MISS BULL RECOVERS

FEARFUL DECLINE OF STRENGTH COMPLETELY ARRESTED.

Medical Skill Had Almost Exhausted Itself in Vain Attempts to Relieve Her--A Remarkable Result.

The recovery of Miss Gertrude L. Bull is of great interest to the medical world. A very bad cough followed a severe attack of pneumonia. It seemed impossible to break it up or to restore her strength, which had been sadly undermined. In spite of the best efforts of the doctors and the use of several advertised modes of treatment her condition daily grew more serious. She finally discontinued all medicine and gave herself up to despair.

"What was your condition at this time?" she was asked.

"My stomach was so weak I could not keep food down. I suffered from constant nausea. My kidneys were in terrible condition. My feet and ankles were swollen so badly that it pained me even to stand on them. I was very bilious. My heart was in bad shape so I could not go up and down stairs or stand any exertion or sleep in a natural position."

"It seems a wonder that you should ever have recovered. How did it happen?"

"You may well call it a marvel, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills wrought it. None of my friends thought I could live many months longer. My parents had no hope. Just then a pamphlet advertising Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People was thrown in our door. It was a great event for me. These pills saved me from the grave. Within a week from the time I began to take them I felt better, and in three months I was entirely well. I cannot praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills too highly and I dearly hope that my experience may bring good to some other sufferers."

Miss Bull, who was so remarkably cured, resides at Union Grove, Illinois. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act immediately on the blood, purifying and enriching it. In all debilitating diseases, such as lung troubles, grip, fevers, and in all cases in which the system is thoroughly run down, these pills perform wonders. They are sold by all druggists throughout the world. A valuable booklet on diseases of the blood, will be sent free to any one who applies for it to Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

A 480 ACRE FARM YIELDS 25 PER CENT. PROFIT A YEAR.

What a Mercer County (Ohio) Farmer Received from One Year's Crop.

Extracts from an interesting letter from P. H. Rynhard, of Starbuck, Manitoba, Canada, gives an excellent idea of the prosperity of those who have gone from the United States to Canada. He says:

"I bought, August, 1903, 480 acres of land, paying $12,000 for it. We threshed 2,973 bushels of wheat and between 1,200 and 1,300 bushels of oats and barley from 200 acres. But part of the wheat went down before filling, and was not harvested except for hay. The crop was worth at threshing time $3,000. Besides 120 acres laying idle, except a timothy meadow, which is not included in this estimate. Counting the value of the product and the increase of value of land will pay me more than 25 per cent. on the investment. Two brothers in the same neighborhood bought 160 acres each six years ago. They have not done a single thing to this land except to fence it and break and cultivate about one-half of it. Harvested last year 28 bushels wheat per acre. This year 27 bushels per acre. They can get any day $25 per acre. These are only a few of many hundreds of such chances. It looks like boasting, but truth is justifiable, and the world ought to know it, especially the home-seeker. I know of quite a few farmers that have made fortunes in from 10 to 20 years, retired with from $20,000 to $100,000.

Writing concerning another district in the Canadian West, S. L. Short says:

"Dear Sir:—I have to inform you that I have just returned from the Carrot River Country in Saskatchewan, where I located land of the very finest black vegetable loam, which I am proud of, and will move in the spring. Farmers are still plowing there. A mild climate and beautiful country to behold. Cattle are fat and running outside. Wood and water good. Saw oats weighing 42 pounds to bushel. Potatoes large and well ripened; also wheat that brought there 82 cents. The country exceeded my expectations. Saw oats in stock, thicker on the ground than appears in many of the illustrations sent out in descriptive pamphlets. I have been in many western states, but the soil excels any I ever saw."

The Canadian Government Agents at different points report that the inquiries for literature and railroad rates, etc., to Western Canada are the greatest in the history of their work.

A Comparison.

"You say you did not seek the office?"

"Yes, sir. The office sought me."

"I understand. You are like one of these men who claim credit because they set a trap for game instead of going out and shooting it."—Washington Star.

Effects of Prosperity.

