

SUPPLEMENT.

TO THE GRIGGS COURIER.

NOTES OF THE TIMES.

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM H. CRANE. "Tom" Ochiltree's successor, is said to be the only Texas-born man from Texas in congress.

A **BILL** is pending in the Illinois legislature making it a misdemeanor to sell whisky more than thirty three months old.

An official connected with the sanitary department of Paris says that there are fully 2,500,000 rats in that city.

The medical colleges of the United States have graduated over 33,000 physicians during the last nine years, and the present rate is about 4,000 per annum.

The Municipal Council of Cork has adopted a resolution declaring that instead of the Irish people subscribing to the Queen's jubilee it would be more fitting for the Prince of Wales to send relief to the Irish people in distress.

A **PURCHASE** of 40,000 tons of Lehigh pig iron has been made for shipment to Chattanooga, where it will be transformed into steel rails. The iron works of the South are reported to be taking their full share of the boom.

REV. DR. CYRUS HAMLIN calls the Mennonites of Southern Russia Baptist Quakers, and says that they are the finest farmers in the world. For temperance, thrift, flour, butter and other excellent things they are not to be surpassed.

WILLIAM FALLS of Albany, N. Y., has had his right leg broken twice, his arm broken twice, his collar bone and five ribs broken, besides a number of minor injuries. William is evidently fitting himself for the position of base-ball umpire.

THE REV. GEORGE W. BOWNE of Salisbury, M. D., who recently abandoned the Protestant Episcopal Church and was received into the Roman communion, has already applied to the authorities of the diocese of Easton to be reinstated.

THERE are eighteen Tory members of Parliament under 30 years of age and thirty-four between that and 35 years. Many of those are restive as to old Tory traditions and as to their own future amid the progress made by what is almost universal suffrage.

SOME idea of the wonderful progress being in microscopical science may be formed by the fact, as stated by the President of the British association lately, that results are now attained in this line which mathematics five years ago declared to be impossible.

WINKELMEIB is the name of a giant who is now on exhibition in London. He is eight feet and nine inches high, and is therefore more than a foot taller than Chang, the Chinese giant. He was born at Friedburg, Upper Austria, in 1865, his parents being people of humble life and normal size.

NATURAL GAS is by no means a recent discovery. Even its utilization for the purposes of the mechanic arts was long successfully attempted in China, where, by pipes of bamboo, it was conveyed from natural wells to suitable furnaces, and, by means of terra-cotta burners, consumed.

PRINCESS LOUISE of Wales, the eldest daughter of the Prince of Wales, is described as nice and amiable, not so pretty as her mother, but having sufficient of the sweetness of her mother's expression in her innocent face to give her a singularly interesting appearance. She is made to dress with uncommon plainness.

ENOCH CARTER of Newburg, N. Y., was foremost in advocating the laying out of the Cedar Hill Cemetery, and was the first funeral therein. W. W. Carson took an active part in the construction of a vault in the same cemetery, and his body was the first to be placed therein. George Clark was the chief organizer of the Woodlawn Cemetery Association, and his funeral was the first one within the grounds after they were laid out.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK.

Domestic News.

On the 4th at Butler, Ky., the Licking river was within a few inches of the highest mark known, which was in 1854.

Henry Clay Dean, a Democratic orator and chaplain of the United States senate, died at his home in Putnam county, Mo., Sunday aged sixty-five.

The Ohio river continued rising and on the 4th was 55 1/2 feet at Cincinnati, and fears were entertained of the worst. Great anxiety was felt at St. Louis, Louisville and Evansville.

It is learned that Mrs. Horace Fairbanks, wife of ex-Gov. Fairbanks of St. Johnsbury, Vt., is among the lost. She was to have been on the train and it is stated that her cloak and watch have been found.

There was no material change in the situation at New York and vicinity on the 4th. The railroad and transportation companies were gradually adding to their force of freight handlers, and no outbreaks or violence had occurred.

