Many of the larger technical and engineering schools at the St. Louis exposition will maintain working laboratories, in accordance with the motive which will mark the distinction between this exposition and preceding ones that processes and live exhibits shall be installed rather than products and dead exhibits.

Geronimo, the famous old Apache war chief, now a prisoner at Ft. Sill. Okla., has a daughter who is a pupil at the Mescalere Indian school, in New Mexico. Her name is Lena Geronimo; she is 13 years old, and she is quite a handsome girl of the Indian type. To her one-time bloodthirsty father the girl is the apple of his eye.

The Rev. Frank P. Bachelor, of the South Congregational church, Hockanum, Conn., has resigned his pastorate because leading members of his flock refuse to abandon the culture of tobacco. Mr. Bachelor abhors "the filthy weed." but as tobacco-raising has been long the chief industry of that section the thrifty Yankees did not see their way to meeting his views.

Senator Ankeny, just chosen from the state of Washington to the highest legislative body in the land, is of German descent. His father was named Schmidt and died on his way across the plains in the early days. His widow soon afterward married a man named Ankeny, and her son by her first marriage, the present senator, changed his name to please his stepfather.

There are probably few firms in London to-day who have occupied their premises for a longer period than the Rothschilds. The founder of tho English branch made St. Swithin's lane his home as well as his office for many years, and at his death abroad his remains were brought home and laid in state in the same famous office wherein his grandsons carry on their business to-day.

Transcaucasia grows almost every known grain in the world. The forests of the Caucasian mountain range produce safron, madder, oak, walnut and boxwood lumber, while apples, pears and grapes grow wild in these forests to such an extent that they are exported in large quantities. Tho wine of Caucasia is also exported, and the cotton of the country is second only to that of Egypt.

A staircase that can be rolded up is the general title of a novelty for carriages and steamboats. It is composed of folding steps with handrails, of any desired length, which make ascent and descent easy. The device can be easily arranged to serve as a plank to walk from one place to another on the same elevation. It is the kind of thing that would be of great use in the event of fire, and it has the advantage of folding into a small com-

The kaiser's cigars are about half as long again as those smoked by ordinary mortals. They come from Havana, being made there specially for the emperor. Each bears a "Havana ring," ornamented with the emperor's portrait. He pays from 1 shilling 3 pence to 1 shilling 6 pence apiece for them. Similar cigars could not be purchased for less than 5 shillings each in Germany, where tobacco in all forms is cheap, a penny, for instance, being the price of a very smokable weed.

The foot and mouth disease (epizootic aptha), which has appeared arter an absence of 30 years, is propagated by germs and is highly contagious. Persons carry the germs on their clothing or hose, dogs can transport them and they can be taken into the system of a healthy herd which passes over the same road that a sick animal passed over a few hours prevous. Cattle are not the only animals subject to it, for it is contracted by sheep, swine, horses, poultry and sometimes by man.

The profession of bridesmaid seems to be growing in New York. For some time it has been the habit at weddings in that city to pay bridesmaids. At a recent wedding there were no fewer than 15 bridesmaids who were all punctually paid. Besides the beautiful dresses given by the bride's father they each received \$25 apiece for appearing in the wedding train. There are young ladies who accept so much as \$100 for their office of honor. One girl who is much sought after for her beauty has appeared as bridesmaid at more than 100

In his warfare against consumption Health Commissioner Lederle, of New York, is having thousands of leaflets on the subject printed in every language spoken in that city, including Chinese. These leaflets, which will be distributed among the poor in every tenement district, contain simple instructions by the observance of which the danger of infection may, to a great extent, be avoided. Dr. Lederle will also send trained nurses among the tenement-house constumptives to care for and instruct the afflicted and their associates.

Fifty-Seventh Congress Has Made Its Record and Has Passed



In the House Mr. Cannon Makes a Protest Against What He Termed "Legislative Blackmail" - Usual Resolution of Thanks to Speaker -President Holds Reception.

Washington, March 5.- The senate completed its record for the Fifty-seventh session of congress and adjourned at noon yesterday. The democrats, unlike their party colleagues in the house, moved a vote of thanks to the republican presiding officer. There were no demonstrations of enthusiasm in the closing hours. The senate, true to its traditions, adjourned quietly and with dignity. Gd. 01 000

Presiding Officer Thanked. With only a minute or two reme ing before adjournment, Senator Cock-rell (Mo.) rose and said it afforded him sincere pleasure to present to the senate a resolution expressing the appreciation of the senate of "the uniform courtesy, impartiality, ability and dignity with which our president pro tem. this senate."

