

Cooperstown Courier.

Ferry R. Knechtel, Publisher.

COOPERSTOWN, N. DAKOTA

1903		SEPTEMBER							1903	
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THUR	FRI	SAT	SUN	MON	TUE	
...	...	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
...	...	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
...	...	27	28	29	30	

A WEEK'S RECORD

All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

DOMESTIC.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 7th were: Pittsburg, 56; New York, 60; Chicago, 58; Cincinnati, 51; Brooklyn, 50; Boston, 50; Philadelphia, 38; St. Louis, 33.

Labor day was celebrated throughout the country, parades and public meetings being the features in large cities.

The percentage of the baseball clubs in the American league for the week ended on the 7th were: Boston, 65; Cleveland, 54; Philadelphia, 54; New York, 51; Detroit, 50; St. Louis, 47; Chicago, 45; Washington, 31.

President Roosevelt at Syracuse, N. Y., said that a community of interest, equal laws for all and the avoidance of envy, despotism and mob violence were the prime requisites for a prosperous national life.

President Roosevelt's address at the Syracuse (N. Y.) labor day celebration was marked by the arrest of John Miller, a German, who is believed to have plotted the president's assassination.

At the Lima (O.) Driving park Dan Patch (1:59) broke the world's record of 2:04 for a half-mile track, lowering it to 2:04 flat.

Three men were killed and several wounded in a battle at a camp meeting at Mt. Victory, Ky.

Railroad earnings for the first month of the present fiscal year indicate that 1903-1904 will be a record breaker in the matter of profits to the carriers.

Robert Fullerton, of Des Moines, Ia., has been appointed disbursing officer for the government for the St. Louis exposition.

The federal grand jury in Washington returned seven more indictments for postal frauds. George W. Beavers, previously indicted, surrendered himself.

Fifteen hundred spectators were thrown into a panic by a collapsing grand stand at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., 24 being seriously hurt.

Coal mine owners' right to discharge employes for any reason, except membership in union, is upheld by Carroll D. Wright, umpire in the anthracite miners' dispute.

John Brinkley, a negro watchman, was rescued by Chicago police from a crowd of would-be-lynchers after he had shot to death Charles McCarthy, a plasterer.

Much early corn is already safe from frost, according to the government's weekly crop report.

The Kansas City-Chicago route has been made fifty miles shorter by two new cutoffs opened by the Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad.

Fire which originated in the large stable of the Allegheny (Pa.) Transfer company caused a loss of \$263,000. Sixty horses were cremated.

Patrick E. Conklin, a wife murderer, was put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison.

At Lincoln, Neb., Crescens, the trotting stallion, broke all records for a half-mile track, going a mile in 2:08 1/2.

A strike of candy makers for shorter hours at old pay closed several factories in Chicago and employes say all plants will be closed rather than submit to union demands.

President Roosevelt returned to Oyster Bay, making a brief address on decent citizenship at Richmond Hill, N. Y., on the way home.

Capt. Robert Wright, who sailed the Shamrock III. in her races against the Reliance for the America's cup, will become a citizen of the United States.

At Syracuse, N. Y., the world's mile record for trotting geldings was broken by Maj. Delmar, who made the distance in 2:01 1/2.

Olin Knight, pugilist, died from injuries received in a six round bout with Griff Jones at Philadelphia.

A conflict between the Roman Catholic church and unionism has been started by Father M. J. Ward's announcement at Beloit, Wis., that he would refuse absolution to persons taking the typographical union oath.

New York tobacco merchants are said to be in a conspiracy to buy the product smuggled into this country by sailors.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Rev. Dr. Thomas M. Clark, Episcopal bishop of Rhode Island and presiding bishop of the denomination in the United States, died at his home in Providence, aged 81 years.

John Bullock Clark, formerly a member of congress from Missouri, died at Washington, aged 72 years.

Edwin J. Jordan, a lawyer and former congressman, died at Tunkhannock, Pa.

Rev. Alvah Hovey, D. D., one of the best known Baptist clergymen in the country, and for many years president of the Newton Theological institution, died at Newton, Mass., aged 83.

In the same house in New Albany, Ind., into which she came a bride more than 76 years ago, Mrs. Sarah Rumley, mother of the late Walter Q. Gresham, celebrated her one hundred and first anniversary.

Democrats of the Sixteenth Ohio district have nominated L. E. Metz for congress.

Richard Brown, the pioneer iron manufacturer of the Mahoning valley, died at his home in Youngstown, O., aged 75 years.

Judge Charles E. Flandreau, one of the most prominent pioneer citizens of Minnesota, died at his home in St. Paul, aged 75 years.

Ohio democrats opened the state campaign at Akron, Tom L. Johnson, candidate for governor, being the principal speaker.

D. W. Green, of Washington, D. C., special examiner of the pension bureau, died of apoplexy in Seattle.

Mayor Seth Low has been selected to lead the fusion fight against Tammany Hall in New York, and the old fusion ticket was nominated.

FOREIGN.

A committee of the Colombian senate reported a basis for a law to provide for a new canal treaty which the government is authorized to negotiate with the United States.