At Winnipeg, Manitoba, Geo. Peat closed his store at 6 p. m., on the 4th inst., and meeting friends he became under the influence of liquor, and on his way home fell down in the street and was frozen to death, the thermometer being 40 degrees below zero.

The sales of leaf tobacco in January in Virginia were 1,304,150 pounds at an average of \$10.25 per hundred. The sales for the preceding month were 1,621,749 pounds at an average of \$8.30. The total sales since October 1, were 1,497,889 pounds at an average of \$8.90 per 100 pounds.

The business failures during the last seven days number for the United States 229; for Canada, 32; total, 261, compared with 261 last week. The failures in Canada are numerous and important; in New York city few and insignificant; in the other sections of the country about up to the average.

One hundred and twenty of the 140 clerks on duty at the office of the chief signal officer have signed a petition to congress in which they express the opinion that the best interests of the government would be subserved by transferring the signal corps of the army to the new executive department contemplated in House bill 5,190, and also urge that they may be made civilians instead of enlisted men as at present.

Heavy rains had been falling over the country affecting the Ohio river and its tributaries so that it was on a rise from Pittsburgh to Cincinnati, rising at the rate of six inches an hour, and on the 3rd, the river showed 50 feet at Cincinnati and would soon begin the damaging work of submerging the lower portions of the city. At Portsmouth and some other points in Ohio, much damage has occurred from the great volume of water.

The longshoremen and freight handlers' strike at New York, which originated in a demand of an advance from 17 cents to 20 cents an hour, has now reached every transportation and steamship line and the whole river front is in a state of siege on both sides, and under guard of 1,500 police and detectives. Nearly all the companies have secured some men, but only the pressing classes of freight can be handled. Both sides are firm and no immediate agreement is in prospect.

From 3 to 4:30 Sunday morning earthquake tremors, in two distinct shocks, lasting about half a minute, and violently rocking houses, jarring windows and deranging goods upon the shelves of stores, occurred at Champaign, Vandolia, Carlyle, Hillsboro, and Centralia, Ills., Evansville, Ind., and St. Louis, Mo. Many people were frightened and ran out crying for help. At Champaign, Ills., two merchants hastened to their stores fearing their safes had been blown open by human agency.

R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly trade review say: Panics abroad and strikes at home have tested the strength of all markets during the past week. News, in the strict sense, does not afford much evidence that war impends; but rumor and apprehension have depressed stocks and lifted grain. Thus tested, the markets have shown unexpected solidity. Foreign unloading of American stocks has caused but a moderate decline in prices, while even in the grain market the advance has been conservative and limited, and other markets have changed but little. Probably grain would have risen more had not the great strikes exerted a restraining influence. Transporters are moving freight more freely than a week ago.

Crimes.

Ex-Ald. O'Neill, the third of New York board of aldermen charged with receiving bribes for granting the Broadway railway franchise, was convicted February 2nd.

Charley Talbot, the night clerk of the Gayosa Hotel, Memphis, who Tuesday morning, robbed Fanny Davenport of her diamonds, has been arrested. All the jewelry and \$100 in money has been recovered.

J. Finley Hoke, the bank forger and embezzler, at Peoria, Ill., was safely landed in jail from Canada. He pleaded to be assigned to the debtors' row, but this was refused and he was locked up with the other prisoners.

F. B. Millard was on the 4th, arrested in Memphis, Tenn., for drawing, as agent, the pension of Bridget Smith, who died during the yellow fever epidemic in 1877. The sums he has drawn since that time amounts to several thousand dollars.

William Comstock, the oldest convict in Auburn, N. Y., penitentiary, died on the 4th. He was received at the prison in 1858 on a life sentence for a murder in Madison county. He killed his father and mother and cut out their hearts and ate them.

At St. Louis, Saturday evening, William Davison, the eighteen-year-old son of State Senator Davison, distinguished himself by shooting and fatally wounding his sweetheart, Lizzie Crogan, a handsome little girl of sixteen years. The cause was jealousy.

