This Spring's Exedus to Canada Greater Than Ever.

It was thought in 1903, when over forty-five thousand people went from the United States to Canada, that the limit of the yearly emigration to the wheat zone of the Continent had been reached. But when in 1904 about as large a number of American citizens signified their intention of becoming settlers on Canadian lands, the general public were prepared for the announcement of large numbers in 1905. No surprise therefore will be caused when it is made known that the predictions of fully fifty thousand more in 1905 are warranted in the fact that the Spring movement Canadaward is greater than it has ever been. The special trains from Omaha, Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, and other gateways, have been crowded. Many have gone to join friends and relatives who have prepared homes for them, and others have gone relying upon their own resources, satisfied that what others have done can also be done by them. This year much new territory has been opened up by the railroads, which are extending their main lines and throwing out branches in their march across the best grain and grazing lands on the Continent. This new territory has attractions for those desiring to homestead on the one hundred and sixty acres granted each settler by the Canadian Government. Many also take advantage of the opportunity to purchase lands at the low figures at which they are now being

It does not require much thought to convince one that if Iowa, Illinois, Minnesota and other lands, with a value of from fifty to one hundred and fifty dollars an acre will give a good living by producing ten to thirteen bushels of wheat to the acre and thirty to fifty bushels of corn to the acre, the lands of Western Canada at seven to ten dollars an acre, producing from twenty to thirty bushels of a superior wheat to the acre, should produce a competence to the ordinary farmer in a very few years. These are the facts as they confront the reader. There are millions of acres of such land in Western Canada in addition to the other millions that are considered to be portion of the biggest and best ranges that ever invited the American continent. What is particularly evident in Western Canada is the fact that the wheat lands, adjoinparticularly agreeable and profitable. The agents of the Canadian Government, who are always willing to give information and advice to intending settlers, say that the acreage put under crop this season is greatly in excess of last season.

RACIAL PECULIARITIES.

A Burmese mile nearly equals two English ones. The word for "mile" in Burmese means "to sit," and so a mile is the distance that a man goes before he considers it necessary to sit down.

competition at literary examinations, ality of cases more beautiful. in which every successful candidate is a probable mandarin.

wife of a learned judge.

Cannot Reduce a Rate.

It is stated in Washington, that under the Townsend rate bill, if a rate is fixed by the Commission it cannot be lowered by a railroad. Should an emergency arise calling for a decreased rate, the railroads or shippers would have to appeal again to the Commission, there being no latitude allowed, whatever the circumstances. Hitherto a maximum rate has been the rule, but no such concession is made under the proposed leg-

Progress would be even more rapid than it is if we were all as anxious to earn all the money we get as we are to get all the money we earn.—Puck.

Life-Saving Stations.

More lives can be saved by having many small stations along the coast than by having only one extra large one. Pusheck's Kuro is now on sale at almost Pusheck's Kuro is now on sale at almost all drug stores in the country. If your Druggist has not got it induce him to keep it. This multiplies the number of life saving stations. Pusheck's Kuro is the best remedy known for stomach troubles, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Pain, Weakness, Scrofula and all diseases of the Blood or Nerves. Price \$1. If your druggist will not supply you, send to Dr. C. Pusheck, Chicago.

Grand Island, Neb.

Dr. Pusheck's Remedy has done wonders for me, and I want to recommend it to all sufferers.

Fred Hardekopf.

The Easter bonnet may be a dream, but the Easter bonnet bill is simply a nightmare.-Atlanta Journal.

Write to S. G. Warner, G. P. & T. A., Write to S. G. Warner, G. P. & T. A.,
Kansas City Southern Ry., Kansas City,
Mo., for information concerning free
Government Homesteads, New Colony
Locations, Improved farms, Mineral lands,
Rice lands, and Timber lands and for
copy of "Current Events," Business Opportunities, Rice book, K. C. S. Fruit
book. Cheap round trip homeseekers'
tickets on sale first and third Tuesdays of
each month. The short line to the "Land
of Fulfillment."

