To Be Besieged Is Not to Abandon Hope, Although the Russians Are Hard Pressed by Oku's Army.

Chicago Special,

The situation at Port Arthur is the more interesting to the world because ers significant. it is clouded by mystery. The garrison is cut off from communication with Russian headquarters, and no news can come from that side.

The rumors of the Japanese army the reports of Russians going to or leaving the outer fortifications, are, even if based on facts, of little significance. A general in command of an army 50,000 or 100,000 strong must look first to the feeding and lodging of his men. He will not put a great camp under the fire of an enemy, but, while keeping a strong force in the trenches or on the firing line, will hold his main army some miles to the rear, where the men may be easily supplied with water and food, and where they may be properly quartered.

On the Russian side fortifications well to the front may be barracks as well as forts for the men to be kept under fire, but changes will be in the nature of one brigade relieving another. For, after all, soldiers are merely men who must be fed and cared for, and who fight better when

in possession of health and strength. At Chickamauga Gen. Bragg screened the movements of his army to the last, having rations cooked in the rear and sent forward in wagons, so that the presence of fires might not betray the position of his divisions. On the union side some of the divisions actively engaged in the first day's battle retired some distance that night and bivouacked in touch with the regiments or brigades left on the line of battle. This was a matter of convenience, and was in no sense a retrogade movement.

While Japanese generals are reckless of life when battle is on, no of-



LIEUT GEN BARON OKU. (Commander of Japanese Army Which Is Investing Port Arthur.)

ficers in the world take better care So it may be assumed that they have looked carefully after all sanitary and supply questions not only in front of Port Arthur but in the campaign against the Russian line at Liaoyang. If so, heavy masses of troops are being handled and cared for very much as they were quartered and fed in our civil war, and with a view to their efficient use in battle.

To be besieged in war is not to abandon hope. The army of the Cumberland, penned in Chattanooga for two months in 1863 was never more cheerful nor in better fighting trim. It was pictured at the time, however, in deplorable state. The confederate army besieged in Atlanta was reported to have lost heart; it never fought with higher spirit or greater fury than in the Nashville campaign that followed the surrender of Atlanta.

The situation of the garrison at Port Arthur is unlike that at Chattanooga or Atlanta or Vicksburg or Metz or Ladysmith. It is completely isolated; that at Chattanooga never was for an hour. The army in Metz was too large for the work in hand, and too large for the food supply. It could not be properly quartered, could not be fed, and could not be efficiently used.

The garrison at Port Arthur, says the Chicago Inter Ocean, is not too large, is well provisioned and is in good quarters. It may be destroyed, or it may be forced to surrender as was the garrison at Vicksburg, but its fighting spirit is not to be judged by the reports of Chinese refugees, but (Said to Be the Richest Imperial Heiress by what it does during the siege and at the end.

The theories of spectacular writers in the absence of facts amount to little. Even the speculations of military experts are of little value at this stage of the war except in so far as they are based on experience in other wars. And this war is not like any previous

Lieut. Gen. Oku. who commands the Japanese army that is investing Port Arthur, is one of the mikado's noted military chiefs. His troops captured Kinchow on May 26, and heroically stormed Nanshan hill, and he is now directing his efforts toward the reducwon fame in the Japanese rebellion of are made welcome. 1877, when his defense of the castle of Kumamota was considered masterly. Next he distinguished himself in the has maintained his military prestige. | cessive use of alcohol and tobacco.

THE STRIKE IN COLORADO. NORTH DAKOTA NEWS

Views of Noted Churchman Who Hea Made a Personal Investigation of the Trouble.

Columbus (O.) Special. Rev. Washington Gladden has made a personal investigation of the miners' strike in Colorado, and believes bad leadership is responsible for all the trouble, and he obtained from a man who is well-informed on the subject an explanation of the reason for this bad leadership, which he cousid-

Said his informant: "It is largely due to the fact that when disagreements between the masters and the men have occurred, the people who have been brought up to take the on the peninsula changing position, or striking miners' places have generally been ignorant, violent and



DR. WASHINGTON GLADDEN. (Ohio Preacher Who Says That Labor Wars Must Be Settled by Reason.)

