## Art in Architecture Designed and Written Especially for this Paper

\$2,800 upon a stone foundation. The sizes of rooms are as follows: 

feet feet feet. ..... 6x 8

eight-room house will cost | are separated from each other with cased openings. The interior finish is of Georgia pine, oil finished. Floors Georgia pine.

Plastering, two-coat work. Exterior painting, two-coat work.

American glass throughout.

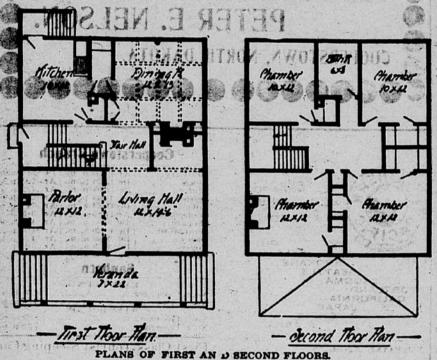
All floors are double, having felt paper between them. . The exterior of the house is sheathed

with fence flooring and sided with nar-



The parlor, living room, dining room chambers have are places with stels. All chambers have large ets. Fire place in living room is back into a small alcove, as shown

A PRETTY CITY OR SUBURBAN HOME. row siding, having felt paper between The size of versads is 7x22 feet; staircase hall, 6½x12 feet. Height of first and second story is



2x4 inches.

mantels and furnace.

Owner will furnish shelf hardware,

Its Novelty Consists in Improved

Hethed of Illuminating Par-

creasing the power of microscopes in

The novelty consists in the method of

illuminating the particles to be exam-

ined. The chief difficulty heretofore,

stray light, which partially obscures the

illuminated particle by brightening the

field of view, is avoided in the new in-

IMPROVED MICROSCOPE

strument by making the ray that illu-

minates the object perpendicular to the

axis of the microscope, and focusing it

from the condenser exactly in the fo-

hundred-and-fifty-thousandths to one

six-millionth of an inch .- Youth's Com-

Our Trade with Canada.

The new statistics show that we sold

MICROSCOVE

OBJECTIVE

COMDENSER

GEORGE A. W. KINTZ.

by plans. The dining room has a | feet; basement, 7 feet; joist, 2x10 beamed ceiling and china closets. Stair inches; rafters, 2x6 inches; studding, case hall has a side entrance. Kitchen is fitted up with sink, pan closet and oak floor.

Parlor, living room and dining room

THE NEW MICROSCOPE.

## CITIES MAKE LUNATICS.

Effect of Acute and Long-Sustained Activity on Montal Condition Is Deplorable.

London alone is responsible for the manufacture of 70 lunatics a week, and no limit can be placed to the increase of this number, stated the president of the psychological medicine section of the British medical congress in an address deploring the influence of the jarge town on the mental condition of its inhabitants. The one saving circumstance in the situation is the natural law which decrees that town bred folk become sterile after three or four generations of town life.

So complicated is the environment of those who live in the great towns, so many and so varied are the calls upon their self-control and upon their effort making powers, that their mental machinery is apt to become more complex, its parts require nicer construction and adjustment, and the whole machine is for derangement than in the more primitive and less emotional life of work that is the determining cause of the distributes of mental equilibrium, but carrier care, worry and anxiety.

To the rich insanity is brought by indulgence in sensuous luxuries. To the poor, who are at the mercy of every economic crisis, whose financial circumstances spell indifferent autrition, overcrowding, and unmoral surroundings, the conditions of medern life bring depression and despair. The natural result is that they attempt to drown their sorrows in the flowing bowl. Alcohol is the cause of one-afth of the insanity in males and of more than a half of that in the weaker sex.

What is, then, the best remedy for the baneful and unnatural tension of the nervous system incurred as the inevitable price of the advantages of living in towns? How is the mind of man to be adjusted to his progressively compilcated environment? These are questions which the medical fraternity has yet to solve.

WORDS THAT ARE SO WORDS.

in the Lexicon.

English dictionaries, as it is still a ones, that they were too unbending to their attitude toward the language which it is the lexicographer's function to expound and not to dictate, says the New York Herald.

Language, it was urged by the revo lutionaries, was born first; the dictionary as well as the grammar came afterward. Just as it is the grammarian's usiness to discover and record not rely the rules unconsciously formed by the human instinct for order, but also the exceptions resulting from its nal lapses into disorder, so it is the business of the lexicographer to record all words universally accepted in the popular vocabulary, even when in origin or usage they violate the subtler sense of beauty or dignity or decorum. For that subtler sense, they argued, was often a self-delusion in the pedantic brain born of false standards of conservatism. If the standards were shifted to a broader basis it would be found that beauty and dignity and de-corum were alike conserved in all additions to the language which vindicated their fitness by survival.

Now, thus broadly stated, the argument is not an unrighteous one. But righteously speaking, the complaint of the revolutionaries based upon this ar-gument was an injustice to our earlier dictionaries. Whatever may be the truth about the French (incidentally it may be acknowledged that they lean toward a devitalizing conservatism), the truth about English speaking authors and authorities is that they have always shown a willingness to accept and circulate all new verbal coinage that ring true. If a new word were fresh, vigorous, distinctive, and, above all, if it supplied an absolute need, the writers have taken it up first and the exicographers have followed in their wake.

