

PORT ARTHUR SIEGE.

A WAR MYSTERY WHICH ONLY TIME CAN SOLVE.

To Be Besieged Is Not to Abandon Hope, Although the Russians Are Hard Pressed by Oku's Army.

Chicago Special. The situation at Port Arthur is the more interesting to the world because it is clouded by mystery. The garrison is cut off from communication with Russian headquarters, and no news can come from that side.

The rumors of the Japanese army on the peninsula changing position, or the reports of Russians going to or leaving the outer fortifications, are even if based on facts, of little significance. A general in command of an army 50,000 or 100,000 strong must look first to the feeding and lodging of his men. He will not put a great camp under the fire of an enemy, but while keeping a strong force in the trenches or on the firing line, will hold his main army some miles to the rear, where the men may be easily supplied with water and food, and where they may be properly quartered.

On the Russian side fortifications well to the front may be barracks as well as forts for the men to be kept under fire, but changes will be in the nature of one brigade relieving another. For, after all, soldiers are merely men who must be fed and cared for, and who fight better when in possession of health and strength.

At Chickamauga Gen. Bragg screened the movements of his army to the last, having rations cooked in the rear and sent forward in wagons, so that the presence of fires might not betray the position of his divisions. On the union side some of the divisions actively engaged in the first day's battle retired some distance that night and bivouacked in touch with the regiments or brigades left on the line of battle. This was a matter of convenience, and was in no sense a retrograde movement.

While Japanese generals are reckless of life when battle is on, no of-

THE STRIKE IN COLORADO.

Views of Noted Churchman Who Has Made a Personal Investigation of the Trouble.

Columbus (O.) Special. Rev. Washington Gladden has made a personal investigation of the miners' strike in Colorado, and believes bad leadership is responsible for all the trouble, and he obtained from a man who is well-informed on the subject an explanation of the reason for this bad leadership, which he considers significant.

Said his informant: "It is largely due to the fact that when disagreements between the masters and the men have occurred, the people who have been brought up to take the striking miners' places have generally been ignorant, violent and brutal men. The miners have been



DR. WASHINGTON GLADDEN. (Ohio Preacher Who Says That Labor Wars Must Be Settled by Reason.)

compelled to take these men into their unions, and it is from this class now in the union that the worst disorders come. This class wants violent and headstrong leaders and gets them." Continuing, Dr. Gladden says: "The miners' union and the labor unions generally must learn to be reasonable and decent. If they insist on having the earth they will be wiped from the face of it. Tyrannies are not going to thrive in the twentieth century.

"The employers have got as much to learn as the unionists. They ought to be a great deal wiser, but they are not. They think they can put an end to labor troubles by force. And they never will. They have to learn to put as much brains and tact and good will and patience into the business of managing their men as they do in managing the mechanical or financial sides of their enterprise. Doubtless they must organize. No single employer or company standing alone can deal with a compact labor union. There will have to be collective bargaining on the part of the masters as well as the men.

"But this organization must keep in view the issues of peace and not of war. War, internationally or industrially, is simple idiocy. It settles nothing; it simply devours and destroys.

"Industrial disputes must be settled by reason, not by force, and no man is fit for large business, in these days, who does not recognize this as the end, and work toward it with all his might."

HAS AN ENORMOUS INCOME.

Princess Marie Bonaparte Is Considered the Richest Imperial Heiress in Europe.

Paris (France) Special. Princess Marie Bonaparte, great-grandniece of Napoleon Bonaparte, is one of the richest heiresses in Europe, certainly the richest imperial heiress. She was born July 2, 1882, and it is said that a grand match is designed for her.

Princess Marie's mother was the only daughter of Mr. Blanc, the founder of the



PRINCESS MARIE BONAPARTE. (Said to Be the Richest Imperial Heiress in Europe.)

famous casino at Monte Carlo, from whom she inherits a fourth share in the vast income derived from the gaming tables. The other shares are divided between Mr. Blanc's two sons and his daughter, Princess Batazzi.

The average net profits of the casino are about \$6,000,000 a year.

Princess Marie's mother died at her birth, and her father, Prince Roland Bonaparte, who was descended from Prince Lucien, the emperor's youngest brother, has never married again. He is a great savant, and his daughter shares her father's taste, presiding with great charm over his salon, where all the savants of the world visiting Paris are made welcome.

No Rheumatism in Japan.

Rheumatism is almost unknown in Japan. The Japanese escape the malady, to a great degree, by avoiding the excessive use of alcohol and tobacco.

NORTH DAKOTA NEWS.

Glandered Horses.

