

Cooperstown Courier.

Ferry A. Trubshaw, Publisher.

COOPERSTOWN, N. DAKOTA

The birth rate in England and Wales last year was 28.6 per 1,000 of the population, slightly higher than in 1901, but lower than in any other year on record. The death rate was 16.3 per 1,000, and was the lowest on record. The natural increase of the population by excess of births over deaths was 405,729.

The American consul at Paris says in his report for the last fiscal year: "Works of art and paintings aggregating \$7,000,000 have been invoiced at his office, and costumes and dresses to a total of \$8,000,000. Yet the United States comes only fourth on the list of nations purchasing French productions."

According to the latest taxation reports, the number of Prussian millionaires has increased from 6,016 in 1899 to 6,601 in 1902, or 9.7 per cent. But they are millionaires in marks, a million marks being little more than \$250,000. Only 791 are millionaires in dollars, and but two are worth as much as \$25,000,000.

The Marquis of Anglesey was visiting an orphan home in Sweden a few months ago, when suddenly a little girl laid hold upon his arm and addressed him as "daddy." Without hesitation he accepted the situation invented by the infant, prevailed upon the authorities to let him adopt her, and she is now at Anglesey castle.

The excavations at Nippur revealed not only the oldest sanctuary, library and school that are known to the present time, but also the most ancient archeological museum. In an upper stratum of the library mound the first museum known to history was unearthed. The collector lived about the time of Belshazzar and his specimens were antiquities then.

D. M. Clemenson, of the Carnegie Steel company, has purchased Highmount, the Pittsburg (Pa.) home of Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States steel corporation. The purchase price was \$298,000. Mr. Schwab paid for the property, about four years ago, \$250,000, and had spent a considerable sum in improving it.

The only direct descendant of Robert Burns is a clerk in a Chicago shipping office. He is Robert Burns Hutchinson, and his descent from the poet is unquestioned. His mother, Sarah Burns, was a daughter of Lieut.-Col. James Glencairn Burns, the third son of Robert Burns and Jean Armour. He was born at Cheltenham, but crossed the water in 1891, when he married Miss Mabel Burnand. Their little daughter, Dorothea Burns Hutchinson, is the next in the straight line from the poet.

Acetylene offers great facilities for raising wrecks. The very fact that acetylene gas is generated in the presence of water renders it specially adapted to the purpose, and a wrecking system has been devised depending entirely upon acetylene for its lifting power. As yet only small boats have been raised by this method, but these instances have been very successful, and there is no inherent reason why the same method should not be applied to the raising of vessels of any size.

Edward Willis, an old soldier, who resides in Macon, Mo., was immersed the other night by Rev. A. R. Adams, pastor of the Christian Church, with which Mr. Willis recently united. Owing to the convert's poor health, a baptism was arranged out of a bath tub and the service held in his home. Mr. Willis served with Company H, Ninth Missouri cavalry, during the Civil War, and is sixty years of age. His wife has also become a convert to the Christian faith, and was baptized at the church.

For the sake of a wager a remarkable feat of horsemanship was some years ago accomplished by a sporting nobleman in a certain London mansion. He made a bet with a friend that he would ride his pony from the ground floor of the house to the top and down again. His steed required a good deal of persuasion to attempt the task, but it was finally performed, though the damage done to the stair carpets and other things amounted to almost \$1,000, which had to be paid by the winner.

As is generally known Senator Hanna is inordinately fond of corn beef hash, and whenever he takes lunch at the capitol restaurant he orders that dish, which he has taught the cook to prepare in a manner peculiarly his own. As a result he has had many imitators and "corned beef a la Hanna" is a favorite luncheon dish with many senators. When Shaw, the head waiter of the senate restaurant, wants it prepared with unusual care he orders it this way: "One corned beef hash for Senator Hanna."

There are some places with curious names in the United Kingdom, as will be seen on reference to the Post Office Guide. The following places with names significant to our readers will be found in the issue for this year: Hospital, Orphan Homes, Hydropathic, The Ward, Bath, Nunnage, The Chart, Great Chart, Cotton, Sheet, Wool, Screen, Shelf, Pill, Glass, Swallow, Lancing, Sound, Salt, Steel, Rump, Burn, Gavel, Stones, Scales, Mumps, Knocks, Great Snoring, Healing, Back, Hand, Ham, Leggs, Eye, Tongue and Coldbackle Tongue.