When a man is his own worst enemy, an offer of mediation is always considered impertment.—Puck.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago —Mrs. Thes. Robbins, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

The "I-told-you-so" man never seems to win any bets.—N. Y. Times.



WONDERS OF FROST TO SAVE THE BIRDS

SCIENTISTS NOT YET SOLVED WAYS IN WHICH ALL MAY MYSTERIES OF TRACINGS.

Beautiful Pictures Painted on Our The Audubon Societies Represent a Window-Panes Worthy of Careful Study-No Two Alike.

It is only when frost breaks our water pipes and commits other devastation on our property that we realize the extent of its magic power over which we have absolutely no control. But when on a frosty morning we see a remarkable picture in flaky whiteness deposited on our window panes by this same power, it does not strike and something to be expected during a sharp spell of frost. But have you ular. If we are men, we can refrain ever looked into one of these frost pictures and examined it in all its minute detail? If so, then you will have noticed how beautiful is the work like devices which appear on our windows are alike, and, although many attempts have been made, no one has same picture twice.

of myriads of minute crystals, and it a score of dead ones. We can teach has been calculated that in a single



inch of this fairy work there are no cattle and horse producer of the North | fewer than 10,000 particles. The minute drops of water upon the window draw together in freezing, and so produce a picture of wonderful beauty, ing the grazing lands, make farming but there is nothing to show why they should take the devices of ferns and other verdure, except that there is some mysterious power at work which causes the frost to adapt itself to the life of nature as seen in the fields; but what this power is remains for some scientist of the future to prove.

The frost pictures produced on a window vary according to the degrees of frost registered. If the weather is very keen, the pattern will be coarse; but a curious point is that the action of wind upon the dew which is freezing upon the glass makes no difference at all to the pattern. On the other In China the stage is considered the hand, if only a few degrees of frost lowest of professions. Actors share with barbers the pain of exclusion from the infinitely finer, and in the gener-

Yet another curious point may be noticed if the several panes of glass The wives of several prominent New in a window are studied one by one. Zealand gentlemen are tattooed upon The pattern on each of them is totally the chin. These ladies are true Maories. different; on one the picture may be or aborigines, and they are women of made up of minute frost-ferns interwoven with each other in a manner which would defy human skill to imitate, while on the adjoining pane the ferns may be larger, and show no inclination whatever to take upon themselves any definite pattern. Moreover, it will be found that one pattern will be duplicated all over a pane of glass, and on the next pane a different pattern will be duplicated in the same manner. And yet the two pictures side by side bear not the slightest similarity to each other.

The study of frost is as yet in its infancy, and the great savants who have made wonderful discoveries in ence have never turned their attention to frost and its wonderful work. Here is an example of familiarity breeding contempt, for these frost pictures are so common during the winter months that few people see anything extraordinary in them.

There is one man, however, who has devoted many years to the study of frost in all its forms, and that is Mr. James Leadbeater, of Rotherham, by whom this photograph was taken. Every winter this gentleman patiently waits for the frost, and then in the special room he has fitted up for the purpose photographs it in all its beauty, and never-once has he obtained two pictures in the least alike. His method is to place a blackboard about two feet outside the window, and then from the interior of the room he takes his photograph, allowing an exposure of a couple of seconds, and the wonderful result he has obtained is here depicted. There is no elaborate apparatus required, simply patience and a liftle care, and any amateur photographer can secure equally beautiful pictures if he follows the directions given, and surely nature was never photographed in a more beautiful form. A further interest attaches to employed for this purpose if only the these specimens of the Ice King's works, from the fact that they might readily serve as models for many of the most effective designs for wall papers, artistic embroideries and other decorative work of the greatest beauty.
W. NEWMAN FLOWER.

Unmistakable. Dixon-How is your artist friend getting on in Paris?

Thomson-Oh, splendidly! "Have you heard from him?" "No; that's why I know he's prospering."-Cassell's.

"Violet." called the old gentleman from upstairs, "what time is it?" "I don't know, pa," replied Violet. "The clock isn't going." "Well, how about the young man?"-Brooklyn Life.