State's Attorney Wineman has received many complaints of late from residents of Levant and Turtle River townships, protesting against the use of glandered horses by residents in those townships and the vicinity of Ardoch. It is claimed by the complainants that there at least 30 glandered horses in the neighborhood which are being used constantly.

There is a section in the code which makes it a misdemeanor to own, keep or control a horse affected with glanders, and another provides for the destruction of such diseased animals.

Gets a Fortune.

Edward Plunkett, an employe of a Fargo livery barn, received a cablegram from a firm of Liverpool lawyers informing him of the death of his grandfather, who left an estate of \$265,000, one fifth of which goes to the Fargo boy. Plunkett is a member of Company B, the local militia organization, which went for the state encampment. He accompanied the other boys and will immediately after his return start for England to claim the estate. Plunkett is an ambitious, moral young man and has spent half his time in school since coming to Fargo.

The Firemen.

The annual convention of the North Dakota State Firemen's association, which was held at Carrington, will meet in Jamestown next year. The session was largely attended and much important business transacted. At the business session the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: President, John Carmody, Hillsboro; secretary, W. R. Reed, Mandan; statistical secretary, George Miller, Wahpeton; delegate to the St. Louis national convention, C. B. Wade, Fargo.

Dipping Tanks.

The board of Ward county commissioners have decided to establish several dipping tanks for cattle in various portions of the county. Commissioner Buck was authorized to select the locations as follows: There will be tanks at or near Carlson's ranch near Minot, near Tolgen's ranch, near McCalmon's ranch, at Clear Water lake near McPalermo, at Gilmore's ranch near White Earth, at Black's horse corral between Knife river and Shoe creek, at Bryant's ranch on the Mouse river east of Carpio.

Duping Uncle Sam.

James W. Campbell was convicted in the United States court at Fargo on the charge of raising postoffice money orders. Campbell was a deputy postmaster at Cray. His office handled the mail from Jerusalem, since discontinued. Campbell was charged with raising the Jerusalem money orders and was said to have secured about \$800. His first trial at Devils Lake resulted in a disagreement. This trial took 8 days.

Prosperity.

There were 162 deeds recorded at the office of register of deeds of Ward county last month, compared with 119 for the corresponding month of last year, an increase that speaks well for the growth of that section. The number of chattel mortgages has not kept pace with the increase of population, showing that the farmers have improved their credit and are in better shape financially than last year.

Found Dead.

William Edison was found in a barn in Fargo in a dying condition and died a few hours later at a hospital. He was unconscious and nothing could be learned of the causes leading to death or of his relatives. He carried a letter of indorsement from J. L. Gable, manager of the Nichols & Shepard office in Minneapolis and seems to have been a machinist.

Suicide.

James R. Barker, a single man, aged 43, suicided by hanging at Grand Forks. He has been studying religious subjects, and had grown morbid, imagining at times that he was being pursued by a posse for a crime that he fancied he had committed. He was a man of excellent habits and character.

Burned to Death.

O. A. Hirengen, a prominent merchant, was burned to death in his store at Minot on the Great Northern. The cause of the fire is unknown. Hirengen was not known to have been in the building until his charred remains were found. There may have been foul play.

News in Brief.

There are now 37 inmates in the reform school at Mandan.

Captain Heerman has resumed the operation of his line of boats on Devils lake.

The Cathy creamery is now running and receiving 300 pounds of cream daily.

Cathy now has a commercial club, with B. W. Taylor president and J. F. Capron secretary.

The barber in jail at Minot got mad because he was kangarooed by the prisoners and refused to shave the bunch any more.

The safe in Toelmier's store at Sawyer, the first station on the Soo south of Minot, was cracked and a large sum of money was stolen.

The recent rains were not good for newly shorn sheep. Don Freeman of Willbax lost 500 head. The animals were chilled to death.

The county commissioners of Ward county have just decided on the building of eighteen bridges in that county.

Octave Blondin of Olga township, Pembina county, was drowned while bathing in a coulee with a number of other boys.

NO. DAKOTA DEMOCRATS.

Meet in Fargo and Name Delegates to St. Louis. Delegates will go Uninstructed.

North Dakota's delegation to the national democratic convention goes uninstructed and is not bound by the indorsement of the Kansas City platform. After two hours of wrangling over the indorsement of the Bryan platform the convention finally voted down an amendment for that purpose and stood out definitely on a platform of its own.

H. D. Allert of Langdon was selected as national committeeman. B. S. Brynjolfson, present state chairman, was re-elected and a new state central committee chosen under usual proceedings, as it has always been the custom for this part of the work to be done at the state nominating conventions. Brynjolfson's friends controlled the convention and were able to force the matter at this time.