WELCOME TO GOLDEN GATE

President Roosevelt Reaches San Francisco and is Given a Most Hearty Greeting.

STREETS LINED FOR MILES WITH PEOPLE

Speaks at a Banquet on Good Citizenship and Finance, and Declares Himself Heartily in Favor of Expansion—Goes Slight-Seeing in the Yosemite Valley.

San Francisco, May 13.—Heartier greeting was never given a president of the United States than that offered yesterday by the city of San Francisco to Theodore Roosevelt. Through miles and miles of densely packed, cheering, patriotically enthused humanity, the nation's chief passed bowing his acknowledgments.

Speaks at a Banquet.

The president was banqueted at night at the Palace hotel by the citizens' committee. During his address President Roosevelt said:

"There are immense possibilities of growth for all our states from one end of the union to the other. In this growth, in keeping and increasing our prosperity, the most important factor must be the character of our citizenship. Nothing can take the place of the average quality of energy, thrift, business enterprise and amity in our community as a whole.

Tariff and Finance.

"But in addition thereto we must have wise legislation and upright and honest enforcement of the laws. We have attained our present position of economic well-being and of leadership in the international business world under a tariff policy in which I think that our people as a whole have acquiesced as essentially wise alike from the standpoint of the manufacturer, the merchant, the farmer and the wage worker. Doubtless as our needs shift it will be necessary to re-apply in its detail this system so as to meet these shifting needs.

"In financial matters we are to be congratulated upon having definitely determined that our currency system should rest upon a gold basis; for to follow any other course would have meant disaster so widespread that it would be difficult to overestimate it. There is, however, unquestionably need of enacting further financial legislation so as to provide for greater elasticity in our currency system. At present there are certain seasons during which the rigidity of our currency system causes a stringency which is very unfortunate in its effects.

Visits the Troops.

San Francisco, May 14.—President Roosevelt arose early yesterday, and at nine o'clock left the Palace hotel escorted by a squadron of cavalry and drove through the Presidio and had a glance at the buildings, the barracks of the different troops and the new fortifications which stand at the entrance to the harbor and command the bay. He complimented Gen. MacArthur and other high officials on the excellent showing of the men and the splendid appearance of the garrison.

McKinley Monument Dedicated.

On the return the party halted at the Baker street entrance of Golden Gate park, where a large crowd was waiting to watch the president turn his shovelful of dirt for the McKinley monument. In his remarks the president said: "It is not too much to say that no man since Lincoln was so widely, universally loved in this country as was President McKinley, for it was given to him not only to rise to the most exalted station, but to typify in his character and conduct those virtues which every American citizen, worthy of the name, liked to regard as typically American."

Must Rule the Pacific.

At night at the Mechanics' pavilion the president in an address declared that the United States must rule the Pacific ocean, and become practically the greatest of world powers. Amid the enthusiasm of an audience of thousands he extolled the expansion of the nation territorially and in influence. He said this expansion had only fairly begun. Having seen the Pacific ocean, he could not understand how any American could be anything but an expansionist. He thought the Philippines had been brought providentially under the authority of the United States and Americans must see to it that they fulfill the design shown by the acquirement of island possessions.

Leaves San Francisco.

San Francisco, Cal., May 15.—President Roosevelt yesterday morning took part in the dedication of the monument to the heroes of Manila and then hurried to Berkeley, where the degree of doctor of laws was conferred upon him by the University of California. After the ceremonies there was a trip made to Oakland and the Mare island navy yards. The day was ended here with a banquet at the University club, after which the president started for the Yosemite valley.

Among the Big Trees.

Wawona, Cal., May 16.—President Roosevelt arrived here yesterday on his way to the Yosemite, making the trip from Raymond by stage. He reached the entrance of the Mariposa big tree grove at four o'clock, where he was met by a detachment of horse and two forest rangers with two saddle horses. The president rode among the grand sequoias and through the park on horseback. He is camping in the big tree country, and will remain secluded until Monday.

The United States government is unable to protest to Russia against the massacre of Jews.

