political career of Keifer and cuts off all chance of his obtaining another term in congress, since by the rules under which the primary was held, the successful candidate is allowed to choose his own delegates in the county, thus leaving the support as a unit in the congressional convention which meets here next Tuesday. For weeks Keifer has strained every nerve to carry the primary. He has spent a large amount of money and worked night and day. He even started a newspaper to champion his cause and ran it ten days, during which time it was distributed gratis. All the newspapers in the county were solidly opposed to him and his mistakes in congress were used against him with the most ferocious and venomous power by the organs of his opponents.

Success of Major McKenzie.

Washington Special.—Capt. Ernest H. Ruffner is to be relieved from his present duties by the battalion of engineers at Willott's Point, N. Y., and ordered to proceed to Rock Island, Ill., and relieve Maj. Alexander McKenzie of the charge of such river and harbor improvements as the chief of engineers may designate. Both Rock Island and St. Paul will much regret the departure from the Mississippi of Maj. Alexander McKenzie, who for nearly a decade has had charge of the improvements in the Mississippi from St. Paul to the mouth of the Illinois, at Grafton, his work on the river joining that of Maj. J. Allen, whose headquarters are in St. Paul. During his regime, McKenzie has accomplished a great deal of work, the most notable, probably, being the completion of the canal around the rapids at Keokuk. Capt. Ernest H. Ruffner who succeeds Maj. McKenzie, is a Kentuckian by birth, and graduated from the military academy at West Point in June, 1861, being commissioned at that date as second lieutenant of engineers. He attained his captaincy June 30, 1873.

Market Reports.

ST. PAUL.—Wheat, No. 1 hard, 93@95c. No. 1, 84c; No. 2 hard, 86c; No. 2, 76c. Corn, No. 2, 51c; No. 3, 46@48c. Oats, No. 2 mixed, 28c; No. 3 mixed, 26c. No. 2 white, 29c; No. 3 white, 28c. Barley, No. 2, 55c; No. 3 extra 48c; No. 3 46c. Rye, No. 2, 55c. Baled Hay, wild, \$9.00; timothy, \$12.00. Eggs, 16@17c. MILWAUKEE.—Wheat, No. 2, 84c. Corn, No. 2, 56c. Oats, No. 2, white, 34c. Rye, No. 1, 63c. Barley, No. 2, 55c. Mess Pork, \$16.00. Lard, \$7.30. Butter, choice creamery, 17@18c; fair to good, 16@17c; best dairy, 14@15c. Eggs, 15@15 1/2c. CHICAGO.—Wheat, No. 2 Chicago spring, 84@85 1/2c. Corn, 55@56c. Oats, 30@30 1/2c. Rye, 62c. Barley, 64@66c. Flax Seed, \$1.33@1.53. Pork, \$16.00@17.00. Lard, \$7.15@7.20. Butter, creamery, 17@18 1/2c; dairy, 14@14 1/2c. Eggs, 15@15 1/2c.

IN HONOR OF GREELY.

Demonstration in Honor of the Rescued Arctic Explorer at Portsmouth.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 4.—The city is thronged, public and private buildings decorated, and "Welcome to our Arctic Heroes" placarded on bunting everywhere. The harbor is filled with craft laden with people. At 11:30, amid considerable enthusiasm, Commanders Schley and Coffin and Lieut. Emory disembarked. Following them were other officers of the Greely expedition and sailors of the Thetis, Bear and Alert. They were enthusiastically greeted as they landed. The crowd pressed forward to shake their hands. A roar of welcome went up when Greely was discovered coming toward the landing in the admiral's barge, Greely was clothed in white, with a slouch hat and wore spectacles. As he and his companions alighted all crowded to welcome him. Greely leaned upon the arm of Lieut. Powell and languidly lifted his hat. His every movement indicated weakness. His comrades received much attention. All were placed in coaches and immediately driven to the Rockingham house, it having been decided that they should not appear in the procession. At the hotel crowds gathered to catch a glimpse of them. Mrs. Greely joined her husband at the hotel. At 11:20 the procession began to march. The streets were packed. Great applause greeted the sailors of the relief squadron. The ovation continued through the entire route. Commander Schley, Lieut. Emory and Commander Coffin were received with

TRENDING APPLAUSE.

As the head of the procession neared the Rockingham house, where Lieut. Greely and the survivors were waiting to review it, the pressure of the crowd became so great that the column was delayed several minutes. Lieut. Greely and comrades were seated upon the balcony. Cheer after cheer greeted him. As the crews of the Thetis, Bear and Alert passed Greely bowed very low and seemed to look his gratitude to the men who so very recently rescued him from the grave. The scene was affecting and many brushed tears from their eyes. Greely was kept busy bowing his acknowledgments as the procession passed. Commanders Schley and Coffin and Lieut. Emory raised their hats as they passed the hero. After the procession Greely and party were driven to the grand stand, where they again reviewed the procession and received the plaudits of the multitude. Among the prominent men on the stand were Secretary Chandler, Gov. Hale, S. J. Randall, Congressman Robinson of New York, officers of the relief expedition and the North Atlantic squadron and members of the city government of many New England cities. The procession was dismissed at two o'clock, and shortly after the invited guests were entertained at dinner by the city of Portsmouth.

