

# THE JURY FAILS TO AGREE

### After Thorough Consideration of Evidence They Are Unable to Reach a Verdict.

### NEXT TRIAL WILL BE AT CYNTHIANA.

Said That Majority of Jury Favored Acquittal, But at Least One Held Out—Name of Man Who Attempted to Bribe Ewen Known—Letter is to Speak at Lexington.

Jackson, Ky., June 20.—At eight o'clock Friday morning the jury in the Marcum murder trial fled into the courtroom and Foreman Richard Millard said: "Your honor, we find there is no chance of coming to an agreement."

Judge Redwine said: "I will have to keep you gentlemen together until Saturday night unless you get a verdict sooner. There is no reason why a verdict should not be reached in this case."

Juror Millard said: "One man has much right to his opinion as another and he may stick to it."

**Jury Discharged.**

It was believed from this that there was only one man between the verdict of guilty or not guilty and it was conceded that only one juror was then for conviction and it was said that the question of punishment had not been considered at all. Later the jury again reported it was unable to agree and shortly after nine o'clock it was discharged so that there will be another trial. The dominant faction evidently expected an acquittal, but there was at least one juror who would not so report.

The scene after the announcement was in no wise exciting. Some started to clap hands, but were stopped by the court. The guards took immediate possession of the prisoners and they were closely guarded back to jail. People gathered around the court house in knots discussing the case, but there was no disturbance, no outward sign of trouble. Jett and White are to be watched closely to prevent any sort of communication. It is feared there will be an attempt made to either rescue the prisoners or to dispose of them, but this is practically impossible on account of the guards. Maj. Allennum has the situation well in hand.

**Change of Venue Made.**

Attorney Byrd, after a consultation at ten o'clock, made a motion for a change of venue. Judge Redwine refused to hear arguments, but of his own accord changed the venue to Cynthiana, Harrison county, at the next term of court. Cynthiana is not in Judge Redwine's district. He surprised the spectators by at once ordering the prisoners sent to Lexington under a detachment of soldiers and accompanied by Elisor Jones. They left Jackson at two o'clock and were placed in the Lexington jail for safe keeping at seven o'clock at night.

**How Jury Stood.**

It is stated from another semi-official source that the jury stood 11 for conviction and one for acquittal in the Jett case and seven for conviction and five for acquittal in the White case. Fitzpatrick, the man who finally stood out for the acquittal of Jett, says he did not base his opinion on the arguments of the attorneys, but on the evidence in the case. He said there is in his mind not only a reasonable doubt of Jett's guilt, but there is also reason to believe that he had nothing to do with the murder of Marcum.

**Ewen to Address Mass Meeting.**

Lexington, Ky., June 20.—Capt. Ewen, on hearing what the judge had done, said he intended to remain here till Monday night and address the mass meeting, then either go to parts unknown or apply for board at the Lexington jail, where he can be safe. He said he was afraid he would be assassinated by Jackson men even here, and recalled the case of Hurst, assassinated here several years ago under similar circumstances. He went to Col. Breckenridge for advice, and will act largely on his suggestion. As Ewen is the only eye-witness against Jett and White who will testify, it is feared that he will be disposed of before the new trials at Cynthiana and he was warned from Jackson Friday.

**Troops Can Do No Good.**

Col. Roger Williams, in command of the state troops at Jackson, is of the opinion that it will do no good to keep state troops at Jackson longer to protect lives or property. It has been demonstrated pretty well that the militia, no matter how vigilant, cannot prevent assassination or arson. Under existing conditions Tom Baker, while in camp with troops, was shot from the sheriff's house at Manchester, and the assassin escaped before the troops could surround the building. "We could not protect him unless we kept him covered up. He stood out in front of his tent against our warning and was shot. We had watched Ewen's house at Jackson constantly, even while he was in hiding up the Lexington & Eastern railroad. He thought it best to withdraw his guard and come to camp and then his house was burned. When the feudists desire to burn or kill in Jackson all the troops in the state cannot prevent it. We, of course, can possibly deter it in a manner by taking away to a degree the protection afforded assassins and incendiaries."