At Memphis, Tenn., the night clerk of the hotel at which Fanny Davenport, the actress was stopping, stole her casket of diamonds and jewelry, which had been left at the office for safe keeping, worth \$35,000, and fled the city. He also took about \$300, in money belonging to the hotel.

The trial of David S. Fotheringham, the Adams express messenger of the "Jim Cummings" train robbery has been postponed in St. Louis until March 1 in order to give the defense time to prepare the depositions of Witrock and Haight for submission as

evidence and to give the supreme court an opportunity to decide whether Convicts Witrock and Haight can be removed from the penitentiary to testify.

Just before the steamship Guyardotte left her pier at New York at 5 p. m., Jan. 31, bound for Norfolk, Va., a stranger left a satchel in a closet and went rapidly on shore. When abreast of Long Branch an explosion occurred knocking a hole 15 feet square through the main and hurricane decks, injuring Captain Kelly and two others. The machinery was unharmed and the boat put back. It is supposed the dynamite satchel was deposited on the steamer by some one connected with the longshoremen's strike.

A thief named Harry McCann, implicated in an extensive fur store robbery at Cleveland, Ohio, was captured in Pittsburgh, Pa., and in charge of Capt. Hoehn and Detective Hullivan was being taken to Cleveland on the 4th. The officers and prisoners were in the smoking car, in which were only two other passengers. At Alliance, 50 miles from Cleveland, five men entered the car and on reaching Ravenna at 5 a. m., the five men suddenly sprang on the officers, shooting, beating and kicking them and rescuing the prisoner, and escaping in the darkness. Hullivan had seven bullets in his body and his head was split open, his injuries being fatal. Hoehn's scalp was laid open to the skull from a blow with a coupling pin and he was otherwise injured, but may recover.

Into the Jaws of Death.

At 2:30 a. m., on the 5th, an accident occurred on the Central Vermont railroad at the bridge which crosses the White river in the town of Hartford four miles from White River Junction, Vt. Two passenger coaches and two sleepers having some eighty passengers in all, mostly bound for Montreal to witness the Ice carnival there, were hurled from the abutment of the bridge down a rugged, rocky gorge, 70 feet, striking with a horrifying crash upon the ice-bound river at the bottom. The train, which consisted of the engine, a baggage car and postal car in addition to the four passenger coaches when 200 yards from the bridge and running about 40 miles an hour, was thrown from the track by a broken rail or, perhaps a broken wheel. The engine, baggage and postal cars passed over the bridge without leaving the road bed, but the postal cars with the passengers on reaching the abutment toppled over into the deadly chasm. It is supposed that no less than 40 of the passengers were killed outright, and as the cars instantly took fire some 20 more were burned to death being unable to extricate themselves from that peril. In one car having twenty passengers only a boy escaped with his life and his unfortunate father was burned before his eyes, the combined efforts of the two being unable to release him from the fiery prison. And this is but one instance of several that are told of the hour of despair and horror, as the blue tongues of flames, leaping like demon spirits, completed their awful work of destruction. A number of those who were rescued were injured and their half-naked bleeding forms added to the pitifulness of the dire calamity in the vale below the lonely snow clad mountains which overlooked the indescribable scene.

LATER—From the best information obtainable it is stated that the cars that went over the bridge contained 51 persons, and 77 of these are accounted for as follows: 9 slightly injured, 34 under treatment for injuries and burns, 33 whose remains have been identified as of so many persons killed and burned, and one who died after his rescue, leaving four unaccounted for at all.

Fires and Casualties.

Fire at Rockford, Ill., destroyed the house of James Colligan, who was badly burned. His great-grandchild was roasted to death.

Twenty-one cars of a Wabash freight train, laden with merchandise and groceries, were wrecked near Fort Wayne, Friday morning. The loss is estimated at \$10,000.

On the 6th, the meter room of the Lynn, Mass., gas works was shattered by an explosion, the engineer and fireman being badly injured. The city was plunged in darkness.

Political and Personal.

The public debt reduction for January is \$9,515,666.

Manton Marble says the health of Secretary Manning is steadily improving.

Secretary Manning is said to have indicated to his friends that he will retire permanently from the Treasury department on or about the first of April next.