JEW BLAME RUSSIA.

Charge That Officials Aided in the Butchery of Men and Women at Kishineff.

London, May 15.—The victims in the Kishineff massacre number 1,000 according to the latest information received by the Jewish Chronicle of London. Of these at least 65 were killed and more than 300 maimed or crippled for life. The damage to property is estimated at about \$510,000.

The Jewish Chronicle says: "We charge the Russian government with the responsibility for the Kishineff massacre. If Europe does not on the present occasion dissociate itself from the leprous taint of this barbarian power it writes its humanity down as a sham and its civilization as organized hypocrisy.

"The massacre was organized and abetted by Russian authorities. The killing and pillaging were done under cover of the troops and the police. During the two days the massacre lasted the governor did not leave his house. Telegraphic communication with St. Petersburg was stopped."

BIG FIGHT BEGUN.

Movement Started by Retail Grocers to Boycott Goods Sold in Department Stores.

Milwaukee, May 15.—A commercial war which, it is said, will extend throughout the country, has been started by the grocers of this city against manufacturers who allow their goods to be sold or demonstrated in department stores. The Retail Grocers' association of Milwaukee, a member of the national association, has passed resolutions not to handle products of manufacturers that are placed in department stores.

Henry W. Schwab, president of the Milwaukee Retail Grocers' association, says the action is the beginning of an open warfare against department stores of the country that enter into competition with the retail grocers by conducting grocery departments. He predicts that the action of Milwaukee grocers will be followed by every one of the 41 states in which the national association has branches.

A SCORE KILLED.

Labor Riots in Valparaiso Cause Loss of Life and Property—City Under Martial Law.

Santiago de Chile, May 14.—Rioting at Valparaiso continued Wednesday. Owing, however, to the strong repressive measures taken by the government, the outbreaks were less intense than on Tuesday. Martial law still prevails. Revised reports place the number of rioters killed at 20. The property damage is great. Several buildings were burned and the Esplanade was destroyed.

A detachment of 3,000 troops has been dispatched to Valparaiso to quell the disorder. The government has refused all offers to compromise the difficulties, and is determined to adopt the sternest measures to restore order.

BODY EXHUMED.

Remains of Agatha Reichlin, Murdered Near Lorain, O., Taken from Grave and Examined.

Lorain, O., May 15.—The remains of Agatha Reichlin were exhumed at the Catholic cemetery yesterday, one mile north of Elyria, in order to settle the question raised as to whether the young woman had been choked as well as struck with a stone on the head. Discolorations were found on the right wrist and upon the neck, a dark blue tinge beneath the right eye. At the conclusion of the examination, Coroner French said that the marks found were the same he had seen at the post-mortem, but that at this time it was impossible to say how they had been caused.

Vote for Saloons.

Concord, N. H., May 13.—Every one of New Hampshire's 11 cities yesterday voted to grant licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquor for the coming year. Of the 135 towns so far heard from 100 went for no license and the remainder in favor. This was the first time the people of the cities and towns had voted on license under the recently adopted repeal of the state prohibition law.

Drank Moonshine Whisky.

Hot Springs, Ark., May 16.—Joe Adair, Wash Turner and Dave Preddy are dead and John Spivey cannot live as the result of having partaken too freely of moonshine whisky distilled in the mountains of this and Montgomery county. Some of the whisky examined showed that something like concentrated lye had been mixed with the liquor and officers are investigating.

Strike at a Funeral.

Toledo, O., May 14.—During the funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Mary Kamm here, the drivers of hacks struck and refused to work, because the hearse was driven by a non-union man. The officiating undertakers filled the strikers' places.

Beaten by Burglars.

Freeport, Ill., May 16.—Ernest Stock, a farmer residing near Pearl City, in this county, was badly beaten by burglars. It is known that he always had several thousand dollars in the house. It is not known how much was taken.

Recruiting Stopped.

Washington, May 16.—Recruiting in the navy has been suspended for the present owing to the prevalence of contagious diseases at various training stations and aboard receiving ships on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts.

RESULT OF INDIANA FEUD.

Rivalry of Youths in Two Towns Believed to Have Caused Murder of Two.