**Name of Briber Known.**

State Inspector Hines went to Frankfort Friday, returning from his investigations of the conditions at Jackson. He was expected to make

his report to Gov. Beckham Friday. He has the name of the man who went to Witness B. J. Ewen and offered him \$5,000 to testify before the trial court so that Curtis Jett would not be named as the murderer of J. B. Marcum. Ewen told Judge Hines also the names of the men who were secreted in a closet and heard the conversation. They were seen by Judge Hines and corroborated Ewen's statements.

**Statement of Gov. Beckham.**

Frankfort, Ky., June 20.—Gov. Beckham was asked on the information of the news from Jackson what he would do, if anything, in the matter of a trial. He said: "I cannot at this time say what I will do. I must refuse to make any statement at this time."

It was learned here that Judge Redwine had agreed now to try the cases at Cynthiana, but it is thought the governor will insist on some other trial judge.

## PAYNE RECEIVES A REPORT.

Assistant Attorney General Makes Statement Regarding Ryan Case, But It Is Not Made Public.

Washington, June 20.—Postmaster General Payne has received a report from Assistant Attorney General Robb in reply to the former's request for a statement whether the decision of the post office department in the Ryan Turf Investment company, signed by Former Acting Assistant Attorney General Christianity, is in accordance with the law and the facts. Mr. Payne is not yet ready to make the report public. Mr. Christianity is still under suspension. Postal officials are in touch with him and it is believed that final disposition of his case is delayed with a view to securing further information from him concerning the administration of his office.

Postmaster General Payne has not announced his final action on the appeal of Former Superintendent Metcalfe, of the money order system, for a suspension of the order of dismissal, but the disposition of the appeal is foreshadowed by a suggestion from Mr. Payne that Mr. Metcalfe was convicted on his own statement at a full hearing.

## FLOOD SITUATION.

Water Rapidly Receding at East St. Louis and Vicinity, and Business Being Resumed.

St. Louis, June 20.—The water is receding rapidly from the flooded districts in East St. Louis and vicinity. In East St. Louis business is approaching the normal stage. The National stock yards and its industries and many of the manufacturing plants about the city have resumed operation. In the shipping yards the railroads have gangs of men repairing tracks and trains are being moved. Passenger traffic from St. Louis to the east has in a measure been resumed from union station, but it will probably be a few more days before schedule time is resumed. Venice, Granite City and Madison are still submerged, but the water is now very shallow and will probably have receded within the next two days sufficiently to permit the beginning of cleaning operations in those towns. The latest estimates show that the flood directly or indirectly caused the death of 17 persons in East St. Louis and vicinity. Fourteen were drowned and three were shot for river thievery.

## Wage Scale Signed.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 20.—The wage scale of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers for the ensuing year was signed Friday by the officials of the Carnegie Steel company for the American steel hoop plants. This is the first time an amalgamated scale has been signed by the Carnegie Steel company since 1889, and was due to the recent merging of the American Steel Hoop company with the Carnegie company. All of the companies controlled by the United States Steel corporation have now signed wage scales for the year beginning July 1, with the Amalgamated association and there will be no stoppage at any of the plants on account of wage disputes.

## Inquiry Begun.

New York, June 20.—The federal grand jury in Brooklyn Friday commenced an inquiry into the sale of cash registers to the United States government for use in post offices. Those subpoenaed to testify include Post Office Inspectors James F. Oldfield and Frank E. Little, Winfield Scott Strawn, a former agent for the Brandt cash register concern; Edward J. Brandt, and Robert Dent, of the Brandt company.

## Cruiser Chattanooga Seized.

Washington, June 20.—Secretary Moody Friday received a dispatch from Elizabethport, N. J., announcing the seizure by the sheriff, of the cruiser Chattanooga now building at the yard of the New York Shipbuilding company, one of the companies of the United States Shipbuilding company. The secretary took the telegram to the cabinet meeting where the subject was discussed.