In the six years of the country's greatest prosperity, from 1897 to 1903, average prices of breadstuffs advanced 65 per cent., meats 23.1 per cent., dairy and garden products 50.1 per cent. and clothing 24.1. All these were products of the farmer and stockman who profited more than any other class of the community by these advances. The miner benefited 42.1 per cent. by that advance in the average price of metals. The only decrease in the average prices of commodities in that period was in railway freight rates, which decreased from .798 per ton-mile in 1897 to .763 in 1903, a loss of 4.4 per cent. The report of the Interstate Commerce Commission shows that the average increase in the pay of railroad employes in that period was a trifle above 8.5 per cent.

The Case of Jones.

"Jones has got him a nag."

"Fast horse?"

"No; mean wife."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

ENCOURAGING A MAN

A PERPLEXING QUESTION HOW FAR A YOUNG WOMAN SHOULD GO.

In Their Anxiety for Attention, Many Girls Cheapen Themselves — The Fairly Good-Looking, Every-Day Girl Often Feels It Her Duty to Go More Than Half Way — Modesty the Best Policy in the Long Run.

BY KATE UPSON CLARK,
(Author of "Bringing Up Boys," etc.; president of the Wheaton club, New York.)

(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

"But he was so dreadfully shy" protested the girl.

"It makes no difference," argued her shocked mother. "You should not have done it. A young girl should never send her visiting card to a young man under any circumstances."

"It seems to me," continued the girl, "that I might send my card when my address has been changed. He is the son of a well-known clergyman——"

"Ministers' sons are often creadful fellows!" interrupted the mother.

"But he is not, and you know it. He is simply very diffident. If he had ever asked me if he might write to me I should have dropped him a line——"

"It is a wonder that you did not ask him to correspond with you," commented the mother, coldly.

"Girls do sometimes—just that—nice girls, too."

"I should hope that my daughter never would!"

"Well, I certainly did not in this case. I just sent him my card to show that I had gone to X—— college, instead of Y——, as I had told him when we last met. X—— college is near him, you know."

"Oh, of course, he understood that you were perfectly crazy to have him call upon you. He will probably despise you as one of these forward creatures who haven't a particle of modesty."

"But now he has written to the matron to ask if he may call, and she has referred to you, mother. I have told you exactly how the matter stands, and you have been terribly hard on me, but I hope you will write to Mrs. S—— and tell her that he may call."

The mother, after more expostulation, allowed the young man to call upon her daughter. All this happened 15 years ago. The girl and the young man have been married ten years and the match has turned out to be an exceptionally happy one.

Nevertheless the mother was right, and in most cases the young man would really have despised the girl.

* * *

Talking over this question with the judicious mother of three marriageable daughters she said of her eldest, a plain and rather too serious, but truly lovely, girl: "Adela might have been married to any one of three or four delightful young men, if she had only been willing to show them how much she liked them. No young man wants to be 'turned down,' and Adela is so painfully anxious to reveal no undue liking that she went to the other extreme.

One after another they dropped off. I do not know that she was in love with any one of them, but I feel sure that she liked them all rather uncommonly well, and they were such fine fellows that she might have grown to love any one of them—or so it seemed to her father and me. But she has a horror of what are slangily called 'man-chasers', and therefore she remained so strictly impartial that nobody could tell her feelings at all. It is a great puzzle, deciding how far a modest girl should go in 'encouraging' a young man," sighed the mother.

* * *

A distinguished writer has promulgated the doctrine that there will be no equality between the love-suitor and the suited until the economic question is better adjusted between men and women. She reminds us that in families where the woman has more money than her husband he almost never sues for divorce. The man, in our present social condition, has more to give to the woman than she has to give to him, especially in our older and more thickly settled states. Therefore she is, as a rule, more desirous of marrying him than he is of marrying her. Yet she must not show this desire, since tradition has made it almost a crime for any woman to dare to fall in love with any man until his majesty shall indicate that he wishes to have her.

Now for the exceptionally beautiful or graceful or entertaining or rich girls, who are all more or less in a position to dictate terms, the situation is not very hard. But a vast number of girls belonging to good families cannot properly be classed under any one of these heads—they are just fairly good looking, everyday, commonplace girls, often with strongly lovable hearts or characters, which cannot be displayed in society, where only the showier traits usually appear. If they fall deeply in love, as many of them do, without proper encouragement, they sometimes trangress the laws of decorum and over-step that feminine modesty which some of us consider to be the foundation of good society.