PRETTY GIRL IS THE CAUSE OF TROUBLE

Indications Are That Both Young Men Were Assassinated by Parties from Ambush—Report That Threats Had Been Made to Take Their Lives.

Kokomo, Ind., May 13.—A bitter feud between the young men of Oakford and Hemlock, two small towns in this county, is responsible for the death of Louis Yeager and Francis Sutton of the first named town. Yeager was shot Sunday night and Sutton three weeks ago.

Yeager is thought to have been shot from ambush while driving home in his buggy from a visit with his sweetheart in Hemlock. The investigation has progressed far enough to disclose that such is the case. It also proves, beyond reasonable doubt, that Francis Sutton, another young man of Oakford, who was found dead in his buggy one night two weeks ago, was also assassinated.

Cause of the Trouble. Rivalry for the affections of the pret-

A TIMELY WORD OF CAUTION.



Common Sense—"Do Not Break That Bond."

tiest girl in the county, Miss Myrtle Finley, of Hemlock, is said to be responsible for the feud that is as bitter as any ever waged in Kentucky or the mountains of Carolina.

Miss Finley looked with favor on Yeager, and they were rumored to be engaged. Sutton was the accepted suitor of Miss Stella Peters, a close friend and confidant of Miss Finley. The young men, according to Miss Finley, often had been warned to keep away from Hemlock, or they would be "done up." Once, indeed, did the swains of Hemlock threaten Yeager in the presence of his betrothed.

Their Lives Threatened.

The evidence has disclosed that Yeager and Sutton, who resided at Oakford, eight miles south of here, were close friends, and both realized their danger in calling on their sweethearts at Hemlock, three miles away.

Their lives had been threatened by the Hemlock young men, who took offense at their attentions to the Hemlock girls. A feud has existed for years between the boys of the two villages. Two weeks ago Sutton was slain in his buggy, and Sunday night Yeager fell a victim to the assassins.

Four Arrested.

Kokomo, Ind., May 14.—Four men, Louis, Frank and Dillard Eades, and Logan Ingalls, were arrested late yesterday afternoon, charged with the murder of Louis Yeager, whose dead body was found last Monday morning in a carriage near the home of his father. The four men under arrest were lodged in the Kokomo jail. A large crowd of excited men soon surrounded the jail, but no threats of violence were heard.

Was Lured to Death.

Kokomo, Ind., May 16.—From developments in the case it seems that Yeager was lured to his death by a woman. The four men, Louis, Frank and Dillard Eades and Logan Ingalls, who were arrested charged with the crime, and each released on bail at the hearing, may be taken into custody again. It is alleged they committed the murder at the request of a jealous, angered or revengeful woman, who lured Yeager from his sweetheart's home last Sunday night in order that he might be slain.

Corn Washed out.

Sioux City, Ia., May 12.—Much damage has followed heavy rains in this vicinity. Country roads are impassable, great damage has been done in towns by the flooding of basements, and the corn already planted is generally washed out. Streams are swollen out of their banks.

Death of a Poet.

New York, May 13.—Richard Henry Stoddard, the American poet and author and the last member of his family, died at his home in this city yesterday, aged 78 years.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Three Persons Lose Their Lives and Many More Are Seriously Hurt in a Fire in Chicago.

Chicago, May 16.—Three persons met death, two were probably fatally injured and many more less seriously hurt in a fire which destroyed the Westchester apartment building, 5017 to 2025 Cottage Grove avenue, at five o'clock Friday morning. Twenty-seven families were rendered homeless. The bodies of Louisa Rhasea, aged 10, and Harry Struble, aged 50, were recovered, and the third is supposed to lie beneath the water and the wreckage which fill the basement.

Mrs. G. D. Hoffman and Louis Herbert were fatally injured and many persons were hurt in escaping from the burning building, but their injuries were cared for by physicians in the neighborhood and they did not seek the aid of the police. The blaze is believed to have started in the laundry in the basement of the building.

LABOR HITS BACK.

Secures a Sweeping Injunction Against the Business Men's Association in Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., May 13.—Judge Dickinson, in the district court, on application of John O. Yeliser, an attorney representing the labor unions, whose members are on strike, issued an injunction against the business men and

POISON LAID TO WOMAN.