## Made Chief of Staff.

Washington, June 20.—Secretary Root Friday issued an order assigning Maj. Gen. S. B. M. Young as chief of staff, with Maj. Gen. Henry C. Corbin and Brig. Gen. William H. Carter as the other general staff officers. Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss is to become president of the war college. The order will take effect August 15.

## First American Child.

New York, June 20.—Advice from Guam announces the birth there of the first American child on the island. It is a girl and its father is Paymaster Ryan. The christening was marked by a big celebration in which the entire community joined.

# NORTH DAKOTA NEWS

## The Winners.

The closing contests of the firemen's tournament were held at Wahpeton. The first prize in the hook and ladder race was won by Holden of Fargo, time 6 2-3 seconds; second by Simmer of Wahpeton, time 6 3-5 seconds; third by Flynn of Cooperstown, time 6 4-5. In the wet hose test, 200 yards, Larimore won first prize, time 48 seconds; Valley City won second in 56 seconds, and Wimbledon third in 66 1-5 seconds. In the coupling contest, Lakota won first time in 5 seconds, Wimbledon second in 5 2-5, Larimore third in 6 1/2. The combination hose cart and hook and ladder races, the hose cart making 150 yards and the hook and ladders 100 yards, was won as follows: First Cooperstown and Valley City, 45 1/2 seconds; second, Larimore and Fargo, 49 seconds; third, Wimbledon and Wahpeton, 50 2-3 seconds.

## A Rich Tramp.

Three men, who it is learned had arrived at Fargo from Casselton the morning before, attempted to catch on to a moving east bound extra freight on the Northern Pacific road. William Knight, one of them, in running to catch the train, caught his foot in the switch frog and fell, with his head across the main line rails. Two cars passed across his head and face, crushing them beyond recognition. His body was found lying outside of the track with his head to the west.

On his body were found \$12.35 in currency, three bank books with entries made in the name of William Knight, balanced as follows: First National bank of West Superior, April, 1902, \$374.75; Farmers & Merchants Savings bank of Minneapolis, March, 1903, \$241.20; Savings bank of Duluth, December, 1902, \$105—and a few small trinkets.

## Defendants Win.

In the case of Miles vs. the Garretts, the jury in the United States court at Fargo found for the defendants. Miles was operating a threshing rig, manufactured by the company. While on top a board gave way and his foot was ground off in the cylinder. He sued for \$20,000 damages. Judge Amidon's charge to the jury was of such a nature that nothing but a verdict for the defendant company could be found. He held that no verdict could be recovered unless it was shown that the company wilfully or negligently manufactured a defective rig.

## Bogus Check.

Several Fargo business men were victimized by check forger. All the checks were made out for \$14 and purported to have been issued by the Fargo decorating company to John Dunn. They were indorsed in the same name and presented by a poorly dressed woman, who was accompanied by a 5-year-old child. The woman made small purchases in each case and the checks were cashed without question, wherever presented. The woman said her husband was a painter and was ill, and sent her out to get the checks cashed.

## Improvements.

Extensive permanent improvements are being made on the state military reservation these days. A stone warehouse 24x60 is to be put up for the storage of camp equipment, etc. A bath house 30x30 will be built for the use of the troops, which is a much needed improvement. A well has been dug, a large tank built and water pipes will be laid with a tap at each company kitchen. The well is 48 feet deep and the water supply is abundant and good.

## Peculiar Accident.

H. H. Miller was the victim of a peculiar accident at Mandan. He was working on the Northern Pacific track with a number of other men, and all were trying on a piece of track, using a heavy plank on which they were bearing down. Miller failed to let go when the others did, and he was thrown high in the air, and came down with his head against the rail on the opposite side. He was unconscious for some time, but recovered.

## Honored.

At Fargo college, a Congregational institution, conferred the degree of Doctor of Divinity upon Rev. C. H. Dickinson, of Fargo, Rev. A. Cushing Dill, of Niagara Falls, and Rev. G. S. Rollings, of Minneapolis, in honor of the completion of the Pearson's endowment of \$250,000. This year's graduating class was composed of twelve young men and women. Only one other doctor of divinity degree has been conferred by this college.