Thus in a certain great western city a young woman in a well-paid and intellectual occupation, is apparently so deeply enamored of a young business man that his aunt, with whom he lives, has had to ask her to discontinue her frequent visits to the house. The girl, who has to pass the place on her way to and from her daily work, had taken up the habit of calling for him to walk to her office with her, as his work lay in the same direction! But the aunt has not saved her nephew from this determined young person, who now steps up to a certain window and taps on the pane to let him know that she is there.

"And does he go out and join her?" asked the listener to this extraordinary story.

"He gets right up, hurries on his hat and coat, and walks off gaily with this peculiar girl. Now she belongs to a respectable family, is well educated, and nobody breathes a word against her character. How can she do this?"

"But he must despise her."

"On the contrary he seems fascinated with her. She is evidently determined to 'get' him and his aunt thinks that she may succeed."

One can only say that to most sensible men—and this young man has been considered sensible heretofore—this girl's conduct would be simply revolting. It seems as though there must be something exceptional in the circumstances which has not appeared in the story.

* * *

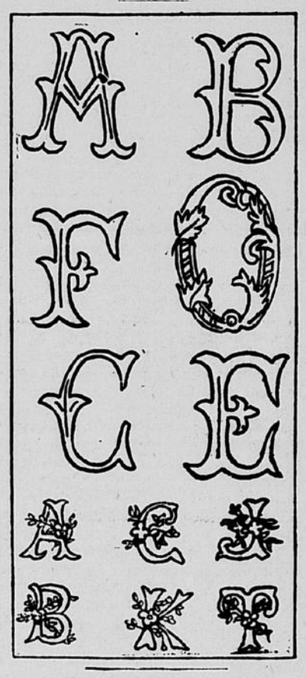
Certain Scriptural and classical tales lead us to infer that this condition of things dates from those earliest ages, "before Saturn came into Italy." Even our own American grandmothers sometimes allowed their feelings to get the better of them. Many years ago a charming old gentleman (long since departed from this life) related to his nephew's wife, between whom and himself there was a bond of tender affection, the following remarkable tale:

"You never knew your Aunt Lucy, but her portrait and what you have heard of her must tell you that she was an uncommon woman. She was very handsome, very talented, very rich, and she had scores of lovers. I had adored her for years, but the idea that she could ever care for me, exceping as a friend, I had never dared to cherish. I was a modest man—too modest—as she told me often in later life.

"One summer, in the old stage-coach days, her father put her in my charge to make a two days' journey. We had to ride all night. There were nine in the coach. Her place was just opposite to mine. I fell asleep early and sat with my head resting on a broad leather band which had been stretched in front of us for that purpose. Suddenly I was roused from my stupor by feeling a pair of smooth lips pressed gently on my forehead. It was so lightly done that I could hardly tell whether it was a dream or reality. But the next day I proposed to your Aunt Lucy, and we had more than 40 happy years together. She had supposed that I was too sound asleep to know what she had done, and had been wild with shame when she thought of the other alternative; but if her feelings had not overcome her for just that instant I should never have dared to speak to her, and then how poor my life would have been!"

Nevertheless, "Aunt Lucy's" example cannot be commended as one to be followed. Modesty forever remains a cardinal virtue, especially in women.

EMBROIDERY INITIALS.



FASHION'S FRILLS.

Brown is the leading color in veiling, remarks the Brooklyn Eagle.

Animals' heads decorate the newest designs in women's umbrellas.

A novelty in veils is one of changeable or double shot chiffon.

Plum red is one of the colors favored by Parisian dressmakers and combines especially well with violet and heliotrope.

Wide girdles of Parisian origin are still in demand, but they are modified to suit American ideas and figures.

Silk negligees and sacques, principally of plain and fancy china silk, are expected to be much in evidence during the coming season.

Special styles in corset covers to wear with the new lingerie waists are being introduced.

Beautiful wide fancy collar and cuff sets mostly in white are on view.

Shot silks in the new colorings are as soft and drape as gracefully as the much prized India muslins of olden days.

In the parasol advance guard inserted ribbon and hemstitching are pronounced features of the coaching type.

Bluebell and edelweiss are the latest designs in embroideries.