THE SERVICE OF CITIZENS.

In music hall this evening to extend a welcome to Greely and surviving companions was largely attended. In the auditorium were Portsmouth's foremost citizens. On the stage were officers of the North Atlantic squadron and Arctic relief fleet. In front seats of the orchestra sat the crews of the Thetis, Bear and Alert. The sailors were enthusiastically received on entering the hall, as were their officers, who appeared shortly afterward. Secretary Chandler, Gen. Hazen, Admiral Luce, Commodore Wells, Gen. B. F. Butler, Congressman Randall and Robinson, of Maine, occupied seats on the platform. The meeting was called to order by the Rev. W. A. McKinley. Rev. W. H. Alden made a prayer and was followed by Mayor Treat of Portsmouth, who read an address, in which he extended the hospitalities of the city to Greely and his little band. Secretary Chandler was permanent chairman of the meeting. When he came forward to address the meeting he was very warmly applauded. When he referred to the efforts of Randall in the house of representatives and Hale in the senate in behalf of the Greely relief bill, as well as the noble work of Commanders Schley and Coffin and Lieut. Emory, the audience became almost wild with enthusiasm. Mr. Chandler in his address told the story of the organization and object of the Greely expedition. He likewise spoke of the Protus expedition, and recited the instructions given to Lieut. Garlington, and traced the movements of the Protus and Yantic in their vain efforts to find and rescue Greely. He said that from July 1883 to August 1883, 50,000 rations were taken in the steamers Neptune, Yantic and Protus up to and beyond Arctic Island. Of that number only about 100 were left in that vicinity, the remainder being returned to the United States or sunk with the Protus. Mr. Chandler then related the history of the successful efforts of Commander Schley and comrades to rescue Greely, and paid a deserved tribute to all concerned. Gov. Hale, Senator Hale, Hon. S. J. Randall and Gen. B. F. Butler made short addresses. Gen. Butler said he thought Americans would never rest until the north pole was reached. He thought a party ought to be sent to the arctic to stay and advance slowly, establishing supply depots as they moved. The North Pole belonged to the United States, and he predicted that their territory would soon embrace the entire Western hemisphere—poles and all. Lieut. Greely was not able to be present, but a letter from him was read, in which he said: "No reason more serious than their inability from lack of strength and health could prevent the presence to-night of the living members of the Lady Franklin bay expedition. I am unable to fitly express how deeply we feel the honor done us by our assembling here, to greet with kindly words of welcome the living and to give voice to tender sympathy for the dead. During our service north we tried to do our duty. If in our efforts aught is found of work accomplished to touch the heart of the people, we shall feel that our labors and hardships are more than rewarded. Time and inclination are equally wanting in which to dwell on the

WORK DONE OR HARDSHIPS ENDURED.

It must, however, state that never for a moment in our darkest or gloomiest hour, did we doubt or feel that the American people were planning for our rescue through their representatives: all that lay in human power and still from day to day as food failed and men died, that faith and that certainly gave strength to us who live. I need not tell what you well know how the secretary of the navy set heart and soul on our relief by imbuing his subordinates with his own indomitable energy, started relief vessels in an unprecedented brief time. You know of the untiring zeal and determination which animated Commander Schley and officers of the squadron. No risk was too great demanding their strength and energy where it was possible that an hour could be gained or a mile made good. So marked were their dispatch and energy that had they known our exact condition and locality and thus avoided a thorough and sweeping search from Cape York and Cary Island to life boat cove, they could not have reached Camp Clary in time to have another life. None but those of Arctic experience could fully realize the wonderful work done by the squadron, and no one knows better than I how inadequate is this tribute to the navy for its labor, not less glorious in this work of peace than they have always been in time of war. We thank you for your kind and thoughtful consideration and tender sympathy to aid for us all, the living and dead." The meeting closed at midnight.

DAKOTA NEWS NOTES.

Territorial Officers.

A recent number of Descriptive America contains the following valuable article on government of Dakota, since the organization of the territory; "William Jayne, 1861-63; Newton Edmunds, 1863-66; Andrew J. Faulk 1866-69; John A. Burbank, 1869-74; John L. Pennington 1874-78; William A. Howard, 1878-80. N. G. Ordway was appointed in 1880, and his term expired May 22, 1884, but he held on till the appointment of Gilbert A. Pierce, of Illinois, June 26, 1884. Of the ex-governors all survive except Hon. William A. Howard, whose memory is held in the most sincere regard and highest esteem of any citizen of the territory has ever had. He was great in ability, wise by the best experience, and lofty in character as he was firm in action. He went to Dakota to end a life of usefulness, in forming a great community upon the best basis, and to this he gave the most disinterested service in every relation. Ex-Gov. Edmunds remains a citizen of Yankton, a successful banker and business man, and esteemed in all the councils of the people. He has served in several positions under the United States, and particularly has been trusted by the government and Indians in negotiating important treaties. Ex-Governors Faulk and Pennington remain in Yankton in successful business.