## News Notes.

William Clifford, of Leroy, Pembina county, suicided by taking carbolic acid. He was aggrieved over the division of the estate of his deceased father, and took this very unsatisfactory way of getting even.

The officials of the Pembina County fair association has invited Governor Van Sant, of Minnesota, to deliver an address at the opening of the fair at Hamilton and arrangements are being made for amusement enterprises galore.

Lew Wright, a member of the force of the Minot Reporter, has had an offer of \$60 a month to play ball with the Towner team.

While running to catch a freight train at Fargo, William Knight, of Saginaw, caught his foot in a frog, and fell beneath the wheels, being killed instantly. He had deposit books on several banks, showing credits of about \$720.

The state commissioner of agriculture has just issued his new state map, which, in addition to giving the usual map features, gives a great deal of interesting information about the products and resources of the state.

A portion of a petrified stump has been found in a Ward county coal mine. Judges of wood say that the stump was oak.

Wool is coming in slowly from the ranges. At Jamestown but two lots have been received. The price runs about 13 cents a pound.

There are several cases of smallpox in the vicinity of Hamilton, none of them serious.

# CONDENSED SPECIALS.

The United States has broken all records in foreign commerce this year.

Twenty persons were injured by a fireworks bomb found in the street and ignited in front of 954 Clybourn avenue, Chicago.

The McKinley Monument association will raise \$150,000 in addition to the sum already in hand, for the sole purpose of keeping the memorial in repair.

Post office officials believe they have documents to prove that August W. Machen, former superintendent of the free delivery service, has sold positions in the service.

Count Cassini, Russian ambassador, reiterates the claim that Russia has punished the Kishineff rioters and taken precautions against further massacres of Jews.

"Charlie" Burns, pugilist, shot himself in Washington park, Chicago, after being surrounded by citizens anxious to avenge an attack made on Mrs. Ned C. Bates. He will probably die.

An attempt to murder the czar of Russia is reported in a London newspaper dispatch from Moscow. The would-be assassin, disguised in police uniform, is said to have entered Tsarskoe-Selo palace.

Extravagant rentals are paid by the government for pneumatic postal tubes. The cost at New York is \$414,145 yearly, while barely 20 minutes is saved over wagon deliveries, and expense of the latter is reduced only 25 percent.

## PICKET WINS DERBY.

Middleton and Jungbluth's Colt Captures Rich Event at Chicago—A Large Crowd Witnesses Race.

Chicago, June 22.—The Picket, owned by Middleton & Jungbluth, won the great American Derby at Washington park track Saturday afternoon. Claude was second and Bernays finished third. The time was 2:33.

The crowd which saw the American Derby was the largest in the history of the race. It numbered between 60,000 and 65,000 people. It was Chicago's greatest gathering of any year and carried with it an astounding display of fashion. A chilly damp morning was followed by a warm afternoon, with the sun shining occasionally. What promised to be a dismal day for Derby display turned out to be the ideal in weather. The grandstand was packed before one o'clock. The crowds started as early as 11 o'clock, and there was a continual rush of people up to the time the bugle sounded the call for the Derby.

## Sentenced to Death.

Berlin, June 22.—The trial of the so-called "female Bluebeard," Frau Przygodna, who poisoned four husbands with arsenic, and who was detected by the fifth putting the same poison in his coffee, at Allenstein, East Prussia, ended in a verdict of guilty. She was sentenced to death.

## Death of Judge Wilbanks.

Washington, June 22.—Judge R. A. D. Wilbanks, of Mount Vernon, Ill., died here suddenly Friday night of heart disease, aged 33 years. He was 30 years clerk of the supreme court of Illinois. Judge Wilbanks had lived in Washington the past year.

## Threaten to Strike.

Chicago, June 22.—A general strike of freight handlers and warehousemen in three wholesale houses and on four railroads is threatened, the arbitrators chosen by both sides to the dispute being unable to decide on a fifth member.