On the 2nd inst., Hon. Hugh J. Rice, Congressman elect from the 8th Wisconsin district was sworn in to serve for the remaining portion of the 49th Congress which expires March 4th.

All the County officers at Huron, Dakota, Republicans in politics, have sent to Senator Cullom at Washington, a memorial denouncing as false, groundless, and malicious the allegation charging Gov. Church with intemperance and bear testimony to his ability and unblemished character. The Huron Bar association have forwarded a similar paper to Mr. Cullom.

The bill to refund the direct tax, so called, a war tax that was levied under the act of August 5, 1861, and deemed by many unconstitutional, has passed the House and will pass the Senate. This bill refunds to the States and territories some \$30,000,000, the sums named will be paid back to the following: Minnesota, \$108,524; Wisconsin, \$519,688; Iowa, \$452,068; Dakota, \$3,241.

Senator Sabin is reported by the correspondent of a Western paper to have said that there is absolutely nothing in the statements that Dr. Guernon is to be rejected by the Senate as collector at St. Vincent. The cause of the delay is simply that the commerce committee, which has charge of his nomination, has been kept busy with treaty matters, and has had no time to give to Guernon's case. They can take it up just as soon as it can be reached, and the Senate will confirm him without a dissenting vote.

Interstate Commerce Bill Signed.

President Cleveland signed the interstate commerce bill on the 4th. The signing of the measure by the President was in full accordance with the opinion Atty-Gen. Garland rendered to him and it is very well understood to be in accord with the views of the cabinet. The attorney-general was asked to give his views in regard to the bill and explain wherein it differed from the Senate bill of two years ago which he opposed on the ground that it was unconstitutional. He declined to do so, saying that he regarded the opinions he had given to the President on the subject as strictly confidential. It is learned, however, from trustworthy sources, that the attorney-general, as well as the President considers the bill which has just become a law free from all the material features which were objectionable in the Senate bill of two years ago. According to this information the attorney-general's objection to the old

bill was to the vast powers of a legislative and judicial character that were given to the commission. The attorney-general is said to hold that the present bill does not confer judicial powers on the commission but puts them in the courts on a report from the commission, and that it does not confer legislative power except in the fourth section (the long and short haul clause), and that this is warranted by numerous precedents in the legislative history of the government.

49TH CONGRESS.

Wednesday, Feb. 2.

SENATE—In finishing the civil appropriation bill there was a good deal said about the defenseless condition of the sea-coast and a disposition shown to expend \$100,000 for naval defenses, though the matter did not progress farther than Senatorial talk. The civil appropriation bill passed.

HOUSE—Minor matters had the ear of the House to-day, though in the course of the proceedings the coast defenses were talked up, and Mr. McAdoo of New Jersey offered a bill appropriating \$30,000,000 for the manufacture of American guns. Mr. Henderson's bill for a passenger bridge over the Mississippi river at Dubuque, Iowa, passed.

Thursday, February 3.

SENATE—Bills were introduced providing for the purchase of the John Ericsson Destroyer and ten enlarged steel vessels of the same type for harbor defenses. Mr. Ingalls' resolution discharging the pension committee from further consideration of the bill removing disabilities for arrears of pension from honorably discharged soldiers was adopted—27 to 23, Mr. Ingalls' object being to get the bill before the senate. Mr. Everts spoke against the railroad attorneys' bill.

HOUSE—The bill to enable the people to name their postmasters was reported adversely. The bill allowing clerks to senators and representatives was tabled. The pleuro-pneumonia bill was considered without final action.

Friday, February 4.

SENATE—The judiciary committee reported a substitute for the House joint resolution authorizing an investigation of the books, accounts and methods of the Pacific railroad receiving aid from the United States, which was placed on the calendar for future consideration. The Senate bill to credit and pay to the states and territories and the District of Columbia all moneys collected under the direct tax levied by the act of Aug. 5, 1861. The bill was passed with but one dissenting vote, Mr. Van Wyck. The railroad attorney bill was taken up, and when brought to a vote had been almost entirely changed from its original form, and was passed, yeas 30, nays 14. In executive session, Judge Church was confirmed Governor of Dakota.