compelled to take these men into their unions, and it is from this class now in the union that the worst disorders come. This class wants violent and headstrong leaders and gets them." Continuing, Dr. Gladden says: "The miners' union and the labor unions generally must learn to be reasonable and decent. If they insist on having the earth they will be wiped from the face of it. Tyrannies are not going to thrive in the twenti-

eth century. "The employers have got as much to learn as the unionists. They ought to be a great deal wiser, but they are not. They think they can put an end to labor troubles by force. And they never will. They have to learn to put as much brains and tact and good will and patience into the business of managing their men as they do in managing the mechanical or financial sides of their enterprise. Doubtless they must organize. No single employer or company standing alone can tinued. Campbell was charged with deal with a compact labor union. There will have to be collective bargaining on the part of the masters as well as the men.

"But this organization must keep in view the issues of peace and not of war. War, internationally or industrially, is simple idiocy. It settles nothing; it simply devours and de-

"Industrial disputes must be setdays, who does not recognize this as his might."

HAS AN ENORMOUS INCOME.

Princess Marie Bonaparte Is Considered the Richest Imperial Heiress in Europe.

Paris (France) Special. Princess Marie Bonaparte, greatgrandniece of Napoleon Bonaparte, is one of the richest heiresses in Europe, certainly the richest imperial heiress. She was born July 2, 1882, and it is

said that a grand match is designed for Princess Marie's mother was the only

daughter of Mr. Blanc, the founder of the



PRINCESS MARIE BONAPARTE.

famous casino at Monte Carlo, from whom she inherits a fourth share in the vast income derived from the gaming tables. The other shares are divided between Mr. Blanc's two sons and his daughter. Princess Batazzi.

The average net profits of the casino are about \$6,000,000 a year.

Princess Marie's mother died at her hirth, and her father, Prince Roland Bonaporte, who was descended from Prince Lucien, the emperor's youngest brother, has never married again. He is a great savant, and his daughter shares her father's taste, presiding with great charm over his salon, where all tion of the czar's fortress. Oku first the savants of the world visiting Paris

No Rheumatism in Japan. Rheumatism is almost unknown in war with China in 1894-5, and thus far Japan. The Japenese escape the malady, Pembina county, was drowned while in the campaign against Russia he to a great degree, by avoiding the ex- bathing in a coulie with a number of woman is like a curved ball; a man

Glandered Horses.

State's Attorney Wineman has received many complants of late from residents of Levant and Turtle River townships, protesting against the use of glandered horses by residents in those townships and the vicinity of Ardoch. It is claimed by the complainants that there at at least 30 glandered horses in the neighborhood which are being used constantly.

There is a section in the code which makes it a misdemeaner to own, keep or control a horse affected with glanders, and another provides for the destruction of such diseased animals.

Gets a Fortune.

Edward Plunkett, an employe of Fargo livery barn, received a cable-gram from a firm of Liverpool lawyers informing him of the death of his grandfather, who left an estate of \$365,000, one fifth of which goes to the Fargo boy. Plunkett is a member of Company B, the local militia organization, which went for the state encampment. He accompanied the other boys and will immediately after his return start for England to claim the estate. Plunkett is an ambitious, moral young man and has spent half his time in school since coming to Fargo.

The Firemen. The annual convention of the North Dakota State Firemen's association, which was held at Carrington, will meet in Jamestown next year. The session was largely attended and much important business transacted. At the business session the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: President, John Carmody, Hillsbors; secretary, W. R. Reed, Mandan; statistical secretary, George Miller, Wahpeton; delegate to the St. Louis national convention, C. B. Wade, Fargo.

Dipping Tanks.

The board of Ward county commissioners have decided to establish several dipping tanks for cattle in various portions of the county. Commissioner Buck was authorized to select the locations as follows: There will be tanks at or near Carlson's ranch near Minot, near Tolgen's ranch, near McCalmon's rand, at Clear Water lake near Mc-Palermo, at Gilmore's ranch near White Earth, at Black's horse corral between Knife river and Shoe creek, at Bryant's ranch on the Mouse river east of Carpio.

Duping Uncle Sam.

James W. Campbell was convicted in the United States court at Fargo on the charge of raising postoffice money orders. Campbell was a deputy postmaster at Crary. His office handled the mail from Jerusalem, since disconraising the Jerusalem money orders and was said to have secured about \$800. His first trial at Devils Lake resulted in a disagreement. This trial took 8 days.

