

St., Philadelphia, Pa., a man of good reputation and standing, writes: "Five years ago I was suffering so with my back and often had to lay off. The kidney secretions were

unnatural, my

legs and stomach were swollen, and I had no appetite. When doctors failed to help me I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and improved until my back was strong and my appetite returned. During the four years since I stopped using them I have enjoyed excellent health. The cure was permanent."

(Signed) George W. Renoff.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

### BY STRANGE ACCIDENTS.

A Jersey mosquito caused the death of a barber named Rosho Dorso at Har-

William P. Steele, of Princeton, Md., died a few months ago while setting up a monument over his wife's grave. The stone fell, crushing his head and

Emanuel Beveler, of Sterling, Ill., cut his throat on his high collar. He was riding a bicycle, and in trying to avoid a passing horse was thrown. In his fall his collar cut his throat.

While carrying a keg of beer intended for a picnic in Reading, Pa., one day recently Elmer Kerchoff stumbled over a wire. The keg slipped so suddenly that the jar disclocated his neck.

Margaret Kirchbaum died of eating hot potatoes. She was in a hurry to go

ative hydrographic work with the United States geological survey. It is to be used in maintaining records of the rise and fall, the ordinary overflow, floods and droughts of many of the streams in the state.

## STOLEN SQUIBS.

Binks-How does your new son-in-law strike you?

Hinks-For a V usually.

1

1

Mrs. Auger-I can't see why my husband should be jealous of me.

Her Friend-No one can my dear. Mr. Smith had a hard time to get his

Wellville."

# Suffered Agonies from Kidney Disorders ACCEPTS NOMINATION

ROOSEVELT'S LETTER TO THE NOTIFICATION COMMITTEE.

APPROVES PARTY PLATFORM

kidneys that I Says It Is Hard to Find Issues Upon Which Democrats Propose to Wage Campaign-His Views on Public Questions.

The following is a comprehensive synopsis of President Rooseveit's letter of acceptance of the republican nomination:

"Hon. J. G. Cannon, Chairman of the Notification Committee.—My Dear Sir: I accept the nomination for the presidency tendered me by the republican national convention, and cordially approve the platform adopted by it. In writing this letter there are certain points upon which I desire to lay especial stress.

"It is difficult to find out from the utterances of our opponents what are the real

"It is difficult to find out from the utterances of our opponents what are the real issues upon which they propose to wage this campaign. It is not unfair to say that, having abandoned most of the principles upon which they have insisted during the last eight years, they now seem at a loss, both as to what it is that they really believe, and as to how firmly they shall assert their belief in anything. In fact, it is doubtful if they venture resolutely to press a single issue; as soon as they raise one they shrink from it and seek to explain it away. Such an attitude is the probably inevitable result of the effort to improvise convictions; for when thus improvised, it is natural that they should be held in a tentative manner.

"The party now in control of the govern

ural that they should be held in a tentative manner.

"The party now in control of the government is troubled by no such difficulties. We do not have to guess at our own convictions, and then correct the guess if it seems unpopular. The principles which we profess are those in which we believe with heart and soul and strength. Men may differ from us; but they cannot accuse us of shiftiness or insincerity. The policies we have pursued are those which we earnestly hold as essential to the national welfare and repute. Our actions speak even louder than our words for the faith that is in us. We base our appeal upon what we have done and are doing, upon our record of administration and legislation during the last seven years, in which we have had complete control of the government. We intend in the future to carry on the government in the same way that we have carried it on in the past.

A Disrupted Party.

A Disrupted Party.

and the president says:

"Criticism of the action in this matter is simply criticism of the only possible action which could have secured the building of the canal; as well as the peace and quiet which we were, by treaty, bound to preserve along the line of transit across the isthmus. The service-rendered this country in securing the perpetual right to construct, maintain, operate and defend the canal was so great that our opponents do not venture to raise the issue in straightforward fashion; for if so raised there would be no issue."

Democratic Misrepresentation.