Declared Adjourned. The resolution was agreed to, and Senator Frye thanked the senate for its action, speaking as follows: "I appreciate highly this expression of your confidence." I can only hope that in some regard se your presiding officer I may have merited it. May God's ben-ediction be with you all. Your presiding officer declares the senate adjourned sine die." gain oult agnote

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS. OF

Usual Scenes Incident to Final Ad-

journment Take Place. Washington, March 5.—In the house resterday the usual scenes attending the close of the session were enacted, except that there were no pressing measures at the close of the session which made it necessary to turn back the hands of the big clock which faces the speaker.

Ovation for Conson. Mr. Cannon, of Ilinois, who is to be speaker of the next house, received the first ovation. He was called to relieve Speaker Henderson, and as he received the gavel from him the house broke out into applause. Mr. Cannon modestly bowed acknowledgment of the demonstration, which was hearty and prolonged, but gave no verbal recognition.

Resolution of Thanks.

As soon as the speaker had retired from the chamber Mr. Payne, the republican floor leader, offered the usual resolution of thanks for the efficient and impartial manner in which he had presided over the house, and it was nothing new to report, saying that passed without a roll call, though 2 democrats showed a disposition to object. The resolution is as follows:

"Resolved, That the thanks of this house are presented to David B. Henderson, speaker of the house of representatives, for the able, impartial and dignified manner in which he has presided over its deliberations and performed the arduous and important term of congress.'

Sing National Anthem. Speaker Henderson was visibly affected when he delivered his valedictory. It was largely an appeal to immense demonstration. When the house was finally declared adjourned sine die at 12:02 p. m., the whole membership united in singing the national anthem. The members, still singing, then filed down to the speaker's rostrum to bid the speaker fare-

Number of Bills. Washington, Murch 5.—The number of bills introduced during the Fiftyseventh congress aggregated 17,560, of which 3,918 were reported and more than 2,000 passed. The house calendar is clearer at the close of this congress than it ever has been before, only 78 bills remaining undisposed of. Fifteen members of the house died during the congress just closed, a

PRAISES CONGRESS.

President Sends Letter of Congress lation to Speaker Henderson Washington, March 5 .- President Roosevelt yesterday afternoon sent a letter, of which the following is a copy, to David B. Henderson, late speaker of the house of representatives:

"White House, Washington, March 4. 1903.—My Dear Mr. Speaker: As I did not see you to-day at the capitol, I wish to write you a line to congratulate you on the work accomplished by the congress which has just closed. There were certain measures of importance, the failure to act upon which I greatly regretted, but it is nevertheless true that, taken as a whole, no other congress of recent years has to Its credit a record of more substantial | 525 from David J. Stewart two years achievement for the public good than ago. Wood was arrested in this city this, over the lower branch of which you presided. I congratulate you and it, and I wish you well wherever your future may lead you. Sincerely yours, "THEODORE ROOSEVELT,"

To Sell Lincoln Homestead, Hodgenville, Ky., March 7.-The old

Lincoln homestead near here, the birthplace of Abraham Lincoln, will probably be sold under the hammer within a few weeks. Several years ago the old log cabin in which Lincoln was born was taken to the Buffalo exposition. A large flagpole is the only remaining thing marking the birthplace of the martyr.

IN EXTRA SESSION.

lenate Convenes in Obedience to the President's Proclamation-Thirty Senators Sworn Are In.

Washington, March 6 .- In obedience to the president's proclamation the senate of the Fifty-eighth congress convened in extraordinary session at noon yesterday. President Pro Tem. Frye called the body to order and the oath was administered to senators who take office for six years. Of these 17 were received as follows:

Allison (Ia.), Clay (Ga.), Billingham (Vt.), Fairbanks (Ind.), Foraker (O.), Gallinger (N. H.), Hansbrough (N. D.), Kittredge (S. D.), McEnery (La.), Mallory (Fla.), serving on appointment until the legislature press; Penrose (Pa.), Perkins (Cal.), Pettus (Ala.), Platt (Conn.), Platt (N.Y.), Spooner (Wis.), Teller (Col.).

The oath was administered to the following 13 new senators: Ankeny (Wesh'), Clarke (Ark.), Fulton (Ore.) Gorman (Md.), Heyburn (Idaho), Hopkins (Id.), Latimer (S. C.), Long (Kan.), McCreary (Ky.), Newlands (Nev.), Overman (N. C.), Smoot (Utah),

After listening to speeches answer ing Congressman Cannon's charge of 'legislative blackmail," an executive session was held and all the treaties were referred to the committee on for eign relations. Adjourned to Monday.