HOUSE—The speaker laid before the House messages from the President returning without his approval the bills granting pensions to Alexander Falconer and Wm. Lynch. The committee on rules reported a resolution making the Senate bill for the retirement and recoinage of the trade dollar a special order for February 12. The House went into committee of the whole on the private calendar and soon took a recess for an evening session, at which thirty pension bills were passed.

Saturday, Feb. 5.

SENATE—Sixty-six pension bills were passed, including both House and Senate bills, the pensions of the widows of Maj. Gen. Hunter and Commodore Spicer were increased to \$50 a month and a pension granted to Mrs. Thomas Francis Meagher of \$50 a month. The Indian appropriation bill was passed. The Teahupape, or Atlantic and Pacific Ship Railway bill was amended limiting the guarantee of the government to \$7,500,000.

HOUSE—The Senate bill to refund the direct taxes was referred to the Judiciary committee, and the Fourth of July claims bill appropriating \$182,000, passed. The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was reported from the Foreign committee. The bill appropriates \$300,000 more than last year, and the point made that if the other appropriation bills were increased in the same ratio, the total increase of all the bills would be \$29,000,000. Without finishing the bill the committee rose and the House adjourned.

Monday, February 7.

SENATE—By a strictly party vote 26 to 18, an address was adopted to be sent to President Cleveland with the rejection of J. C. Matthews, colored, nominated for Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia. Two bills were passed making appropriations for coast defenses and the manufacture of naval guns, calling for \$21,000,000. Twenty House bills standing on the calendar were disposed of by being passed. Only one of these is of public importance, it being an amendment to an act passed at the last session to prohibit the transportation and immigration of foreigners hired to perform labor.

HOUSE—Although but 23 working days remain before the adjournment of Congress a large batch of bills were introduced and referred. Two or three bills were passed under a suspension of the rules, one of them granting the right of way through the Indian Territory to the Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska Railroad company. A two-thirds vote could not be obtained to suspend the rules and pass the bill to increase to \$5,000, the salaries of the Judges of the United States District courts.

MINNESOTA.

State Dairymen's Association.

The Minnesota Dairymen's association held its annual convention of three days, at Albert Lea, last week, closing on the 3rd, with the annual banquet. The attendance was large and the work of the association throughout characterized with importance and interest to all. The subjects most largely discussed was butter making, though naturally, as collateral to it, farm management, classes of stock, market gardens, farm products, construction and ventilation of barns, management of creameries, local dairy associations, the oleomargarine traffic, and other matters were passed in review, being topics for papers and subjects of discussion. The meetings were held in the Fountain pavilion, where ample provision was made for the display of dairy products. An important incident of the convention was the consolidation of the State Dairymen's association and the State Butter, Cheese and Stock association, as one association. At the first meeting on the evening of February 1st, Mayor Hall delivered an address of welcome to which response was made by President Fowler of the Dairymen's association. President F. D. Holmes of the Butter, Dairy, Cheese and Stock association read the annual address. Among those present who took part

in the deliberations of the meeting, were, F. E. Chapin, Owatonna; C. A. Yeacote, J. G. Cherry, Cedar Rapids; President McArthur of the State University; Secretary E. C. Judson, C. E. Frink, Prof. Fowler, Newport; C. F. Dexter, Chicago; F. D. Holmes, Owatonna; also Mrs. C. W. Holmes, same place; E. B. Higley, Mason City, Iowa; J. H. Monrad, Chicago; W. S. Bryson, Owatonna; C. L. Smith, Minneapolis; Mrs. M. H. Lamb, Capt. E. K. Fickett, Maj. Myers, W. W. Corbet, assistant Dairy Commissioner, Howard, Frank Gifford, Maj. F. A. McKinstry, Winnebago City, and many others.