War between Turkey and Bulgaria is believed to be inevitable.

The whole Mexican coast.

Senator Candamo has been installed as president of the republic of Peru.

The Colombian canal treaty is believed at Panama to be beyond possibility of revival.

Rear Admiral Cotton was asked by foreign consuls at Beirut to land marines from American warships to protect consulates.

It is said that King Peter will abdicate if the czar refuses to accede to his request to reconsider his attitude towards the Serbian officers.

The German government is to introduce a bill in the next reichstag calculated to promote temperance in the empire.

BRITISH CABINET CALLED FOR MONDAY

Political Atmosphere of London Is Thick with Circumstantial Rumors.

INDUSTRY MAY BE REORGANIZED AND GENERAL ELECTION HELD

Original Cause for Special Session at This Unusual Period of the Year Was to Discuss Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's Fiscal Proposals—Will Decide Action to Be Taken.

London, Sept. 14.—A special meeting of the cabinet has been summoned for September 14 and the political atmosphere is thick with rumors. These include reports that the government will break up and that a general election will be held or, at least, that the cabinet will be reorganized. On the other hand, it is declared that no open breach will be developed and that, with the exception of providing another office for the new marquis of Salisbury, who, as Lord Cranborne, was under secretary for foreign affairs, things will go on much as they have before.

Cause of Summons.

The original cause for the summons sent to the cabinet at this unusual period of the year was the discussion of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's fiscal proposals and the preparation for Premier Balfour's proposed pronouncement upon that subject. Since then the

IMPROVEMENT REPORTED RESCUE FROM A CAPSIZED BOAT

Conditions in Trade Circles Continue Encouraging.

Increased Activity Shown in Many Branches—Fewer Complaints Regarding Collections.

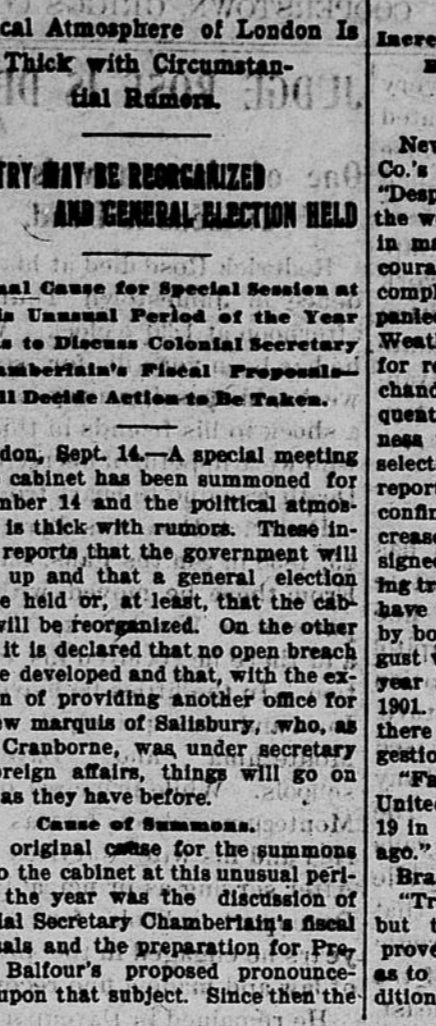
New York, Sept. 14.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "Despite the interruption of a holiday the week has brought increased activity in many branches of business. An encouraging symptom is the decreased complaint regarding collections, accompanied by more discounting of bills. Weather conditions have been favorable for retail trade, distribution of merchandise expanding, while there are frequent reports of larger jobbing fall business than last year. Some caution in selecting goods owing to high prices is reported at the west, but this is chiefly confined to textiles. Labor disputes decrease, all but one of the unions having signed the agreement in the local building trades, and several other settlements have been effected through concessions by both sides. Railway earnings in August were 9.1 per cent larger than last year and 15.4 per cent greater than in 1901. Owing to the lateness of the crops there is little complaint of traffic congestion.

"Failures this week were 172 in the United States, against 205 last year, and 19 in Canada, compared with 22 a year ago."

Bradstreet's says: "Trade conditions are still uneven, but the general drift is toward improvement. A more assured feeling as to the corn crop is that manifest conditions in most states have improved

THE BALKAN PENINSULA.

Sketch map to illustrate the conflict of races and creeds.



SIGHT PERSONS ARE TAKEN FROM WEST INDIAN WATERS AFTER ENDURING TERRIBLE AGONY

Coasting Schooner with Seventeen Persons on Board Strikes a Rock and Nine Perish Before Help Arrives—Survivors of Awful Experience Taken to Port au Prince.

HAD CLUNG TO CRAFT FOR FIVE DAYS AND FOUR NIGHTS

Providence, R. I., Sept. 14.—One of the most gruesome sea tragedies was told Friday when the schooner W. B. Fielding reached this port from West Indian waters. Nearing Port au Prince on the outward voyage the Fielding ran near a dark object bobbing over the sea. It was found to be an overturned boat with seven men and one woman clinging to it, striving with the little strength they had left to hold on to the slippery bottom. How they managed to do so is a miracle.