Among the secretaries of the territory, Hon. S. L. Spink, who died in 1880; General Edward S. McCook, who was assassinated in September, 1873; and Hon. George H. Hand, who longest held that place and remains a citizen of the territory, were held in high esteem for their services and character; as is the present incumbent, Hon. James H. Fallar. The chief justices have been Philemon Bliss, now in Missouri; Asa Bartlett, now in Kansas; George W. French, now in Maine; Peter C. Shaunun, now resident in Dakota, and General A. J. Edgerton, the present incumbent, who was late United States Senator from the State of Minnesota.

Dakota Territorial News.

Kidder county paid \$200 this season in gopher bounties.

The Sioux Valley fair will be held at Sioux Falls Sept. 24, 25, and 26.

The salary of the postmaster at Mandan has been raised from \$1,100 to \$1,500 per annum.

A new town is to be laid out at Thief river by Mr. Kralschman, of Red Lake Falls.

Smut in the wheat fields causes alarm in Southern Dakota.

One thousand cords of wood were burned by an incendiary at Brownsville, Black Hills.

Dakota's G. A. R. meet at Yankton in September.

Statistician Baynes liberally estimates the wheat yield of Dakota at 30,000,000 bushels.

George Gibbs, the victim of Ansley's bullet at Bismarck, is still in a very precarious condition.

Farmers' elevators are under construction at Argyle and Stephens on the Manitoba road. That at Angus is completed.

Ellendale has organized a board of trade with fifty charter members.

R. C. Brophy of Cooperstown, is a nephew of Gov. Cleveland.

J. P. Foster, one of the pioneers of Bismarck, and the man who opened the first rest aurant in the place, dropped dead of heart disease in the street at Miles City.

It is reported that a movement is on foot to take forcible possession of Winnebago reservation, in Hughes county, and dispossess the Indians of the soil they claim.

In the central Black Hills the wild raspberry crop is unusually heavy, the bushes throughout a large scope of country bending beneath the weight of this finely-flavored fruit.

Reports from Milbank and Big Stone City, on the Hastings & Dakota road, say smut is appearing in many fields, and fears are entertained that it will spread.

In one week recently forty-seven government claims, amounting to 7,520 acres, were filed on at the United States land office in Fargo, and final proofs were made on thirty-six claims, or 5,700 acres.

Coal veins have been found near Yankton, some two hundred feet down.

Lieut. Chance of Bismarck, who drew \$15,000 in a lottery last winter, is in Europe.

Miss Rosa Wialen, Misses Eliza and Rosa McGill and Mr. Whalen located on claims in Buffalo county. Some newcomers attempted to jump their claims, and went so far as to build shanties on them. When they were finished, the young ladies harnessed up their horses, hitched a chain round the shanties and dragged them off.

Rev. Mr. Allen of Grand Forks preached on the Ward trial verdict from the text, "And I saw the dead, both small and great, stand before God, and the books were opened."

F. Jay Haynes, the Northern Pacific photographer, is now having built at Pullman, Ill., an elegant operating car for his special work on the line of the road.

The new hotel being built in Bismarck has been named "The Lamborn," in honor of General Land Agent Lamborn, of the Northern Pacific road.

The sites have been selected for four new warehouses and two new elevators, on the Fargo Southern road, and two others are yet to be located. The points chosen are Graceville, Abercrombie, Fairmont, Christine, Hickson and Wild Rice. The contract has been awarded to E. S. Tyler, who proposes to have the buildings completed in time to receive this season's crop.

Mrs. C. A. Monchow was thrown from her riding pony at Bismarck, and her foot being caught in the stirrups she was dragged nearly a block. The horse rushed down street in frantic jumps, with Mrs. Monchow dragging beneath him, and it is a miracle that she was not killed. As it was, she received a fractured shoulder, several gashes in the head and other bruises.

A lady living a few miles outside of Sheldon came into town the other day very much worked up on account of a saloon-keeper selling liquor to her husband. She marched up to the saloon, and, at the point of a seven-shooter, ordered the keeper to close up his "store," saying she had killed one saloon-keeper and would soon make him a fit subject for a box and picket fence. He closed up his place P. d. q.

The Fargo Hail Insurance company, which went out of business three years ago on account of the fact of apparent immunity from hail storms and consequent lack of business is about to be reorganized with a capital of \$10,000.

Judge Levisse has filed his decision in the suit of Buttz vs. Colton, in regard to the Lisbon town site. The decision is favorable to Buttz.

Hon. Seward Smith, the new judge of the Fifth judicial district, arrived at Yankton. He came to consult with Chief Justice Edgerton and to qualify as associate justice.