He charges misrepresentation on the part of the democrats in the statements of the conduct of the foreign policy of the administration and the operations of the navy, and asks:

istration and the operations of the navy, and asks:

"Do our opponents object to the way in which the Monroe doctrine has been strengthened and upheld? Never before has this doctrine been acquiesced in abroad as it is now; and yet, while upholding the rights of the weaker American republics against lotelign aggression, the administration has lost no opportunity to point out to these republics that those who seek equity should come with clean hands, and that whoever claims liberty as a right must accept the responsibilities that go with the exercise of the right. Do our opponents object to what was done in reference to the petition of American citizens against the kishenev massacre? or to the protest against the treatment of the Jews in Roumania? or to the efforts that have been made in behalf of the Armenians in Turkey? No other administration in our history, no other government in the world, has more consistently stood for the broadest spirit of brotherhood in our common humanity, or has held a more resolute attitude of protest against every wrong that outraged the civilization of the age, at home or abroad. Do our opponents object to the fact that the international tribunal at The Hague was rescued from impotence, and turned into a potent instrument for peace among the nations? This government has used that tribunal, and advonated

fact that American warships appeared promptly at the port of Beirut when an effort had been made to assassinate an American official, and in the port of Tangier when an American official, and in the port of Tangier when an American citizen had been abducted? and that in each case the wrong complained of was righted and expiated? and that within the last few days the visit of an American squadron to Smyrna was followed by the long-delayed concession of their just rights to those Americans concerned in educational work in Turkey? Do they object to the trade treaty with China, so full of advantage for the American people in the future? Do they object to the fact that the ships carrying the national flag now have a higher standard than ever before in marksmanship and in seamanship, as individual units and as component parts of squadrons and fleets? If they object to any or all of these things, we join issue with them.

"Executive Encroachments."

we join issue with them.

"Executive Encroachments."

"When our opponents speak of 'encroachments' by the executive upon the authority of congress or the judiciary, apparently the act they ordinarily have in view is Pension Order No. 78, issued under the authority of existing law. This order directed that hereafter any veteran of the civil war who had reached the age of 62 should be presumptively entitled to the pension of six dollars a month, given under the dependent pension law to those whose capacity to earn their livelihood by manual labor has been decreased 50 per cent., and that by the time the age of 70 was reached the presumption should be that the physical disability was complete; the age being treated as an evidential fact in each tase. This order was made in the performance of a duty imposed upon the president by an act of congress, which requires the executive to make regulations to govern the subordinates of the pension office in determining who are entitled to pensions. President Cleveland had already exercised this power by a regulation which declared that 75 should be set as the age at which total disability should be conclusively presumed. Similarly President McKinley established 65 as the age at which haif disability should be conclusively presumed. The regulations made under Presidents Cleveland and McKinley.

"If our opponents come into power they can revoke this order and announce that they will treat the veterans of 62 to 70 as presumably in full bodily vigor and not entitled to pensions. Will they now authoritatively state that they intend to do this? If so, we accept the issue. If not, then we have the right to ask why they raise an issue which, when raised, they do not venture to meet."

Criticisms of the administration's settlement of the coal strike and the suit them are the coal strike and the suit them to the coal strike and the suit them to the coal strike and the suit them. "Executive Encroachments."

ture to meet."

Criticisms of the administration's settlement of the coal strike and the suit against the Northern Securities company are cited, and the president says:

"Such mutually destructive criticisms furnish an adequate measure of the chance for coherent action or constructive legislation if our opponents should be given power."

## Democratic Policies.

From time to time schedules must undoubtedly be rearranged and readjusted to meet the shifting needs of the country; but this can with safety be done only by those who are committed to the cause of the protective system. To uproot and destroy that system would be to insure the prostration of business, the closing of factories the improversament of the farment

application of new inventions to universal use. The result has been an increasing in-terdependence of agriculture and manu-

factures."

Republican Reciprocity. On the subject of reciprocity the pres

On the subject of reciprocity the president says:

"Our opponents assert that they believe in reciprocity. Their action on the most important reciprocity treaty recently negotiated—that with Cuna—does not bear out this assertion. Moreover, there can be no reciprocaty unless there is a substantial tariff, free trade and reciprocal trade relations with other countries, these arrangements for reciprocal trade relations with other countries, these arrangements to be on an equitable basis of benefit to both the contracting parties. The republican party stands piedged to every wise and consistent method of increasing the foreign commerce of the country. That it has kept its piedge is proven by the fact that while the comestic trade of this country exceeds in volume the enthic export and import trade of all the nations of the world, the United States has in addition secured more than an eighth of the export trade of the world, standing first among the nations in this respect."

Of the proposition to reduce the size of the carmy the resident says:

the nations in this respect."