The delegates to the national convention are: First, M. E. Murphy of Grand Forks; second, Siver Serungard of Devils Lake; third, E. E. Cole of Fargo; fourth, C. G. Bade of Wahpeton; fifth, John B. Fried of Jamestown; sixth, I. P. Baker of Bismarck; seventh, Jacob Birder of Park River; eighth, William Woods of Bottineau.

Retiring National Committeeman Eaton announced that North Dakota headquarters had been secured at the St. Nicholas hotel in St. Louis.

The convention was called to order at Fargo by Chairman Brynjolfson following the rendition of "The Star Spangled Banner" by a band, accompanied by the appearance on the stage of Marion Mercer, an 8-year-old patriotic elocutionist of Larimore, who beat time with a national flag to the music and aroused the delegates to cheers and great enthusiasm.

T. D. Casey of Grafton was made temporary chairman and Editor McCann of Grand Forks temporary secretary. After a speech by Casey and the appointment of the usual committees, adjournment was taken until 2:30 p. m., when State Senator Cashel of Grafton was selected as permanent chairman and McCann and Pierce Blewet of Jamestown as secretaries.

The report of the committee on order of business precipitated a hot fight for the postponement of the selection of the chairman of the state central committee and against the election of a national committeeman at this meeting. Both propositions were voted down and then came the unsuccessful fight on the reaffirmation of the Kansas City platform, followed by the election of delegates and members of the state central committee and adjournment.

A Gang of Hoboes.

Thirty men were run in at Jamestown by the police. They were found in the box cars in the yards and were arrested on the daily complaints of the railroad officials of cars being broken into every night and merchandise being taken out. Eight were examined in Pearson's court this morning, two being dismissed, three were sentenced to thirty days, which sentence was suspended on condition that they leave the city at once which they lost no time in doing. The other three were given the limit of thirty days, with the 20 days' street improvement attachment.

Carnival.

Encouraged by the success of their midsummer carnival last year, the Commercial Club of Fargo have arranged for another of those unique entertainments for the week of July 11 to 16. The celebrated Monday Show has been engaged for this occasion, which is of itself a sufficient guarantee of excellence. A glance at the club's announcement reveals the fact that many attractions apart from the carnival proper are in store for Fargo visitors, among which we note a baby parade, in which the ladies of Fargo are taking an unusual interest. The novelty of this feature alone should prove a strong drawing card.

Dismissed.

In the case of Joanna Waldron vs. Robert Otton, heard before John Boiecy, a notary public at Leonard, the register and receiver have dismissed the contest on the ground that notice had not been properly given. Jurisdiction was not acquired and the proceedings are held as null and void. Mrs. Waldron has been allowed thirty days to file a new affidavit of contest or for appeal. The land under controversy is the east half of the southeast of section 8-135-52, in Richland county.

Operate Ferries.

A number of well known residents of Bismarck have formed a company to operate ferries and construct and build bridges open and develop coal mines west of the Missouri river. Capt. Baker, C. B. Little, Joseph Hare, and others are among the parties interested.

Crushed to Death.

Harry, the eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Kaiser, of Bismarck, was crushed to death. He and several little fellows were playing on an abandoned turn table and while they were turning it around the little fellow fell off and was crushed between the table and the walls of the pit.

The newspaper humorists and the insanity experts are in convention in St. Louis at the same time. Each society will probably serve as a clinical subject for the other.

A New Jersey cat is reported as trying to hatch out a setting of hens' eggs. Wise cat—she probably knows just what she is going to do to those juicy spring chickens.

The proper course to pursue with a woman is like a curved ball; a man may hit it, but—

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

For the Week Ending June 25.

A strike of 50,000 persons employed in New York in the clothing trades has been called to take effect at once.

The Texas democratic convention instructed its delegates to vote for the nomination of Parker as a candidate for president.

The convention of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders censured President Roosevelt for his action in the Miller case.

Secretary Taft issued an order making the terms of the Dingley act as to tariff rates applicable to the canal strip on the Isthmus of Panama.

A Lima, O., street car and a Western Ohio special suburban car came together while both were entering a switch. Twelve or more passengers were hurt.

The one hundred and twenty-ninth anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill was celebrated in Boston, Lynn, and in many other New England cities.

Mary Jane Sked, indicted at Freeport, Ill., for causing the death of her four-year-old nephew, James Dayton Remington, was found guilty of manslaughter.

Judge J. Soule Smith, attorney, jurist and perhaps the best informed mason in the United States, dropped dead at his home in Lexington, Ky., of heart disease.