NEGRO PLANS FOR 1904.

"Roosevelt's Invincibles" Organised in New York to Work for President's Renomination.

New York, March 7 .- The attitude assumed by President Roosevelt to-ward the negro has been indorsed in a rousing mass meeting of colored peo-ple held in the Bethel Methodist Episcopal church in this city, at which Bishop W. B. Derrick made a stirring appeal to his people to turn their eyes to the "door of hope opened by the president" to the black race. The mention of the name of the president by the speaker drew forth tremendous applause from both men and women. The bishop indulged in a bitter denunciation of Senator Tillman, of South

The meeting was the first step toward the formation of "Roosevelt's Invincibles," which organization will favor the renomination of President Roosevelt. Bishop Derrick will speak in Philadelphia on a similar mission, and will address the colored men in many of the principal cities of the country and organize them into local branches of "Roosevelt's Invincibles," who will use every effort toward placing the colored men as delegates in the next national convention.

LABOR'S BIG LEGAL BATTLE.

Attorneys for Trainmen and Firemen on Wabash Preparing to Have Injunction Dissolved.

St. Louis, March 6 .- No change in the Wabash situation developed Thursday. President Ramsey had and that the matter of a strike was now up to the United States courts. Some progress was made by the union leaders, who have secured as associate counsel F. N. Judson, a prominent attorney of this city, to aid their lawyers, Messrs. Pinney and Irwin, in the preparation of the motion and affidavits to be filed in Judge duties of the chair during the present Adams' court for the purpose of securing the dissolution of his sweeping injunction. These formal papers, which will be carefully prepared, will not be ready for presentation for several days. Until then there patriotism, and was greeted with an will be no change in the situation, it is believed.

STRUCK ON A TRESTLE.

Mother and Daughter Killed and An other Girl and a Boy Fatally all Injured by Train.

Springfield, O., March 6 .- Mrs. John Greenwood and her three childrengirls, aged 16 and 12, and a boy aged 1-while walking across the Big Four restle west of the city, at 7:15 o'clock Thursday a. m., were struck by local Cincinnati freight No. 55, south-bound. The mother and the oldest girl were instantly killed and the other two were fatally injured.

Michigan Republicans. Detroit, Mich., March 7 .- Judge Frank A. Hooker, of Charlotte, was renominated for justice of the supreme court of this state for a term of ten years by the republican state convention yesterday and for regents of the University of Michigan Peter White, of Marquette, and Loyal E. Knappen, of Grand Rapids, were nominated. The platform reaffirms allegiance to republican principles and policies and indorses the administration of President Roosevelt and Gov. Bliss.

Fugitive Captured. Los Angeles, Cal., March 7.— Deputy Sheriff Thomas V. Morrison, of Cook county, Illinois, left for Chicago Friday with Elton M. Wood, indicted for the embezzlement of \$32,practically in destitute circumstances.

Noted Adventist Dead. Battle Creek, Mich., March 7.—Elder Uriah Smith, for 55 years continuously the editor of the Adventist Review and Herald, and an author who is known all over the world among that denom-ination died suddenly applies home here

Friday afternoon.

Wanted a Monarchy. Washington, March 7.-The war department has published captured Philthe American forces.

Senator Allison Makes a Statement Concerning Appropriations Made by Fifty Seventh Congress.

Once move to less pleased THE TOTAL AMOUNT IS \$1,554,108,518.

Comparison with the Previous Congress Shows an Increase of \$118,-\$19,080 Items Showing for What Purpose a Large Portion of the Mency: Was: Appropriated in 8021

Washington, March 5. Senator Allison, chairman of the committee on appropriations, has made a statement regarding the amount of money appropriated by the present congress as compared with the appropriations of the Fifty-sixth congress. The to-tal appropriation for the present congress, he stated, was \$1,554,108,518, as compared with \$1,440,489,438 for the Fifty-sixth congress.

Itowas a curious, but necessary thing, he said, to make this comparison more in detail than by a mere statement of aggregates. The first and most important item included in this statement for the present congress is an appropriation of \$50,130, 000 for the Panama canal, which, he said, accounts for nearly one-half of the increase.

The Postal Service.

KNAPP'S LAST VICTIM.

lody Taken from the River at New Albany, Ind., Identified as His Third Wife.