Of the proposition to reduce the size of the army the president says:

"If our opponents should come into power they could not reduce our army below its present size without greatly impairing its efficiency and abandoning part of the national duty. In short, in this matter, if our opponents should come into power they would either have to treat this particular promise of the year 1904 as they now treat the promises they made in 1896 and 1900, that is, as possessing no binding force; or else they would have to embark on a policy which would be ludicrous at the moment, and fraught with grave danger to the national honor in the future."

He reviews the administration of the government finances and refutes the charge that the government is administered extravagantly with facts and figures, and says:

says:

says:

"Do our opponents grudge the \$5,000,000
paid for the Panama canal? Do they intend to cut down on the pensions to the
veterans of the civil war? Do they intend
to put a stop to the irrigation policy? or
to the permanent census bureau? or to
immigration inspection? Do they intend
to be the permanent census bureau? or to
immigration inspection? Do they intend to
abolish rural free delivery? Do they intend
to cut down the navy? or the Alaskan
telegraph system? Do they intend to dismantle our coast fortifications? If there
is to be a real and substantial cutting down
in national expenditures it must be in such
matters as these. The department of agriculture has done service of incalculable
value to the farmers of this country in
many different lines. Do our opponents
wish to cut down the money for this service? They can do it only by destroying the
usefulness of the service itself."

Philippine Independence.

## Philippine Independence.

Philippine Independence.

He refers to the promise in the democratic platform to give independence to the Philippine islands, and after speaking of the folly of such a promise says:

"It may well be that our opponents have no real intention of putting their promise into effect. If this is the case, if, in other words, they are insincere in the promise they make, it is only necessary to say again that it is unwise to trust men who are false in one thing to deal with anything. The mere consciousness of broken faith would hamper them in continuing our policy in the islands; and only by continuing unchanged this policy can the honor of the country be maintained, or the interests of the islands and only by continuing unchanged the policy can the honor of the country be maintained, or the interests of the Filipinos by giving them independence and withdrawing American control from the islands, the result would be a frightful calamity to the Filipinos themselves, and in its larger aspect would amount to an international crime. Anarchy would follow; and the most violent anarchic forces would be directed partly against the civil government, partly against all forms of religious and educational civilization. Bloody conflicts would inevitably ensue in the archipelago, and just as inevitably the islands would become the prey of the first power which in its own selfish interest took up the task we had cravenly abandoned.

"During the last five years more has been done for the material and moral well-being of the Filipinos than ever before since the

margaret skrichaum dies of esting hot potatoes. She was in a burry to propose and the severament in the finance of the severament in the severament in the finance of the severament in the seve through the exercise of the powers conferred by these acts, and by the statutes of the last congress supplementing them, that the national government acquires any jurisdiction over the subject. To say that action against trusts and monopolies should be limited to the application of common law is equivalent to saying that the national government should take no action whatever to regulate them."

The Tariff Issues.

He charges the democrats with insincerity and evasiveness in their statements regarding a tariff policy, and says:
"Undoubtedly it would be possible at the present time to prevent any of the trusts from remaining prosperous by the simple expedient of making such a sweeping change in the tariff as to paralyze the industries of the country. The trusts would cease to prosper; but their smaller competitors would be ruined, and the wageworkers would starve, while it would not pay the farmer to haul his produce to market."

Continuing on the subject of the tariff, he says:

"From time to time schedules must undoubtedly be rearranged and readjusted to meet the shifting needs of the country."

In conclusion.

Conclusion.

In conclusion the president says:

"Our appeal is made to all good citizens who hold the honor and the interest of the nation close to their hearts. The great issues which are at stake, and upon which I have touched, are more than mere partisan issues, for they involve much that comes home to the individual pride and individual well-being of our people. Under conditions as they actually are, good Americans should refuse, for the sake of the welfare of the nation, to change the national policy. We, who are responsible for the administration and legislation under which this country, during the last seven years, has grown so greatly in well-being at home and in honorable repute among the nations of the earth abroad, do not stand inertly upon this record, do not use this record as an excuse for failure of effort to meet new conditions. On the contrary, we treat the record of what we have done in the past as incitement to do even better in the future. We believe that the progress that we have made may be taken as a measure of the progress we shall continue to make if the people again entrust the government of the nation to our hands. We do not stand still. We press steadily forward toward the goal of moral and material well-being for our own people, of just and fearless dealing toward all other peoples, in the interest not merely of this country, but of mankind. There is not a policy, foreign or domestic, which we are now carrying out, which it would not be disastrous to reverse or abandon. If our opponents should come in and should not reverse our policies, then they would be branded with the brand of broken faith, of false promise, of insincerity in word and aband abould be fealous of me.