Prosperity.

There were 162 deeds recorded at the office of register of deeds of Ward county last month, compared with 119 for the corresponding month of last tled by reason, not by force, and no year, an increase that speaks well for man is fit for large business, in these the growth of that section. The number of chattel mortgages has not kept of their men in camp or on the march.
So it may be assumed that they have his might."

the end, and work toward it with all showing that the farmers have im proved their credit and are in better shape financially than last year.

Found Dead.

William Edison was found in a barn in Fargo in a dying condition and died a few hours later at a hospital. He was unconscious and nothing could be learned of the causes leading to death or of his relatives. He carried a letter of indorsement from J. L. Gable, manager of the Nichols & Shepard office in Minneapolis and seems to have been a machinist.

Suicide.

James R. Barker, a single man, aged 3, suicided by hanging at Grand Forks. He has been studying religious subjects, and had grown morbid, imagining at times that he was being pursued by a posse for a crime that he fancied he had committed. He was a man of excellent habits and character.

Burned to Death.

O. A. Hirengen, a prominent merchant, was burned to death in his store at Minot on the Great Northern. The was not known to have been in the building until his charred remains were found. There may have been foul play.

News in Brief.

There are now 37 inmates in the

eform school at Mandan. Captain Heerman has resumed the operation of his line of boats on Devls lake.

The Cathay creamery is now running and receiving 300 pounds of cream daily.

Cathay now has a commercial club, with B. W. Taylor president and J. F. Capron secretary. The barber in jail at Minot got mad because he was kangarooed by the

prisoners and refused to shave the

bunch any more. The safe in Toelmier's store at Sawyer, the first station on the Soo south of Minot, was cracked and a large sum of money was stolen.

newly shorn sheep. Don Freeman of for the other. Wilbaux lost 500 head. The animals were chilled to death.

The county commissioners of Ward tounty have just decided on the building of eighteen bridges in that coun-

Octave Blondin of Olga township,

NO. DAKOTA DEMOCRATS.

Meet in Fargo and Name Delegates to St. Lous. Delegates will go Uninstructed.

North Dakota's delegation to the national democratic convention goes uninstructed and is not bound by the indorsement of the Kansas City platform. After two hours of wrangling over the indorsement of the Bryan platform the convention finally voted down an amendment for that purpose and stood out definitely on a platform of its own.

H. D. Allert of Langdon was selected as national committeeman. B. S. Brynjolfson, present state chairman, was re-elected and a new state while both were entering a switch. central committee chosen under usual Twelve or more passengers were hurt. proceedings, as it has always been the custom for this part of the work to be done at the state nominating Hill was celebrated in Boston, Lynn, conventions. Brynjolfson's friends controlled the convention and were able to force the matter at this time.

The delegates to the national convention are: First, M. E. Murphy of Grand Forks; second, Siver Serumgaard of Devils Lake; third, E. E. Cole of Fargo; fourth, C. G. Bade of Wahpeton; fifth, John B. Fried of Jamestown; sixth, I. P. Baker of Bismarck; seventh, Jacob Birder of of heart disease. Park River; eighth, William Woods of Bottineau.

Retiring National Committeeman Eaton announced that North Dakota headquarters had been secured at the St. Nicholas hotel in St. Louis.

The convention was called to order at Fargo by Chairman Brynjolfson following the rendition of "The Star Spangled Banner" by a band, accompanied by the appearance on the stage of Marion Mercer, an 8-year-old patriotic elocutionist of Larimore, who beat time with a national flag to the music and aroused the delegates to cheers and great enthusiasm.

T. D. Casey of Grafton was made temporary chairman and Editor Mc-Cann of Grand Forks temporary secretary. After a speech by Casey and der of her husband, Michael Colton, in the appointment of the usual com- Bloomington, in 1897, disagreed. mittees, adjournment was taken until

The report of the committee on fight for the postponement of the se-lection of the chairman of the state wheat have been flattened out by the central committee and against the storm. The harvest was about to beelection of a national committeeman gin. at this meeting. Both propositions were voted down and then came the line, in the grocery store of the W. E. unsuccessful fight on the reaffirmation of the Kansas City platform, fol-lowed by the election of delegates and members of the state central committee and adjournment.