Washable Silk Underwear.

It is very smart these days to have all one's underwear, even to one's corset, washable, and the best of fancy silk petticoats are now made of washable silk. The new washable silks are triumphs in the art of silk making and the wash silk shirt waists and wash silk dress skirts would surprise the old fashioned dressmaker of a few years ago, who labored under the impression that silk would spot if wet. Two-thirds of the summer silks are washable.

They are promising many novelties in the wash silk line and all women should do well to watch out for them, for they will be handsome and well adapted to nice wear as well as to common wear.

Complexion Diet.

The things for a woman to eat whose complexion is not above reproach are cooked vegetables, raw and cooked salads and stewed fruits. The cooked salads are those that are made of vegetables and the Russian salads, which are composed of shredded beets, cold potatoes, string beans and peas, all beautifully dressed, with mayonnaise, a dish fit for the czar.—Boston Budget.

PROUD GRAND DUKES

THE CZAR'S AMBITIOUS AND SCHEMING RELATIVES.

The Russian Throne Endangered by Those Nearest It—History May Repeat Itself—Power Behind So-Called Ruler.

Their influence upon the czar has been strikingly demonstrated by the course of events since the fall of Port Arthur, although observers have long been aware of the pernicious effect which the grand dukes have had upon the course of Russian policy. Foremost in the public eye is Grand Duke Vladimir, who is quite prepared to be his nephew's heir at any moment, and who would no doubt resort to the old-fashioned methods of repression, despising all petitions or deputations, whether of police origin or genuine. The deep faith of the Russian people in their religion is shown by the persistent unpopularity of Grand Duchess Vladimir; 31 years ago when the grand duke married Duchess Marie of

GRAND DUKE CONSTANTINE.

Mecklenburg (she is the aunt of the prince consort of the Netherlands) the bride refused to follow the usual rule of becoming a member of the Orthodox Greek church, and she has ever since remained a Lutheran, though, of course, her children are brought up in the Russian state religion. A year or so ago, she with her son, Grand Duke Cyril, was thrown out of a motor car whilst holiday-making in the Riviera. The occurrence horrified the peasants, who heard of it, not a little. But it was only what they expected from an infidel. Grand Duke Cyril has gained public sympathy by his romantic attachment to the grand duchess of Hesse, but apparently the obstacles to the marriage have not yet been removed.

What the czar has to fear is not so much the uprising of his people, but a palace revolution instituted by his august relatives when his actions do not command their approval. A century ago his ancestor was "removed" in a manner equaled only by the Servian tragedy of May 29, 1903, and curiously enough Count Pahlen, who was the leading spirit in the removal, is to-day represented on the czar's entourage by a direct descendant.

The unwillingness of the grand ducal faction to allow the czar to depart from Russia or even to consent to the czarina's absence just now (though she will,

GRAND DUKE CYRIL.

it is said, shortly visit Germany) is due to the fact that the people will submit to their acknowledged ruler's action, but would decline to allow a regency in name, though it apparently exists in fact.

The grand dukes have been singularly unfortunate in the creatures they have selected to carry out their plans. Alexieff, for whom they secured the appointment of viceroy of the far east, has plunged Russia into a war of which the end is not yet. And the procurator of the holy synod, M. Pobiedonotseff, represents the most reactionary element in Russian affairs, though the recent addition of stripes to his parade trousers may be an indication of greater influence with the czar! All the czar's relatives share in the vast sum known as the Romanoff family fund, over which the czar is said to have absolute control.

WISE WIFE'S SURPRISES.

Little Attentions Which She Renders Make Married Life a Complete Success.