## THE MARKETS.

### Grain, Provisions, Etc.

Chicago, June 20.  
WHEAT—Dull. New July, 76 1/2 @ 77 1/2; new September, 74 1/2 @ 75 1/2; new December, 74 1/2 @ 75 1/2.  
CORN—Falling. July, 64 1/2 @ 65 1/2.  
OATS—Steady to firm. July, 39 1/2 @ 40 1/2.  
BUTTER—Decline in market. Creamery, 16 1/2 @ 17; dairies, 15 1/2 @ 16.  
EGGS—Falling. Fresh eggs, at mark, new cases included, 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2.  
LIVE POULTRY—Quiet, no change. Turkeys, 8 1/2 @ 9; spring chickens, 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2; ducks, 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2.  
NEW POTATOES—Firm. North Carolina, white, per bbl., \$5.00 @ 5.25; Tennessee, medium white, \$3.00.

### New York, June 20.

FLOUR—Quiet but strong.  
WHEAT—Irrregular and generally easier. July, 82 1/2 @ 83 1/2; September, 79 1/2 @ 80 1/2; December, 72 1/2 @ 73 1/2.  
RYE—Steady. State, 64 1/2 @ 65 1/2 c. i. f. New York; No. 2 western, 58 1/2 c. f. o. b. afloat.  
CORN—Opened easy, but rallied. July, 57 1/2 @ 58 1/2; September, 56 1/2 @ 57 1/2; December, 54 1/2 @ 55 1/2.  
OATS—Quiet and steady. Track white, 42 1/2 @ 43 1/2.

### Live Stock.

Chicago, June 20.  
HOGS—Good to prime heavy shipping, \$9.10 @ 9.20; good to choice heavy packing, \$8.60 @ 8.70; plain to choice heavy mixed, \$8.00 @ 8.10; assorted light, \$7.10 @ 7.20; common to good light mixed, \$6.00 @ 6.10; thin to choice, \$5.70 @ 5.80; stags and rough lots, \$4.00 @ 5.50.  
CATTLE—Plain beefs, \$3.40 @ 3.50; choice to extra steers, \$5.00 @ 5.20; medium beef steers, \$4.40 @ 4.50; plain beef steers, \$4.20 @ 4.30; common to rough, \$3.75 @ 4.10; good to choice fat heifers, \$4.10 @ 4.20; good to choice feeders, \$3.50 @ 3.75; poor to plain stockers and feeders, \$2.50 @ 2.70; fair to good cows and heifers, \$3.20 @ 3.40; corn fed western steers, \$3.50 @ 3.75; Texas bulls and grass steers, \$2.75 @ 3.00; Texas steers, fair to common, \$2.50 @ 2.70.

### Omaha, Neb., June 20.

CATTLE—Nominally steady. Native steers, \$4.25 @ 4.50; cows and heifers, \$3.50 @ 4.00; canners, \$2.00 @ 2.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ 3.50; calves, \$3.00 @ 3.50; stags, etc., \$2.75 @ 3.00.  
HOGS—Market 5c lower. Heavy, \$5.00 @ 5.20; mixed, \$4.50 @ 4.70; light, \$4.00 @ 4.20; pigs, \$2.50 @ 2.75; bulk of sales, \$5.00 @ 5.20.  
SHEEP—Unchanged. Fed muttons, \$5.00 @ 5.25; wethers, \$4.50 @ 4.75; ewes, \$2.75 @ 3.00; common and stockers, \$2.50 @ 2.75; lambs, \$3.75 @ 4.00.

# THE BAGDAD RAILWAY

### A New Line That Germany Is to Build in Asia Minor.

Will Offer New Possibilities for German Commerce and Open One of the Richest Countries in the World.

There exists to-day a railroad from Constantinople to Konia, in Asia Minor, which is called the Anatolian railway. It has branches to Smyrna and Angora. German financiers have succeeded in getting a concession from Turkey to continue this route from Konia to Bagdad, and eventually through to Koweit, on the Persian gulf. A corporation for the purpose of building the road has been formed in Constantinople, under the name of the Imperial Ottoman Bagdad Railway company, with a capital of \$3,000,000. Its president is one of the managers of the German bank in Berlin. The Anatolian line to Konia will not be merged in the larger concern, but its cooperation with the new enterprise has been assured. The approximate cost of the railroad is \$90,000,000, and it will be about 1,800 miles in length.