A Gang of Hoboes.

Thirty men were run in at Jamesarrested on the daily complaints of the railroad officials of cars being broken into every night and merchandise being taken out. Eight were examined in Pearson's court this morning, two being dismissed, three were sentenced to thirty days, which sentence was suspended on condition that they leave the city at once which they lost no time in doing. The other three were given the limit of thirty days, with the 20 days' street improvement attachment.

Carnival.

Encouraged by the success of their midsummer carnival last year, the Commercial Club of Fargo have arranged for another of those unique entertainments for the week of July II to 16. The celebrated Munday Show has been engaged for this oc-casion, which is of itself a sufficient guarantee of excellence. A glance at timated at \$100,000. the club's announcement reveals the fact that many attractions apart from the carnival proper are in store for Fargo visitors, among which we note a baby parade, in which the ladies of Fargo are taking an unusual interest. The novelty of this feature alone should prove a strong drawing lines to represent silk fiber. card.

Dismissed.

In the case of Joanna Waldron va. Robert Otton, heard before John Boiecy, a notary public at Leonard, the register and receiver have dismissed the contest on the ground that notice had not been properly given. Jurisdiction was not acquired and the appendicitis. proceedings are held as null and void. Mrs. Waldron has been allowed thirty days to file a new affidavit of contest cause of the fire is unknown. Hiregen or for appeal. The land under controversy is the east half of the south-east of section 8-135-52, in Richland county.

Operate Ferries. A number of well known residents of Bismarck have formed a company to operate ferries and construct and build bridges, open and develop coal mines west of the Missouri river. Capt. Baker, C. B. Little, Joseph Hare, and others are among the parties interested.

Crushed to Death.

Harry, the eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Kaiser, of Bismarck, was crushed to death. He and several little fellows were playing on an abandoned turn table and while they were turning it around the little fellow fell off and was crushed be-tween the table and the walls of

The newspaper humorists and the insanity experts are in convention in St. Louis at the same time. Each society The recent rains were not good for will probably serve as a clinical subject

A New Jersey cat is reported as trying to hatch out a setting of hens' eggs. Wise cat-she probably knows just what she is going to do to those juicy spring chickens.

The proper course to pursue with a may hit it, but-

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

For the Week Ending June 25. A strike of 50,000 persons employed in New York in the clothing trades has been called to take effect at once. The Texas democratic convention instructed its delegates to vote for the nomination of Parker as a candidate

for president. The convention of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders censured President Roosevelt for his action in the Miller case.

Secretary Taft issued an order making the terms of the Dingley act as to tariff rates applicable to the canal strip on the Isthmus of Panama.

A Lima, O., street car and a Western Ohio special suburban car came together

The one hundred and twenty-ninth

anniversary of the battle of Bunker and in many other New England cities. Mary Jane Sked, indicted at Freeport, Ill., for causing the death of her four-year-old nephew, James Dayton Remington, was found guilty of man-

slaughter. Judge J. Soule Smith, attorney, jurist and perhaps the best informed mason in the United States, dropped dead at his home in Lexington, Ky.,

John i'. Sullivan, for 15 years one of the most popular American actors, our entertainment." died at his hotel in New York city, from rheumatism which finally attacked his heart.

Prof. W. J. Hussey, of the University of California astronomical department at Lick observatory, has just announced his discovery of 100 new double stars

F. R. Chaffee, who claimed to be a himself through the head at Houston, Tex., dying instantly. The cause of the act is not clear.

At Bloomington, Ill., the jury in the case of Mrs. Annie Colton Works, of Helena, Mont., charged with the mur-

Seth Ellis, at one time the union re-2:30 p. m., when State Senator Cashel form candidate for president, and master of Grafton was selected as perma- of the National and Ohje granges, fell nent chairman and McCann and from a cherry tree at his farm at Pierce Blewet of Jamestown as sec-Waynesville, O., and died of his injuries. Waynesville, O., and died of his injuries. Heavy rain, wind and hail seriously order of business precipitated a hot damaged the wheat crop in the central wheat have been flattened out by the

> Reid company, in St. Louis, caused the collapse of the two-story brick building and injured 12 persons, none seri-

The memory of Nathaniel Hawthorne was honored by citizens of Salem, Mass., the place of his birth, 100 years ago town by the police. They were found july 4 next. Addresses were delivered in the box cars in the yards and were and a permanent family organization and a permanent family organization was formed.