The coasting schooner to which they belonged had struck a rock and partly filled. Then it suddenly had "turned turtle." The crew of seventeen persons had all managed to get upon the bottom of the overturned craft. Then ensued four days of starvation and thirst, during which nine of the seventeen died, and then the fifth day came the rescue of the eight survivors.

The vessel was a small schooner and had five days before the wreck was sighted left the island of Gonave, Hayti, for the island of Mirigoane, carrying 17 persons, including the captain. It was loaded with fruits and provisions. When a day out from Gonave the schooner struck a rock. All the schooner's company managed to cling to the wreck. So quickly had the boat turned turtle that not a mouthful of food or a drop of drinking water could be saved. The first day there was a hot and blinding sun and a choppy sea. Their hunger and thirst were bad enough, but added to these was the terrible pounding and scraping of their bodies on the ship's bottom as the waves lifted and dropped them. Their legs and then their bodies were beaten, scraped and cut until the blood flowed freely. The men began to give out the second day. One by one they became exhausted and, losing their hold, slipped into the sea. Others became delirious and, in their frenzy, dropped off to drown. The company dwindled to ten the fourth day, and the next morning only eight survived. These were about to give up their long and bitter fight for life, when one of them sighted the Fielding. The survivors were taken to Port au Prince.

WORK OF SMUGGLERS.

Bold Attempt to Defraud Government Is Discovered at San Francisco.

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—A bold attempt has just been discovered to defraud the government by shipping back to China on the steamer Gaelic six impostors in place of six Chinese who were ordered deported by United States District Judge De Haven. One arrest has been made in the case and others will follow shortly. Most sensational developments are expected, as it is believed that the government has stumbled on to the work of a ring.

It is the contention of the government officials that the six genuine Chinese were in the county jail Friday morning and that they were removed from there at seven o'clock by a deputy United States marshal and taken back in a hack to the Pacific Mail dock. From there they were placed safely on board the steamer Gaelic. Five hours later the men could not be found, but in their stead were impostors in no way resembling them in appearance. At a late hour Friday night the officials were in the dark so far as having any knowledge as to how this lightning change act came about.

PHILIPPINE REVENUES.

American Occupation Has Caused a Steady Increase in Customs Collections of the Islands.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The bureau of insular affairs of the war department has prepared for publication a comparative statement showing the customs revenues in the Philippines archipelago for the first five months of 1903, as compared with the same period in previous years. For the five months ended May 31, 1903, the customs revenues were \$3,759,833. For the same period in 1902, \$3,539,868.

A steady increase in the customs collections is noted, and each successive year of American occupation has brought forth a corresponding growth of these revenues.

Disastrous Fire.

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—A fire which started at midnight Friday destroyed a section of the Southern Pacific railway's freight warehouse on Townsend street and burned a score of freight cars. The cause of the fire is a mystery and the firemen are unable to explain the rapidly with which it spread. James McConchie, the night watchman, was inside the building and had a narrow escape.

Old Castle Discovered.

Berlin, Sept. 14.—A castle which is believed to have existed 400 years before Christ has been brought to light near Cassel.

TWIN CITY MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Sept. 13.

Wheat—No. 1 northern, 87 1/2c; No. 2 northern, 86c; Dec. 81c. Oats—No. 1 white, 33c; No. 2, 32c. Rye—No. 1, 48c; No. 2, 47c. Barley—No. 1, 52c; No. 2, 51c. Butter—Creamery, extra, 17c; 1st, 16c; 2d, 15c. Lard, fancy, 15c; 1st, 14c; 2d, 13c. Pork, fancy, 7c; 1st, 6c; 2d, 5c. Hay—Upland, fancy, \$8.50.

St. Paul, Sept. 13.

Cattle—Steers, \$3.35@4.00; cows, \$2.75@3.35. Hogs—\$4.90@5.43. Sheep—Wooltons, \$5.00; lambs, \$6.00.

Med. of Heart Disease.

Exeter, N. H., Sept. 14.—Col. Wmthrop N. Dow, one of the leading lumber operators of New Hampshire, was found dead in bed at his home here Saturday. Death was due to heart disease. He was 72 years old and was one of the wealthiest men in the state.

Believed to Have Been Drowned.

Toms River, N. J., Sept. 14.—It is believed that Howard Potter and William Britton, of Bayville, a hamlet five miles from here, were drowned in Barnegat bay Friday. The two men went fishing and failed to return home Friday night. Their boat was found bottom up Saturday off Forked river. Potter was a member of the Berkeley township committee and was prominent in local affairs.

Money Question in China.

New York, Sept. 14.—Prof. J. W. Jenks, of Cornell, one of the members of the international exchange commission, who returned from Europe Saturday on the Campania, said that the commission, after consultation with representatives of the various European powers, was prepared to submit a plan for the solution of the Chinese money question and of the problem of the payment of the 450,000,000 tael indemnity to the powers for the recent disturbances in China.

Manila, Sept. 14.—Customs Inspector Thomas F. Coates and Lieut. Osborne, constabulary supply officer, both stationed at San Fernando, who were arrested recently on the charge of misappropriating government funds, have been tried and convicted of the crime.

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