Her Friend-No one can my dear.

Mr. Smith had a hard time to get his the strengthened and upplicit? Now a publicit? Now a publicit. Now a publicit of the strengthened and upplicit? Now a publicit. Now a publicit of the strengthened and upplicit? Now a publicit. Now a publicit of the strengthened and upplicit. Now a public of the strengthened and upplicit. Now and the strengthened and upplicit. Now a public of the strengthened and upplicit. Now and the strengthened and the str

MAKING TOO LIGHT OF IT. 243.75 CREAM SEPARATO

Drug Clerk Who Meeded to Learn the First Principles of His Business.

"I notice," said the chemist to his assistant, in a Smith's Weekly yarn, "that a gentleman came in with a prescription, and that you took it and gave him the stuff in about three minutes. What do you mean by that?"

three minutes. What do you mean by that?"

"It was only a little carbolic acid and water," replied the assistant. "I simply had to pour a few drachms of acid into the bottle, and fill it up with water."

"Never mind if you had only to do that," the chemist declared. "Don't you know that every prescription must take at least half an hour to prepare, or the customer will think he isn't getting anything for his money?

"When a prescription for salt and water or peppermint and cough sirup is handed to you, you must look doubtfully, as if it were very hard to make up. Then you must bring it to me, and we will both read it and shake our heads. After that you go back to the customer and ask him if he wants it to-day. When he says yes you answer that you'll make a special effort.

"Now, a patient appreciates a prescription that he's had so much trouble over, and when he takes it he derives some benefit from it. But don't you do any more of that three-minute prescription business, my boy, if you want to become a first-class

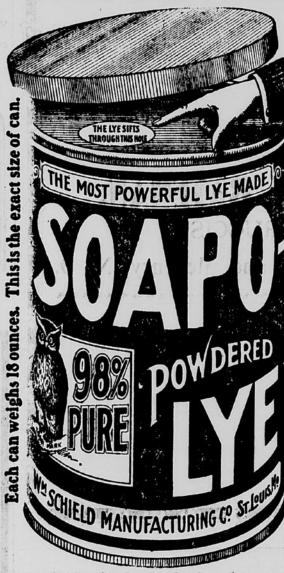
that three-minute prescription business, my boy, if you want to become a first-class enemist."

Not Far Off.

Teacher—Now, then, what do we mean by composition? Little Girl (eagerly)—Please, miss, com-position is the art of bringing simple ideas into complication.—Manila Times.

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Present this "ad" to your grocer within five days, and he will give you 2 dime cans of

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This Lye is wonderful for curing FOOT DISEASES of Sheep, preventing Hog Chol-era and Washing Trees.

Special Notice. We could not afford this expensive adver-tising unless we posi-tively knew BOAPO-LYE to be the MOST POWERFUL LYP MADE, and that it would do all we claim. See our guarantee on can label.

Your Money Back if it Fails to Do the Work.

NOTICE TO RETAIL OROCERS When your customer hands you this advertisement and buys I can of Soape-Lys for 10 cents, please give her (or him) I can Free with their first purchase. If you are not carrying Soape-Lye in stock, send us your order and WE WILL GIVE YOU ENOUGH FREE GOODS TO TAKE CARE OF THESE "ADS" AT SPLENDID PROFIT TO YOU. We want every housekeeps: to get one can of Soape-Lye at our expense.
WM. SCHIELD HANUFACTURING COMPANY, ST. LOUIS, MO.



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Strawberry and **Vegetable Dealers** 

The Passenger Department of the Illinois Central Railroad Company have recently issued a publica-tion known as Circular No. 13, in which is described

best territory in this country for the growing of early strawberries and early vegetables. Every dealer in such products should address a postal card to the undersigned at SEBUQUE, SOWA, requesting a copy of "Circular Ed. 12." J. F. MERS Y. Ast. tical Pass' Access.

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LES ANAKESIS gives the lift and POSITIVE LY CURES PILES. For free sample address "ANAKESIS." Tribune building, New York

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