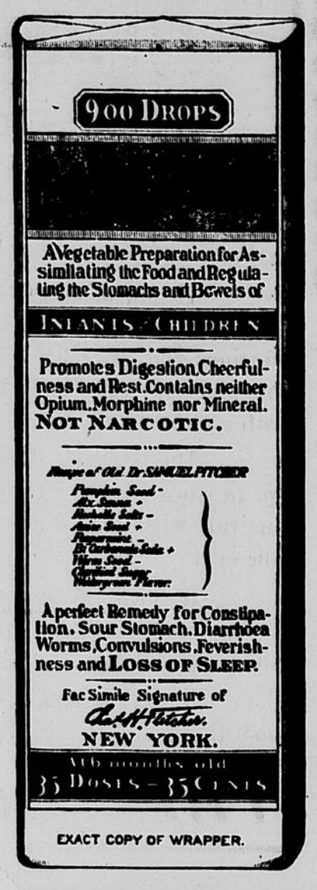
The successful wife keeps on hand a little bomb in case of need. She keeps a surprise tucked up her sleeve, where it can be fired on a moment's notice, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. Maybe it is a carnation for his coat lapel; maybe it is his favorite pudding served extra; perhaps it is the baby's picture framed for his desk. Something she has ready, and when his affection needs jogging she does not hesitate to do the jogging.

Why, a bunch of violets or a knot of bright ribbon where it adds the most to the wife's charms almost makes a man forget that he is hungry. A saucy pinch with the usual kiss or a merry chase away from the accustomed greeting will almost make a man forget that he is married to the adorable creature. A stage whisper now and then and a twinkle of mischief are worth hours of cooing. The woman who buries her roguishness on her wedding day robs her home of much of its happiness.

What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. F. Gerald Blattner, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "Your Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, always obtaining the desired results."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisengraeber, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my sanitarium and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eskildson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly has merit. Is not its age, its continued use by mothers through all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician add? Leave it to the mothers."

Dr. Albert J. Weston, of Cleveland, O., says: "I have used your Castoria in my practice for the past eighteen years with the utmost success."

Dr. Edwin F. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Sizer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what ingredients are put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

A Sure Cure for Weakness, Pain, Rheumatism, and all Blood and Nerve Troubles, for General Debility, Skin Diseases, Catarrh, Indigestion, Misuse and Heart Diseases.

DR. C. PUSHECK.

Pusheck's Kuro tones up and strengthens the brain, spinal cord and all the nerves. It increases appetite, stimulates the heart, purifies and enriches the blood, and imparts vitality. It does not contain opium, cocaine or any other injurious drugs. Pusheck's Kuro restores energy and ambition, gives strength and vigor to every organ, hardens flabby muscles, restores lost powers, strengthens the mind, cures sleeplessness, recharges the system with force and energy, brings new life into every fibre; your former energy will return to every nerve and muscle. Four-fifths of the unhappiness and misery in the world is due to weak nerves. It makes weak men strong and tired women happy, restores lost nerve force, causes cheeks to glow and eyes to sparkle and makes the step elastic. Nor is it a temporary improvement, but a permanent cure.

The most prevalent Blood and Skin Diseases are rheumatism, scrofula, anæmia, paleness, ulcers, piles, varicose veins, soft flabby flesh, weak eyes, ringing in the ears, poor sleep, gout, tumors, muscular or bone pains, boils, eczema, pimples, sores, etc. All these and many more are also cured with Pusheck's Kuro.

To introduce it in your community
I WILL SEND YOU
Pusheck's Kuro
ON TRIAL
—Send the Coupon—and I will send a box of 200 tablets by mail. If it helps you, send me $1.00; if it does not benefit you, it costs you nothing. You deposit no money and incur no liability.

ALL ADVICE FREE. Write to-day.
Dr. C. PUSHECK,
192 Washington St., Chicago.
This Offer is also good in Canada.

COUPON.
Cut this out, or copy it, and send it to Dr. Pusheck, Chicago.
I have never used Pusheck's Kuro but will give it a fair trial.
Name .....
P. O. Address .....
Age .....
Occupation .....
Name of Disease .....
Name of this paper ..... K G
THIS MONEY IS NOT TO BE PAID FOR UNLESS IT BENEFITS.

For Sale for $1.00 at Druggists.

That scratching sound emanating from Indiana is not all made by the hens; the poets are making some of it.—Chicago Chronicle.

Salzer's Home Builder Corn.

So named because 50 acres produced so heavily, that its proceeds built a lovely home. See Salzer's catalog. Yielded in Ind. 157 bu., Ohio 160 bu., Tenn. 198 bu., and in Mich. 220 bu. per acre. You can beat this record in 1905.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE YIELDS?
120 bu. Beardless Barley per acre.
310 bu. Salzer's New National Oats per A.
80 bu. Salzer Speltz and Macaroni Wheat.
1,000 bu. Pedigree Potatoes per acre.
14 tons of rich Billion Dollar Grass Hay.
60,000 lbs. Victoria Rape for sheep—per A.
160,000 lbs. Teosinte, the fodder wonder.
54,000 lbs. Salzer's Superior Fodder Corn—rich, juicy fodder, per A.