It is claimed that when the enterprise is completed it will bring India three days nearer London. It will shorten by 14 days the journey by camel train from Aleppo to the valley of the Lower Euphrates, where almost every square mile of land has its interesting ruins or hidden treasure. Speaking of the country between the Euphrates and Tigris, the Chemnitz Tageblatt, of Germany, says:

"The railway will pass through one of the oldest and richest countries in the world. The most fruitful part of what was once ancient Mesopotamia is that part of the country between Ursa and Mosul. So regular and plentiful are the rains that out of every six or seven harvests only two fall short. In other portions of the country rain is not so frequent, and the soil must be nurtured by process of



MAP OF ASIA MINOR. Showing Routes of the Completed and Proposed Railway Lines.

irrigation. The land is adapted to raising wheat, barley, rice and cotton. A territory as large as Saxony and Italy together will be opened up to German markets."

To find the shortest way to India is an achievement which has occupied the attention of European commercial nations since the earliest times. The highway built by the Persian satraps, the success of Vasco de Gama in finding a water way around Africa, and the construction of the Suez canal mark epochs in the development of European commerce with India. The construction of the Bagdad railway will probably be fraught with equally great results, as it will not only serve as a connecting link between the Black sea and the Persian gulf, but it will tap a large territory which in recent times has been of practically no value to the commercial world at large.

In 1901 German imports from Turkey and Asia Minor amounted to \$1,642,200, or five per cent. of Germany's total imports. During the same year Germany's exports to Turkey and Asia Minor amounted to \$8,806,000, or eight per cent. of her total exports.

The Anatolian railway has already been the means of furthering German commerce in Asia Minor. Every year this railroad moves 250,000 tons of grain, 100,000 tons of rock salt and 40,000 tons of wool from the interior to the seaboard. These same trains return with 9,500 tons of ironware from Germany, 6,000 tons of petroleum from Russia, and 4,500 tons of sugar from Austria. A direct steamship line, consisting of 20 well-equipped vessels, was established in 1889 between German and Levantine ports. A German bank was established some years ago in Jerusalem, which exchanged \$15,000,000 worth of money in 1901. Many thousands of German colonists are earning a livelihood in Asia Minor to-day as merchants and horticulturists.

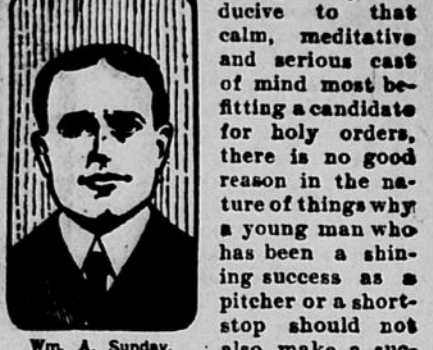
The claim is put forth by many that the agricultural development of Asia Minor will relieve Germany of her dependence upon the United States for her cotton and grain supply, but the agricultural development of Asia Minor need give no American farmer or cotton grower apprehension. What India, Egypt and Caucasus fail to do, Asia Minor will hardly succeed in doing. The influence of the Bagdad railway will be confined chiefly to the orient. If it leads to an increased output of grain and other necessities of life, the capacity for consumption on the part of the 15,000,000 inhabitants of Asia Minor will, in all probability, keep pace with the production.

## ERNEST L. HARRIS.

Raises Only Black Sheep. The raising of black sheep is a hobby with John D. Wing, of Millbrook, N. Y. He has a flock of 70, and they are perfectly black.