Thus the word "mob," which was originally a contraction of a contrac-tion, probably made by the very "mobile vulgus" at whom the Latin phrase was leveled, from the "mobile," to which the learned had reduced that phrase, was first sanctioned by Dryden and Pope, and then accepted by the dictionary makers. And thus the words "swell" and "anob," which were prob-ably of university (if undergraduate) origin, have with the help of Thackeray found their way into all dictionaries. In these and similar cases ar abhorrent vacuum sucked them in.

Of late years, however, even the more rabid of the revolutionaries have apparently prevailed with the lexicog-raphers. Words have been admitted within the covers of reputable dictionaries that are not only disreputable in origin, not only offensive in all their associations, not only vulgar in es-sence, but unfit at all points for survival, because they have no reason for being and find no vacancy to fill

Take a single illuminative instante The latest edition of a dictionary which is in many ways excellent has sought to give lexicographical permanency to the vulgarism "chesty." This word, born somewhere in the slums of New York, has gained an accidental but perishable vogue through its repetition by a political buffoon. It is unbeautiful, it is undignified, it is unnecessary. Left to itself it would have died almost in the hour of its birth. But-tressed by "authority," it may now retain a noisome permanency. For sheep does not follow sheep more slavishly than lexicographer follows lexi-

cographer. Once in the dictionary, always in the dictionary. That is the peril of giving acceptance to offensive innovations. Far better French conservatism than

this sort of American radicalism.

The English language, as we possess it now, is the most beautiful and also the most plastic medium for the expression of human thought that exists in the modern world. It may become The devices of Profs. Siedentopf and R. the universal language. The obvious duty of its present day guardians is to Zsigmondy, of Jena university, for inpreserve its dignity, its charm and its dealing with excessive minute objects, usefulness. Above all, they should not is attracting much attention in Germany. be seduced by the spirit of commer cialism. This new addition makes a special boast of the fact that it contains a larger number of words in its vocabulary than any of its rivals. So some libraries might boast that they have more books than any other library. But there are books that are no books, and there are words that are no words.

In 1899 a girl of 13 was murdered in Osaka, having suffered indignities at the hands of her assassin. The police arrested a youth of 18 on suspicion, and he, having confessed, was brought up for trial. Owing, however, to insufficient evidence, the accused, Matsuura, was acquitted. He has lived ever since under a social ban, the public being convinced of his guilt. But now suddenly, four years after the event, a burglar charged with a major crime, has confessed that he was the perpetrator of the outrage and murder, and Matsuura, questioned as to why he made such a cus of the objective lens. At this point the particle to be examined is placed, and it appears brilliantly luminous in confession, alleges that he was tortured by the police beyond all endurance. It is this last phase of the affair that crea perfectly dark field. In this way, it ates excitement, for the accusation is claimed, the limit of microscopic per- against the police does not stand alone. ception has been extended from one two--Japan Mail.

Third Degree in Japan.

Phrenologist's Mistake. Phrenclogist-Here is a man out of his proper sphere. His head betokens high intellectual and spiritual qualities, yet he is spending his time behind a grocer's counter. Sir (to the grocer), I wish to ask you a question. Have you any aspirations-

Grocer (calling to clerk)-John, have 'All out, sir. Have some in the last of the week.-Kansas City Journal.

CHERTE WORKER SA



Mrs. Hattie La Fountain, Treas. Protected Home Circle and Catholic Ladies of Ohio, writes from Galion, O. as follows:

After my first child was born fisuffered for several months with bearing down pains accompanied by Greadful headaches. I was afraid my health was ruined for life, and felt very downcast about it. One day when a friend was visiting me she told me of Peruna and what it had done for her when she suffered with tregular menstruation. My husband procured a bottle the same evening and I began to take it daily according to directions. Before the first bottle was used I was entirely well, and you certainly have one grateful woman's blessing. I have also advised my friends to use it." MRS. HATTIB LA FOUNTAIN.

Secretary Woman's State Federa- word for it because I have found it to be such a rare exception. tion Says: "Pe-ru-na Does More Than is Claimed for it."

writes from 1311/2 Fifth St., Los Angeles, I have known of cases of chronic catarrh Cal. as follows:

"I have never known of any patent a dozen different remedies had been ex-medicine which did what it professed to perimented with and without good re-do except Peruna. This remedy does wits. I use it myself when I feel nervmuch more than it claims, and while I ous and worn out, and I have always vice gratis have never advocated any medicine I found that the results were most satisfied that it is but justice to speak a good factory."

JULIA M. BROWN.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

"I have known several women who were little better than physical wrecks, Mrs. Julia M. Brown, Secretary of the mothers who dragged out a miserable, painful existence, but were made well woman's State Federation of California, and strong through the use of Perusa. which were cured in a short time, when

Misery and Made Happy and Useful

HER GREAT FORTUNE

A Woman Saved From Life-Long

A woman confined to the house for several years with a chronic female derangement had finally given up hope of being cured.