"De Bilk is going to the dogs!" "Awful sorry to hear it." "Why? Is he a friend of yours?" "No; but several of the dogs are." HELP IN WORK.

Worthy Object in Which We May All Help If Only

There is no more laudable object to which we may lend our efforts than that of saving the birds. The Audubon societies are doing a great and good work in this direction, and in this we may all help-but how?

I will tell you of some way: If we are women, we may refrain from wearing the plumage of birds in us as being anything but commonplace our hats, and we may do and say what we can to make this practice unpopfrom killing any feathered creature without some good and urgent reason for doing so, and we can stand firmly behind those laws which are framed of Jack Frost, for no two of the fern- for the protection of birds and their nests and eggs. Whether we are women or men, we can teach children the value of birds, and show them that, succeeded in proving that on a single looking at the subject even from a occasion Jack Frost reproduces the selfish point of view, there is more knowledge and greater pleasure to be A frost picture is, of course, made up gained from one living bird than from them, also, that the collection of birds' eggs by small boys is as useless as it is cruel and wasteful, and we can help them to cultivate an interest in their wild neighbors which will not involve the pain or the destruction of the helpless. If we are teachers, we can supplement the work done by the parents. We can put ourselves in touch with the leaders of the Audubon move ment, and see that our pupils are well supplied with bird-charts, and with the illustrated leaflets published from time to time by the national committee, and obtain for them opportunities to attend illustrated lectures on birds. We can also direct their attention to good books on birds, to be found at the nearest public library, and we can arrange matters so that personal observations on birds may form the topics of essays. If there is a museum accessible, we may be able to take our classes there occasionally, and now and then we may be able to arrange for a walk in the country, for the purpose of getting acquainted with the living birds. Children are naturally fond of animals as a rule, but it is necessary to teach them that consideration for an animal is more important than the possession of it.

At this season, the boys, and the girls, too, sometimes, may be taught how to make simple bird houses for the bluebirds, wrens, tree-swallows and martins, and it will have a good effect on an entire community if these houses are put up in the school grounds, and in the gardens and yards of the pupils themselves. Then, at the beginning of the winter, the older pupils may be organized into a relief corps, to feed the birds in the woods and fields; and slmost anyone may enjoy the pleasure of having birds about the house during the winter months, if-a little care is taken to keep



a variety of food where the hungry litchemistry and other branches of sci- tle fellows can come for it without fear of being molested.

If we have even a very little money

to spare for birds, we can do our part for the cause by joining the nearest branch of our state Audubon society, or, if there is no branch near us, we can talk the matter over with others who are interested and arrange to have a branch organization in our own town or village. Then there are many of us who, in addition to the small amount necessary to pay our dues to the state Audubon society, can afford a little more to help the great work being done along the coast and elsewhere by the national committee, which has recently been incorporated under the name of the National Association of Audubon Societies of America. In spite of its good prospects, this committee is at the present time badly handicapped for want of funds. With the means at its disposal, it has done much splendid work in legislatures, and has effectively protected and is still protecting, many interesting and valuable colonies of sea birds, which are being more or less rapidly exterminated by egg and plume hunters. But there are many more colonies to protect, and new wardens will be necessary money is forthcoming to en-

able the committee to employ them. Last of all, if we happen to be wealthy, and we desire to bequeath a part of our fortune to some very worthy institution, where would it do more good than in the hands of the national committee of the Audubon society, where it would be used to protect American birds and animals and their descendants, for the profit of the American people forever?

ERNEST HAROLD BAYNES. Absolutely New.

"I have an absolutely new idea," said the young author. "Hurrah!" replied his friend, the crit-

ic: "what is it?" "I won't make the hero of my next magazine story a handsome young glant who is just out of college, and able to whip three or four other men at a time because of his training on the football field."-Chicago Record-Herald.

His Mistake. "So it's you, is it? And you, you wish to marry my daughter?" "I-I thought I did till I saw you." Houston Post.

BUFORD-TRENTON.