# SPORTS AND ATHLETICS

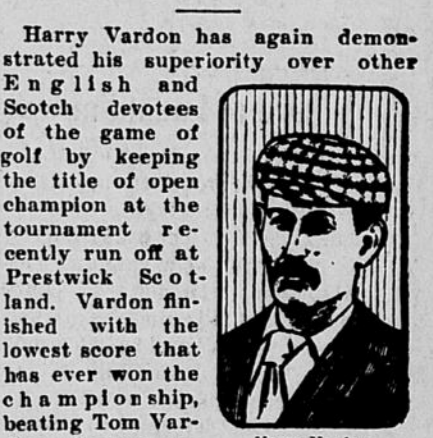
While the pursuits and associations of the professional baseball player are not specially conducive to that calm, meditative and serious cast of mind most befitting a candidate for holy orders, there is no good reason in the nature of things why a young man who has been a shining success as a pitcher or a short-stop should not also make a successful pulpit artist. The diamond is a first-class place to study certain phases of human nature, and a successful preacher must have a large stock of that kind of knowledge. At all events Mr. William A. Sunday, formerly well known in baseball circles, has resolved to make a trial of the ministry and, judging by the excellent record he made when recently examined by the Chicago Presbytery for ordination as an evangelist, his future usefulness is beyond question. The ordination of Mr. Sunday took place at the Jefferson Park Presbyterian church, at Chicago, but he has not taken up regular pastoral work as yet, being engaged in evangelistic work, at which he has already accomplished much good.



Wm. A. Sunday.

The last chapter of the war between the National and American baseball leagues was closed the other day when LaJoie, Bernhard and Flick, who have been enjoined from playing the game in the state of Pennsylvania for failing to live up to their contract with the Philadelphia National league club, were formally purged of contempt and they are once more free to tread the soil of the Keystone state.

Harry Vardon has again demonstrated his superiority over other English and Scotch devotees of the game of golf by keeping the title of open champion at the tournament recently run off at Prestwick Scotland. Vardon finished with the lowest score that has ever won the championship, beating Tom Vardon, who was second, with 306 strokes, by six strokes. Harry Vardon is to-day one of the best if not the best known golfer throughout the British Isles. His fame, though, is not confined to that country, as he has often visited these shores and shown Americans his skill with the clubs.



Harry Vardon.

In Indiana they believe that the game of golf deserves a better standing than to be known only as a pleasure or pastime, so they have formed the Indiana Golf league, composed of Marion, Muncie, Anderson and Richmond, and a series of 12 matches will be played during the summer season.

The football rules committee, who say how the big colleges of the east, and through them practically all other colleges, shall play the game, at a recent meeting agreed to make two alterations in the rules. A change will probably be made in the rules governing the number of men who are kept in the rush line and with regard to the quarter back. A rule will be drafted for next season which will require that between the two 25-yard lines, from one 25-yard to the other, seven men will be required in the line. In other words that will prevent mass plays and heavy formation on the center of the field. Inside the 25-yard lines there will be no such requirement. The new rules will probably also allow the quarter back in the same section of the field to run with the ball, provided he cross the line of scrimmage at least five yards from where it is put in play. Several coaches who have been interviewed regarding the proposed changes are opposed to them.

"Kid" Broad, the Cleveland pugilist, recently received the first knockout in his career when Aurelio Herrera, the Mexican, accomplished the trick in four rounds before a Dutch audience. The entry of C. S. Titus, the American amateur champion in the single shells, to the famous Henley, England, regatta, has been rejected. No cause is given for the action.

The Philadelphia cricketers, who recently went to England to play the team from Cambridge university, lost their first match to the Britishers by six wickets. Conditions for an international revolver match by cable have been agreed upon by the United States Revolver association and the National Shooting societies of France, and as the result a contest will be held in the near future.

The National Roller Polo league has been formed and the following cities, all in Ohio, compose the circuit: Findlay, Toledo, Columbus, Dayton, Cincinnati and Hamilton.

"Dooney" Harris, an old-time prize fighter and a contemporary of Jim Mace, Tom Allen, Joe Goss, Jim Elliott and others of the old school of fighters, died the other day at the age of 70 years. Harris achieved fame when, in 1864, in England, he defeated "Patsy" Marley, the then lightweight champion of the world, in a bare-knuckle fight. Jockey Winnie O'Connor, the well-known American rider who has recently been riding in France under the colors of Baron Rothschild, has left his employer and is now riding as a free lance. HARRY MARTIN.