Now such yields you can have in 1905, if you will plant my seeds.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their great catalog and lots of farm seed samples. [K. L.]

No royal family has ever yet found an umbrella that was a perfect protection in a reign of terror.—Boston Globe.

RESTORED HIS HAIR.

Scalp Humour Cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment After All Else Had Failed.

"I was troubled with a severe scalp humor and loss of hair that gave me a great deal of annoyance and inconvenience. After unsuccessful efforts with many remedies and so-called hair tonics, a friend induced me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The humor was cured in a short time, my hair was restored as healthy as ever, and I can gladly say I have since been entirely free from any further annoyance. I shall always use Cuticura Soap, and I keep the Ointment on hand to use as a dressing for the hair and scalp. (Signed) Fred'k Busche, 213 East 57th St., New York City."

The average man meets temptation about three-fourths of the way.—Chicago News.

Rheumatism

is a dread malady. It cripples many thousands each year, and in many cases it is little short of a lingering death. The new remedy—Pusheck's Kuro—is accomplishing many marvelous cures, and even the most obstinate cases yield to this medicine. Inflammatory, muscular or joint rheumatism can receive no treatment equal to Pusheck's-Kuro. You will notice an almost instant improvement. At most druggists or direct from Dr. C. Pusheck, Chicago, upon receipt of $1. Write for illustrated book.

Man made money is better than a money made man.—The Commoner.

Union Made $3.50 SHOES For Men.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. $10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

EQUAL $5.00 SHOES.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for years, and consider them equal to any $5.00 shoe now on the market. They have given entire satisfaction."—Wm. H. Anderson, Real Estate Agent, Kansas City, Mo.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest patent leather produced.

Fast Color Eyelets will not wear Brassy.

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25 cents extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

EXCURSIONS

FARMS WESTERN CANADA FREE

TO THE FREE GRANT LANDS of WESTERN CANADA

During the months of March and April, there will be Excursions on the various lines of railway to the Canadian West.

Hundreds of thousands of the best Wheat and Grazing Lands on the Continent free to the settler.

Adjoining lands may be purchased from railway and land companies at reasonable prices. For information as to route, cost of transportation, etc., apply to SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or to

CHAS. PILLING, Clifford Blk., Grand Forks, N. Dak.
J. M. MACHLAN, Box 116, Watertown, South Dakota.
M. T. HOLMES, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.
Authorized Canadian Government Agents.

SOUTHERN CONDITIONS ARE POSSIBILITIES.

In no part of the United States has there been such wonderful Commercial, Industrial and Agricultural development as along the lines of the Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroads in the States of Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana, within the past ten years. Cities and towns have doubled their population. Splendid business blocks have been erected. Farm lands have more than doubled in value. Hundreds of industries have been established and as a result there is an unprecedented demand for

Day Laborers, Skilled Workmen, and especially Farm Tenants.

Parties with small capital, seeking an opportunity to purchase a farm home; farmers who would prefer to rent for a couple of years before purchasing; and day laborers in fields or factories should address a postal card to Mr. J. F. Merry, Asst. General Passenger Agent, Dubuque, Iowa, who will promptly mail printed matter concerning the territory above described, and give specific replies to all inquiries.

"THINGS WORTH KNOWING"

AUSTIN, TEX.	MUSKOKEE, I. T.
DALLAS, TEX.	WACO, TEX.
FT. WORTH, TEX.	SAN ANTONIO, TEX.
GALVESTON, TEX.	SHAWNEE, O. T.
GUTHRIE, O. T.	SO. McALESTER, I. T.
HOUSTON, TEX.	OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T.

The Largest Cities in
TEXAS, OKLAHOMA AND INDIAN TERRITORY
Are all Located on the
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY

P. S.—This is a reason why you should travel and ship your freight via "The Katy"

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with the peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is unsuccessful. Thoroughly cleanses, stops discharges, heals inflammation and soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.

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