New Albany, Ind., March 4.-Trebly identified by Charles Goddard, her uncle; Edward King, the brother-in-Kuemmerling, chief of police of Hamilton, O,, the body of Hannah Goddard Knapp, the third wife and fifth victim of Alfred Knapp, was on Tuesday taken to Hamilton, O. Though not the slightest doubt remained in the minds of anyone concerned as to the identity of the woman found floating in the Ohio river opposite here Monday, the three men, in order to make assurance doubly sure, and to avoid any possibility of

mistake, came to New Albany. Hamilton, O., March 5 .- The reason for the making of all of his confessions was given by Knapp to his sister, Mrs. Sadie Wenzell, Wednesday. The pris-oner harbors ill will against his sister, Mary King, and her husband, and does not attempt to conceal it when he charges that they betrayed him. "They told on me," he said, "so I just thought that I would tell everything, and if they were looking for disgrace they could have the disgrace of it all. I hope they are satisfied now.

VICTIM OF CANCER.

Capt. William Winder, Veteran of Mexican and Civil Wars, Dies die blu tears roll

Omaha, Neb., March 7.-Capt. Wil There is also, he said, an aggregate liam A. Winder, one of the most appropriation for the post office department of \$153,401,849 for the next west, died of cancer at his apart-

Trom the different cazas poull druons to Pills Millions are always be at the store windows of at work high and day, curing



Congress Also Sees His Shadow.

000,000 for the current year, making aged 80. Capt. Winder won fame on a difference of more than \$50,000,000 the battlefields of the Mexican and the last congress for the postal service. This, he explained, arises from department at Rosebud Agency, S. the enormous increase in expendi- D. He was a brother-in-law of Adtures caused by increased postal miral George Dewey, and has a son, business. Then, too, he said, the ru- William Winder, who is in command ral free delivery service required of the Michigan, now stationed at silver money, and the appropriation large sums. There was, he said, a Eric, Pa. He leaves a widow who was smaller deficiency than there has a daughter of ex-Gov. Goodwin, of been in many years in the postal re-

Rivers and Harbors.

He called attention to the fact that the last congress passed no river and harbor bill. In the first session of this congress, he said, \$27,000,000 was appropriated for rivers and harbors. in addition to which \$20,000,000 was appropriated in the sundry civil bill for earrying out contracts. He said that while it appears that the appropriations of this congress have been largely in excess of those of the last congress, the increase is chiefly made up of three items, namely, the \$50,000,000 for the Panama canal, the in creased appropriation of \$50,000,000 for the postal service, and the river and harbor appropriations.

He concluded by saying that the people of the country indorse these items of increase, and that the opposite political party concurred in

Itemised Expenditures.

Agriculture, \$5,978,160; army, \$78, 138,752; diplomatic and consular. \$1. 968,250; District of Columbia, \$8,647,-497; fortifications, \$7,188,416; Indians, \$8,512,950; legislative, executive and judicial, \$27,595,953; military academy, \$653,248; navy, \$81,877,291; pensions, \$139,847,600; sundry civil, \$82,272,955; deficiencies, \$21,561,572. Permanent annual appropriations, \$132,589,820; miscellaneous, \$3,250,000.

Takes His Place on Bench. Washington, March 3 .- William P. Day, the new associate justice of the United States supreme court, sat with the court for the first time yesterday. The ceremony of initation was in accordance with the usual practice of the court.

The Beatle Point

The Public Debt. Washington, March 3 .- The month ly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business ippine insurgent telegrams, showing February 28, 1903, the debt, less cash that the leaders intended to establish in the treasury, amounted to \$937,a monarchy in the event of crushing | 972,898, which is a decrease as compared with January 31 of \$5,969,665.

has been allotting agent of the land the Philippine islands. New Hampshire. The body will be ceipts as compared with the expenditaken to Portsmouth, N. H., for intermentallal enside and

Maniewill Resist Demands.

New York, March 5 .- The structural iron manufacturers of the United States, with a combined capital of more than \$1,000,000,000, have combined to resist the demands of their employes for increased wages. As a result, between 300,000 and 400.-000 workmen in the building trades throughout the country may be thrown out of employment on May 1. The demands for increased wages will be refused in every city of importance in the United States.

A Veteran Dies. Indianapolis, Ind., March 4.—Maj. Gen. Robert Sanford Foster died yesterday afternoon after a hingering illness. He was a quartermaster general of Indiana at the time of his death, and by proclamation of the governor his body will lie in state and business will be generally suspended. The legislature will take action. Gen. Foster was one of the distinguished generals ranks.