A new irrigation project which

Extensive Irrigation Projects will Soon be Carried out in Western North Dakota.

promises much for the Northwest is the Buford-Trenton Reclamation project. The United States government has set aside \$550,000 for this work and the active operations will begin inside of sixty days. When this worl is completed some 18,000 acres of now arid land will be reclaimed and the Western part of North Dakota will be as attractive as the great valley of the Red River and the productive lands of the Mouse River Loup. It is asserted that the proposed dam and reservoir will hold between 20,000 and 25,000-acre feet of water, and the proposed canals will run north and south of the line of the Great Northern Railway to a point about three miles east of Trenton, North Dakota, from near Buford, North Dakota, on the extreme western border of North Dakota. This is but the beginning of the extensive irrigation projects which have been planned by the government and individuals in Western Dakota and Northeastern Montana, which, together with the Milk River Irrigation project, will reclaim thousands of acres for settlement for agricultural purposes which have lain barren for rears, and offer an opportunity for the homeless of the East to secure homes of their own. The fact that good agricultural government land is becoming scarcer and scarcer makes these irrigation projects of great interest to the homeseeker and in-

MILK RIVER VALLEY.

The interior Department is Making Preparations for Irrigationg This Famous Valley.

Montana is coming in for a big share of the general prosperity of the country, and it will only be a few short years when she will rank with any of the Northwestern states in agricultural greatness. The recent act of the interior department of the United States in setting aside \$1,000,000 toward reclaiming three or four hundred thousand acres in the Milk River valley is but a beginning of a much vaster development of this section as the needs grow apace. Already the agricultural worth of this to-be-famous valley has been adequately demonstrated in the results which have followed the irrigation works already established. It has been successfully proven that all kinds of agricultural products grow in great abundance wherever irrigation is used. The soil is naturally rich and needs only moisture to make it yield prolifically. The Great Northern Railway furnishes adequate transportation facilities, its main line practically cutting the valley in two. The fact that the government has decided to begin immediate operations will prove a great incentive to the people of that section who have always believed in the future of their country and will open to settlement a vast area of rich land to the homeseeker and investor.

Philippine Population.

The total population of the archipelago as returned from 342 independent islands is 7,635,426. Of this pendent islands is 7,635,426. Of this number almost seven million are more or less civilized. The wild tribes form about 9 per cent of the entire population. The civilized tribes are practically all adherents of the Catholic church. The Moros are Mohammedans, and the other wild peoples have no recognized religious beliefs.

The total population, according to

The total population, according to the most reliable authorities, is a the most reliable authorities, is a little more than four times as great as it was 100 years ago. During the same period that of the United States multiplied almost fifteen times. The excess of birth rate over death rate in the Philippines has been large, in spite of sudden and great losses as a result of epidemics of various diseases.

Win the Debate.

Breckenridge (Minn.) high school.

For Growing Girls.

West Pembroke, Me., March 21.—Mrs, A. L. Smith, of this place, says that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best remedy for growing girls. Mrs. Smith emphasizes her recommendation by the following experience:

"My daughter was thirteen years old last November, and it is now two years since she was first taken with Crazy Spells that would last a week and would then pass off. In a month she would have the spells again. At these times she would eat very little, and was very yellow, even the whites of her eyes would be zellow.

Breckenridge (Minn.) high school, represented by a team of three debaters, last evening won the final contest in the state school debating league, defeating the Albert Lea high school in one of the best contests ever held in the university chapel.

Libbie Eckhard, Louis Paul and Flora Lester were the girls who composed the winning team. They were opposed by E. W. Hayes, Margaret Lampert and Henry Swanson for Albert Lea, the latter team hay for Albert Lea, the latter team hay for them. for Albert Lea, the latter team having the affirmative side of the question, "Resolved, That the policy of reducing further immigration to the United States to a minimum is practicable and should be adopted." The quality of the debate was remarkably good. Throughout scarcely a person in the immense audience ventured to predict which side would

aring, has invented a clock that will run for 2,000 years. The motive power is a small plece of gold leaf, which is electrified by means of a very small quantity of radium salt. The gold leaf bends moving under this influence until it to to me moving under this influence until it touches the side of the containing vestel. At the moment of contact it loses its electrical charge and then springs back and is again electrified, and the process is repeated. It is thought that at thoroughly-reliable clock could be made with the use of a radium salt for \$1,000.