Frederick Field Bullard, a wellknown organist and musical composer, died in Boston of pneumonia. His bestknown compositions are "The Stein Song," "The Sword of Ferrara" and "The Nottingham Hunt."

Frank Shannon, a bartender, beause his persiste riage to Mrs. Bridget Lee, a widow and proprietress of a saloon in Brooklyn, were refused, shot and killed her. He then blew out his brains with the same revolver.

Fire practically destroyed an entire square in the business section of Sandusky, O. Among the big buildings destroyed was the plant of A. Booth & Co., fish dealers. Several lumber yards were also burned. The total loss is es-

The secret service announces the discovery of a new counterfeit five dollar silver certificate, Lyons register, Roberts treasurer. It is a poor lithographic imitation of the genuine, printed on heavy paper, with red and blue ink

Charles H. Netcher, president and treasurer of the Boston store, Chicago, who with a career begun as "cash boy" in a dry goods store became the owner of downtown business property in Chicago said to be worth \$2,000,000, died as the result of an operation for

THE MARKETS.

false.

	New York, June 25.	1
	T TTT GEOCH CLOSE \$4 45 @ 6 30	1
ı	Hogs, State, Penn 570 W 500	
	Wheen and the state of the stat	(
	FLOUR-Minn Patents 4 90 @ 5 25 WHEAT-July 894@ 90 844@ 844	
		1
	CORN—September 58% 50 54	
,	RYE-No. 2 Western 13 60 1814	
	CHEESE 18 @ 18%	
i	EGGS 14 @ 21	
	CHICAGO.	ı
:	CATTLE-Prime Beeves \$6 35 @ 6 60	
•	Fed Texas Steers 4 40 (# 5 85	
	Heavy Steers 5 85 62 6 25	k
	Colves 225 @ 6.00	ľ
	HOGS-Assorted Light 5 20 00 5 30	1
	Heavy Packing 5 20 @ 5 35	1
ŀ	Heavy Mixed	1
	BUTTER-Creamery 12 @ 17%	1
•	Dairy	
1	EGGS_Fresh 13%@ 14%	í
	POTATOES—(New) per bu. 90 @ 1 20 MESS PORK—Cash	ŀ
:	LARD_Cash 6 80 @ 6 85	ě
	GRAIN-Wheat, July 84% 86%	(
•	Corn, July	1
W.	Oats, September 31%@ 32% Barley, Feed, Mixing 34 @ 40	
	Rye, July 60%@ 61	ŝ
	MILWAUKEE.	i
	GRAIN-Wheat, No. 1 Nor'n \$ 98 @ 9814	B
	Corn. July 1078 4 1078	8
	Oats, Standard 421/4 421/4 Rye, No. 1 67 @ 68	
•	KANSAS CITY.	
H	GRAIN-Wheat, July \$ 75 @ 75%	
	September 70%@ 70%	
	Corn, July 45%@ 46 Oats No. 2 White 41 @ 42	ľ
	Oats, No. 2 White 41 @ 42 ST. LOUIS.	3
	CATTLE-Beef Steers \$4 00 @ 6 25	1
	Texas Steers 2 75 @ 5 50	5
	HOGS-Packers 5 05 @ 5 20	1
	Butchers, Best Heavy 5 15 @ 5 40 SHEEP-Natives 4 00 @ 4 50	1
	SHEEP-Natives 4 00 @ 4 50 OMAHA.	
	CATTLE Native Steers \$1 50 @ 6 15	

OMAHA.

CATTLE—Native Steers... \$4 50 @ 6 15
Stockers and Feeders... 2 50 @ 4 10
Cows and Helfers... 3 25 @ 4 75
HOGS—Heavy ... 515 @ 5 25
SHEEP—Wethers... 4 50 @ 5 25

MANNERS OF ABYSSINIANS.

Great Attention Is Paid by Attendants in Waiting Upon Persons of Importance.