John J. Sullivan, for 15 years one of the most popular American actors, died at his hotel in New York city, from rheumatism which finally attacked his heart.

Prof. W. J. Hussey, of the University of California astronomical department at Lick observatory, has just announced his discovery of 100 new double stars.

F. R. Chaffee, who claimed to be a relative of Lieut. Gen. Chaffee, shot himself through the head at Houston, Tex., dying instantly. The cause of the act is not clear.

At Bloomington, Ill., the jury in the case of Mrs. Annie Colton Works, of Helena, Mont., charged with the murder of her husband, Michael Colton, in Bloomington, in 1897, disagreed.

Seth Ellis, at one time the union reform candidate for president, and master of the National and Ohio granges, fell from a cherry tree at his farm at Waynesville, O., and died of his injuries.

Heavy rain, wind and hail seriously damaged the wheat crop in the central portion of Kansas. Large fields of wheat have been flattened out by the storm. The harvest was about to begin.

An explosion, presumably of gasoline, in the grocery store of the W. E. Reid company, in St. Louis, caused the collapse of the two-story brick building and injured 12 persons, none seriously.

The memory of Nathaniel Hawthorne was honored by citizens of Salem, Mass., the place of his birth, 100 years ago July 4 next. Addresses were delivered and a permanent family organization was formed.

Frederick Field Bullard, a well-known organist and musical composer, died in Boston of pneumonia. His best-known compositions are "The Stein Song," "The Sword of Ferrara" and "The Nottingham Hunt."

Frank Shannon, a bartender, because his persistent proposals of marriage to Mrs. Bridget Lee, a widow and proprietress of a saloon in Brooklyn, were refused, shot and killed her. He then blew out his brains with the same revolver.

Fire practically destroyed an entire square in the business section of Sandusky, O. Among the big buildings destroyed was the plant of A. Booth & Co., fish dealers. Several lumber yards were also burned. The total loss is estimated at \$100,000.

The secret service announces the discovery of a new counterfeit five dollar silver certificate, Lyons register, Roberts treasurer. It is a poor lithographic imitation of the genuine, printed on heavy paper, with red and blue ink lines to represent silk fiber.

Charles H. Netcher, president and treasurer of the Boston store, Chicago, who with a career begun as "cash boy" in a dry goods store became the owner of downtown business property in Chicago said to be worth \$2,000,000, died as the result of an operation for appendicitis.

THE MARKETS.

New York, June 25.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers	4 45 @ 5 30
Hogs, State, Penn.	5 70 @ 5 80
Sheep	3 00 @ 4 50
WHEAT—July	89 1/2 @ 90
September	84 1/2 @ 84 3/4
October	81 1/2 @ 81 3/4
November	79 1/2 @ 79 3/4
December	77 1/2 @ 77 3/4
January	75 1/2 @ 75 3/4
February	73 1/2 @ 73 3/4
March	71 1/2 @ 71 3/4
April	69 1/2 @ 69 3/4
May	67 1/2 @ 67 3/4
June	65 1/2 @ 65 3/4
July	63 1/2 @ 63 3/4
August	61 1/2 @ 61 3/4
September	59 1/2 @ 59 3/4
October	57 1/2 @ 57 3/4
November	55 1/2 @ 55 3/4
December	53 1/2 @ 53 3/4
January	51 1/2 @ 51 3/4
February	49 1/2 @ 49 3/4
March	47 1/2 @ 47 3/4
April	45 1/2 @ 45 3/4
May	43 1/2 @ 43 3/4
June	41 1/2 @ 41 3/4
July	39 1/2 @ 39 3/4
August	37 1/2 @ 37 3/4
September	35 1/2 @ 35 3/4
October	33 1/2 @ 33 3/4
November	31 1/2 @ 31 3/4
December	29 1/2 @ 29 3/4
January	27 1/2 @ 27 3/4
February	25 1/2 @ 25 3/4
March	23 1/2 @ 23 3/4
April	21 1/2 @ 21 3/4
May	19 1/2 @ 19 3/4
June	17 1/2 @ 17 3/4
July	15 1/2 @ 15 3/4
August	13 1/2 @ 13 3/4
September	11 1/2 @ 11 3/4
October	9 1/2 @ 9 3/4
November	7 1/2 @ 7 3/4
December	5 1/2 @ 5 3/4
January	3 1/2 @ 3 3/4
February	1 1/2 @ 1 3/4
March	0 1/2 @ 0 3/4
April	0 1/2 @ 0 3/4
May	0 1/2 @ 0 3/4
June	0 1/2 @ 0 3/4
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