Celebrated at 104 Years. Norristown, N. J. March 5 .- Presniversary Wednesday. Until recently newspapers and periodicals. Garland receives a small United States pension. He was born a slave in Lynchburg, Va. He served under Gen. But-

amount involved was \$11,302,029.

The Pope Honored. Rome, March 4 .- It is estimated that

Brief Summary of the Important Legislation Enacted by the Mational Assembly

By Percy J. . Wrebshote RECORD MADE PASSED INTO HISTORY.

Commerce One of the Most Notable Acts-Laws on Bublecto of Trucks, Army, Navy and Philippince, Are Full of Interest.

Washington, March 2.- The work of this session of congress, the closing of which marks the expiration of the Fifty-seventh congress, has now come to an end, and a summary of the legislation enacted during the two sessions makes an interesting showing. The Fifty-seventh has been a busy congress and important results

have been obtained.

Among the acts of this session is that creating the department of commerce and labor and adding another eabinet officer to the president's official family. That department, with George B. Cortelyou, late secretary to the president, at its head, is now in process of organization.

Auti-Rebate Law. Another important piece of legislation is the anti-rebate act, commonly known as the Elkins law. Another bill was passed which enables the attorney general to expedite suits brought under the Sherman anditrust law, and incorporated in the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation act is a provision which places at the immediate disposal of the attorney general the sum cof \$500,000 to better equip him for the enforcement of the anti-trust laws

now existing. Coal Duty Suspended. One of the first acts of this session was the suspension of the tariff on coal of all kinds coming from

foreign country. Legislation of importance to the army and navy was enacted. A general staff corps has been provided for the United States army, the duties of which are to prepare plans for the defense of the country and for the mobilization of the armies of the United States in times of war, as well as to render professional aid to the secretary of war and the general

officers of the army.

The militia bill provides for the general organization of the militia of the United States and makes, it available when its services may be required by the government.

The naval appropriation bill, which has passed both houses, provides for a material increase in the personnel of the navy to meet the growing demands for officers and men; also for an increase in the number of war,

Relief for Philippines. Measures of great importance; to ne Philippines have been ado An appropriation of \$3,000,000 was made to relieve the distress and suffering caused by the ravages of disease among the water buffalo in the islands, upon which the natives are almost wholly dependent in the purfiscal year, as compared with \$138, ments at the Millard hotel Friday, suit of agriculture, and distress resulting from the shortage of crops due to war and other causes. A curin excess of the appropriations by civil wars, and for eighteen years rency system has been provided for

> rore Hawaii Aided. Of importance to Hawaii is the act passed at this session for the redemption by the United States of Hawaiian to pay judgments growing out of the

suppression of bubonic plague-The sundry civil bill makes appropriations for carrying forward river and harbor work and federal building construction, while the omnibus public building bill, now pending, au-thorizes a large number of new buildings throughout the United States.

Anarchy Law Passed. The anarchy bill, providing for the protection of the president, whas passed both houses and conferees have agreed upon it.

The bankruptcy law was amended, and a number of bills affecting public lands were passed. In addition, a large number of bills of interest to different localities have been passed, together with a considerable number of private pension bills. A new building to cost \$1,500,000 has been authorized for the department of agriculture.

Adopted at First Session Among the acts of the Fiftyseventh congress which were adopted at the first session are the following: Authorizing the construction of an isthmian canal; providing civil govof the civil war, having risen from the ernment for the Philippines; providing revenue for the Philippines; extending Chinese exclusion laws; repeal of war taxes; extending charton Garland (colored) celebrated his ters of national banks; creating a one hundred and fourth birthday an permanent census bureau; providing a system for the irrigation of the he had been a constant reader of the arid lands of the west; providing a consular and diplomatic service for Cuba.

Names Battleships. Washington, March 6. - The presiler in the civil war.

February Failures.

New York, March 5.—R. G. Dun & Co. reports 1,030 commercial failures during February, with liabilities of \$10,907,446 igniest 1,101 in the corresponding month of 1902, when the amount involved was \$11,302,029.

Old Journal Suspends. Berlin, March 5.-The Frankfurter Journal, one of the oldest newspa-75,000 persons actively participated in pers in Germany, has suspended pubcelebrating yesterday the twenty-fifth | lication. Its age is not known, but anniversary of the coronation of Pope | the paper was first mentioned in