Lizzie McCormick Arrested in Memphis for Sending Drugged Liquor to Cincinnati, Ohio.

LIQUID CAUSED THE DEATH OF ONE MAN

Four Others Were Made Seriously Ill—Jealousy Is Said to Have Been the Cause of the Deed—Accused and Accuser Tell of Bad Feeling Between Them.

Cincinnati, May 16.—The true story of the broken package of poisoned whisky, which caused the death of one and the serious illness of four other Adams Express company employes Wednesday night, has not yet been pieced together. There will be no further deaths as a result. The men are recovering rapidly.

Mrs. Lizzie McCormick, of Memphis, is accused of sending the package containing whisky. Mrs. Kate Nobbe, to whom the package was addressed, identified the handwriting as that of Mrs. McCormick and the local authorities requested her arrest at Memphis. It followed, as did also a promise from her to come to Cincinnati and face a charge of murder without any battle over the requisition.

Says Sender Was Jealous.

Mrs. Nobbe was before Chief of Police Milliky, but could do nothing more than repeat the statements which she had made to the police on the preceding night, in effect that Mrs. McCormick was jealous of her because of imagined attentions to the Cincinnati woman on the part of Edward Pell, a Memphis saloonkeeper.

The Memphis woman is tearful and indignant because of her arrest. She denies absolutely that she sent any package containing poisons by express to Mrs. Nobbe. She does say, however, that a parcel passed between her and the Cincinnati woman. It contained, she avers, a candy baby.

Were Once Friendly.

This happened, Mrs. McCormick claims, soon after Pell returned from a two weeks' Cincinnati visit. She avers that the baby was expressed to her by Mrs. Nobbe. She regarded it as an insult, she states, and promptly returned it. Since then she avers that she has never considered Mrs. Nobbe. Formerly they were quite friendly and corresponded regularly.

The Memphis police have as yet been unable to locate the person who placed the package of poison in the express office. The clerks were busy at the time and failed to notice whether it was a man or a woman.

Defends Accused Woman.

Saloonkeeper Pell told the police that the women became enemies because Mrs. McCormick came to keep house for him at his cottage, 7 Hampton place. He intends, he says, to furnish the woman with the best legal talent for her defense.

Research made by the police shows that Mrs. McCormick has been arrested three times. In each instance the trouble was caused by fits of jealousy on her part, and a woman figured in each case.

Charged with Murder.

Memphis, Tenn., May 16.—Detective J. A. Sweeney, of Cincinnati, arrived in the city yesterday morning with a warrant charging Mrs. Lizzie McCormick with the murder of the express company employe who died from the effects of drinking poisoned whisky from a package addressed to Miss Kate Nobbe, of that city.

Killed in Race War.

Laurel, Miss., May 16.—Blacks and whites are being slaughtered in a race war near Burns, in the northern part of Smith county. The whites are up in arms and are whipping and killing negroes wherever they find them. Up to noon yesterday one white man had been mortally wounded and several negroes killed and the war was spreading. The trouble was started by a negro leaving a crop which he had planted for white farmers.

Important Place for a Woman.

Washington, May 14.—The war department has received mail advices from Manila that Miss Floy Gilmore has been appointed assistant attorney general for the government in the Philippine islands. She is the first woman appointed to such an important legal position. She went to the Philippines as a stenographer and gained her present position by good work in the office of the attorney general.

Postmaster Loses His Life.

Kossuth, Ia., May 15.—Postmaster Hedges Thursday night was killed by an explosion of gunpowder, said to be accidental, which blew up the post office. Hedges was alone in the building at the time. Hedges said he was held up and robbed of post office funds several days ago. Officers of the post office department are investigating the case.

Signs Child Labor Bill.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 14.—Gov. Pennypacker has signed the child labor bill, which makes it unlawful to employ children under 16 years of age in and about the mines.

Two Thousand Homeless.

Ottawa, Ont., May 12.—About 250 houses destroyed, probably 2,000 people homeless and a financial loss of fully \$500,000 is the result of a conflagration in this city.

Negro Hanged.

Louisville, Ky., May 16.—John Black (colored) was executed here. He murdered his uncle, Archie James, a 65-year-old negro.