Save the Babies.

T NFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent, or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.



Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my matteria." Dr. J. E. Waggoner, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I can most heartily recommend your Castoria to the public as a remedy for children's complaints. I have tried it and found it of great value."

Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children." Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

which arise in the care of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile aliments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

Dr. Norman M. Geer, of Cleveland, Ohlo, says: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as one of the best preparations of the kind, being sate in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's disorders, while the ease with which such a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage."

Dr. F. H. Kyle, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "It affords me pleasure to add my name to the long list of those who have used and now endorse your Castoria. The fact of the ingredients being known through the printing of the formula on the wrapper is one good and sufficient reason for the recommendation of any physician. I know of its good qualities and recommend it cheerfully."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS



The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

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General Debility, Rheumatism, Mis-use, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, and all

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IF IT DOES NOT BENEFIT YOU —IT COSTS NOTHING and the de-

ciaion is left to you.

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The mechanical Cream Separator has

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AVegetable Preparation for As-

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INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion.Cheerful-

ness and Rest Contains neither

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Aperfect Remedy for Constipa-tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-

ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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NOT NARCOTIC.

Pranskin Sord-Alx Same Radallo Saks -

Set by Almost Every Passing Train and Never Up to Schedule Time.

"Commuter, eh?" asked the watchmaker as he examined a timepiece that was brought in for repairs.

"Yes. Why?" said the owner, according to the New York Times.

"The watch shows it," went on the watchmaker. "It's been set two or three times a day. That's a commuter habit. The arrangement for setting the hands has been worked overtime.

"The commuter is always anxious lest he miss his train, and he keeps setting.

For Growing Girls.

"The automobile by any other name would smell no sweeter," remarked the Observer of Events and Things.—Yonkers Statesman.

GRATEFUL TO CUTICURA. For Instant Relief and Speedy Cure of Raw and Scaly Humour, Itching

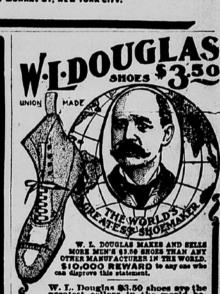
Day and Night for Many

Months.

INVENTIVE INGENUITY.

A German chemist has succeeded in liquefying gas. It costs more than coal gas, but less than electric light.

An ingenious Swiss mechanic claims to have invented an automatic baby nurse. The apparatus is attached to a cradle. If the baby cries, air waves cause specially-arranged wires to operate a phonograph, which sings a lullaby, while simultaneously clockwork is re-



w. I.. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world beams of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities, in an assume that the sellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities, in a sellent style, easy fitting \$3.00 to \$7.00. The only discrence is the price. W. L. Douglas \$3.00 shoes coat more to make, hold re of greater value than may often to greater value than may often to greater value than may often to greater value than price on the superior style than the sellent style to greater the sellent style to greater value than the price of the ottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take others are sold through his own retail torus in the principal citigs, and by here sou live, W. L. Douglas \$3.50 hoes are sold through his own retail torus in the principal citigs, and by here sold through the own retail to the principal citigs, and by here desiers every where. No matter within your reach.

'The Best I Ever Were."

SOUTHERN CONDITIONS AND POSSIBILITIES.

In no part of the United States has there been such wonderful Commercial, Industrial and Agricultural development as along the lines of the Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroads in the States of Tenuesce, Mississippi and Louisiana, within the past ten years. Cities and towns have doubled their population. Splendid business blocks have been erected. Farm lands have more than doubled in value. Hundreds of industries have been established and as a result there is an uspracedented demand for

Day Laborers, Skilled Workmon, and especially Farm Tenants.

Parties with small capital, seeking an opposituality to purchase a farm home; farmers who would prefer to rent for a couple of years before purchasing; and day laborers in fields or factaries should address a postal card to Mr. J. F. Merry, Asst. General Passenger Agent, Dubuque, Jova, who will promptly mail printed matter concerning the territory above described, and give specific replies to all inquiries.