Capt. Maud, who recently traveled through Abyssinia, gives this picture of native life: "On our way down the mountain next day we were invited to a feast by the fitorari of the district, who was up there superintending the building of a church. Entering his 'tukle,' we were conducted to a settee covered with skins. Serving women brought us water to wash our hands and then flat baskets, on which were high piles of thin flat treads, like the 'chuppaties' of the east. The woman cooks brought in large dishes of stewed meat and, after tasting each dish to show that it was not poisoned, they picked out tit-bits and presented them to us on 'chuppaties.' The whole meal was served without plates, knives or forks. It is surprising how easily these necessities of our civilization can be dispensed with. Serving men meantime plied us with 'tej,' the national drink of Abyssinia, which is made from honey. Old 'tej' is very heady, but not unpleasant in taste. Abyssinians of importance never travel without their 'tei' women. These ladies make the 'tej' in camp and carry it on the march. The fitorari-a courteous and dignified Abyssinian—did not join us at this meal, but remained seated on his couch, giving orders for

Meeting an old chief of a wild tribe on the frontier, Capt. Maud proceeded to make friends with him, says the Chicago Daily News. "One of the boys placed a necklace round the old man's neck. The attention called from him the most sincere thanks, to which he gave expression by blowing a fine spray from his mouth on those round him. relative of Lieut. Gen. Chaffee, shot The circle quickly enlarged itself. Our old friend then made signals to the island and soon a raft was crossing the strip of water toward us. I met its crew as they landed and, after spitting on a bunch of grass, I solemnly presented it to them. They took it quite as a matter of course and returned the compliment. I then signified that I must be going and he was evidently much relieved. It was only after exerting his authority to the full that he got a man to paddle me to the mainland. As we parted he gave me his best wishes in a spray of tobacco juice from his mouth (my tobacco). I was so anxious that his last impressions should be good that I

took it without flinching." As to the difficulty of getting information from the natives Capt. Maud says: "I remember once telling a Somali, Fara, who acted as my interpreter in Mohamed Hassan's absence, to ask a Boran some simple question about the route. After ten minutes' conversation he appeared to be coming to an understanding with the Boran, so I asked what the man had said. My interpreter implored me not to interrupt, as he was just getting to the point. Nearly another ten minutes elapsed before my patience broke down and I demanded what he had elicited. 'He says that he is a very poor man and has only two cows, was his reply."

EASILY STOOD THE TEST.

He Had False Teeth and the Dentist's, Chair Had No Terrors

for Him.

A dentist received a call the other morning from a couple whom he soon had reasons to believe were lovers. The girl had an aching tooth, relates London Titbits, and as they entered the

young man said: "Now, darling, the worst is over. Just take a seat and it will be out in a minute."

"Oh. I daren't," she gasped. "But it won't hurt you at all, you know.'

"But I'm afraid it will." "It can't. I'd have one pulled in a minute if it ached."

"I don't believe it." "Well, then, I'll have one pulled out just to show you that it doesn't hurt." He took a seat, leant back, and opened his mouth, and the dentist seemed to be selecting a tooth to seize with his forceps, when the girl protested.

"Hold on! The test is sufficient. He

has proved his devotion. Move away,

Harry, and I'll have it pulled."

She took the chair, had the tooth drawn without a groan, and as she went out she was saying to the young man: "Now I can believe you when you declare that you would die for me."

Whelks as Money.

And yet every tooth in his head was

Dewarra, a currency of New Britain, is an instance of how the spoils of the chase may be turned to account as the outward and visible sign of wealth. Dewarra is made by stringing the shells of a dog-whelk upon the ribs of palm leaves. These strings may be retailed at so much a fathom-usually the price is equivalent to about three shillings a fathom length-or they may be made into various articles of personal adornment to be worn on great occasions. In New Britain the dewarra hoarded up by a rich man is produced at his funeral and divided amongst his heirs in much the same kind of way as personal property is divided amongst us.

Lightning Hair-Cut.

A hairdresser in the west end of Sunderland gives such of his patrons as may desire it a genuine "lightning hair-cut." The operation comb has stretched along the upper portion of its teeth a wire connected with a storage batter, which renders it red-hot as soon as the current is switched on. The comb is passed through the hair, and regulated so that the hair is singed off to the requisite length.