She had tried physician after physi-

cian, and remedy after remedy, without any permanent improvement.

Her treatment had cost her husband who was a poor man, hundreds of dollars. They had been obliged to dany themselves many comforts of life in order to get money enough to pay the physicians.

physicians.

The woman had become weak, nervous and wretched, and scarcely able to keep out of her bed. Her children were growing up neglected and ragged, because of the want of a mother's care. Her husband was becoming discouraged and broken down with overwork.

Picking up the paper one day she pened to read an item which contained the news that Dr. Hartman would treat such cases free of charge by letter. She immediately wrote the doctor describing her case, and giving him all her symp-

She soon received a letter telling erexactly what to do, and what medicand appliances to get. She began treatment (the principal remedy being Peruna) at once, and in a few week to was well and strong again, able to do her our work.

This offer of free home treatmen women is utili open to all who may the services of the entirent pays. All letters applying not treatment be promptly answered, and be strictly confidential.

Miss Annie Hoban, Post Eighth Ave., New York.
"Three months are I was troubled with backache and a troublesome heavi-

with backache and a troublesome heaviness about the stomach. Sleep brought me no rest for it was a rightly dep. The doctor said my never me was out of order, but his prescrip ons didn't seem to relieve me. I would that Peruna was good for building up the nervous system. After using for two months I know now that it. I want to say that it made a new whan of me. The torturing symptoms we all disappeared and I feel myself a hin, Peruna did me more good than the other medicines I have taken."

Miss Mamie Powell, Lake Charles

Louisiana, writes:

"I sincerely believe that Peruna" is woman's best friend, for it has certainly been that to me. I had had headaches, backaches and other aches every month. for a long time, but shortly after the-gan taking Peruna this was a thing of the past, and I have good reason to be grateful. I take a bottle every spring and fall now, and that keeps my health perfect, and I certainly am more robust now than I have been before and am weighing more. I do not think any one will be disappointed in the results obtained from the use of Peruna."

MISS MAMIE POWELL.

If you do not derive prompt and suitsfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable ad-

Towmy's Essay on Freachers.

The following essay by a youthful boarding school boy throws quite a new and interesting light on church dignitaries: "There are three kinds of clergymen bishups rectors and curats. the bishups tell the rectors to work and the curats have to do it. Curat is a thin married man but when he is a rector he gets fuller and can preech longer sermons and becums a good man, we should all-ways rispect a curat because sum day he may becum a rector and we must allways pity those who are low down in the world, any of us may becum misfortunate so we must not hit a man with a stone."—Chicago Chronicle.

Almost Human.

cago Chronicle.

"The porcupine may not be a desirable sociate," said the coon, "yet he has his

good points."
"True," replied the fox, "but he is apt to be an awful flatterer."
"Flatterer!" echoed the coon.
"Yes," answered the fox, "he is apt to send one away with a stuck-up feeling."—
Chicago Daily News.

The McBride Case Again.

St. John, Han., Oct. 26.—Mr. and Mrs. William McBride and Jesse L. Limes, M. D., have gone before Mr. George E. Mocre, Notary Public, and have sworn and subscribed to written statements contirming the story of the awful-illness and subsequent cure of the little son of Mr. and Mrs. McBride.

Dr. Limes is particularly emphatic in his statement, and there does not now seem to be any room for doubt as to the fact that Dodd's Kidney Pills, and nothing else, saved the little boy.

He was so bad that he had Epileptic spells which seized him with increasing frequency. He was semi-paralyzed in the right side, and his mind was badly affected.

In their sworn statement, Mr. and Mrs. The McBride Case Again.

fected.
In their sworn statement, Mr. and Mrs. McBride say:
"The very day we began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills our boy had twenty-seven of mese Epileptic spells or fits. In less than a week he ceased having them entirely."
The case has caused a great sensation in the neighborhood. The sworn statements have confirmed the whole story.

Set a beggar on horseback and he will ride a gallop.—Button.

A conceited woman is seldom jealous.-Chicago Daily News.

**BEST FOR THE BOWELS** 

Take-Down Repeating Shotguns

Don't spend from \$50 to \$200 for a gun, when for so much less money you can buy a Winchester Take-Down Repeating Shotgun, which will outshoot and outlast the highest-priced double-barreled gun, besides being as safe, reliable and handy. Your dealer can show you one. They are sold everywhere. FRER & Our 160-Page Bluster

WINGHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. NEW HAVEN, COME.

in Midwifery and diseases of

Children, by correspondence.
Write for Full Particulars to
A. AUGUSTUS LINDABURY, M.S., M.D.
SCRANTON, PA.

A Bad Fix

When one wakes up aching from head to foot, and with the flesh tender to the touck, when Soreness and Stiffness



had had been a ER AL ELE FAIS. in time. Roll by druggista

St. Jacobs Oil

to Canada in the fiscal year \$123,500,000 worth, buying from it but \$55,000,000 worth. In the six years since Canada

almost doubled.

panion, range former.

gave Great Britain tariff rates ope-third we any aspirations? less than those charged other countries, its imports from the United States have