In the course of the second day's proceedings, Mr. E. G. Potter introduced the following resolution:

Be it resolved by the State Dairymen's Association here assembled, that we respectfully demand the immediate passage of the bill known as the oleomargarine bill, in order to give immediate relief to the dairy interests of the state. Chair. Potter made a speech advocating the adoption of his resolution, and a vote being taken, it was unanimously carried, and the secretary ordered to send it at once to Senator Goodrich and Representative Emery.

The committee on legislation reported in favor of a bill to be passed by the legislature appropriating \$1,000 each year for the benefit of the association. The report was adopted.

The sessions of the convention closed Thursday evening with a banquet in the Pavilion, tendered by Albert Lea. The room was lighted with electric lights. Plates were laid for 175, all being occupied, nearly all by guests of the city. C. F. Dexter of Chicago acted as toast master. The toasts and responses were:

"Albert Lea, the Gem City of Southern Minnesota," responded to by City Attorney McAdam. E. Chapin responded to "The Dairy Interests of Southern Minnesota." Judge Stacy responded to "Our Guests." C. L. Smith replied to "The Farm, Stock and Home." Hon. W. P. Sergeant responded to "The Ladies." "The State Dairymen's Association" was responded to by its ex-president, Prof. Fowler. A song by C. F. Dexter closed the brilliant occasion.

The committee on awards reported as follows:

Class 1, pail or tub, first, Mrs. S. V. Holmes, Owatonna; second, J. M. Sawyer, Geneva; third, W. A. Eggleston, Owatonna. Class 2, fancy print, first, Mrs. C. V. Holmes, Owatonna; second, H. J. Peterson, Clark's Grove; third, Watson Brown, Glenville. Class 3, granulated butter, first, Mrs. C. V. Holmes; second, Mattie Ackland. Class 4, best five pounds made by young lady under eighteen years, Jennie Holmes. Class 5, best full cream cheese, Henry Janning, New Richmond; second, E. B. Williams. Best essay, divided between Mrs. M. H. Lamb, Alma City, and Mrs. C. V. Holmes of Owatonna. Special premiums, Prentice & Howland, best salted butter, A. M. Johnson, Albert Lea; best unsalted, Charles Heiser, Albert Lea. W. P. Sergeant's premiums, No. 1, S. N. Fiske, Oakland; No. 2, J. A. Chitt, Geneva. W. Smith's premium, C. F. Peterson, Clark's Grove. Ransom Bro's premium, best salted, Andrew Omsundson, Albert Lea. Standard premium, A. M. Johnson, Albert Lea. Enterprise premium, Andrew Edmundson, Albert Lea.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

Hon. Knute Nelson's bill for a term of the U. S. Court at Duluth, has passed the House.

Mr. Nelson has presented in the House of Representatives a petition from Duluth asking that a duty be imposed on fish imported from Canadian waters. In 1896 there was received at Duluth, duty free, 883,000 pounds of fresh fish from Canadian waters.

J. F. Norriah, for Surveyor General of Minnesota, and B. Jordan of Redwood Falls, Minn., for Receiver of Public moneys, were confirmed by the United States Senate on the 7th.

Gov. McGill has appointed the following delegates to represent Minnesota at the interstate convention of farmers to assemble at Lake Charles, La., Feb. 23, 1897. Rev. D. Griffin Gunn, Wilder, Jackson county; W. D. Rice, St. James, Watonwan county; W. H. Feller, Elgin, Wabasha county; Adis, Joltet, Spring Valley, Fillmore county; Bert Frank, Le Roy, Mower county.

The Minnesota Farmers Alliance concluded its session at St. Paul on the 4th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President Gen. T. H. Barrett of Morris county; Vice President, by congressional districts, 1st district, J. J. Furlong, Mower Co.; 2nd district, G. W. Haigh, Blue Earth Co.; 3rd district, F. L. Nichols, McLeod Co.; 4th district, Andrew Richmond, Washington Co.; 5th district, E. H. Atwood, Stearns Co.; Secretary, Eric Olsen, Martin Co.; Treasurer, John Diamond, Blue Earth Co.; Lecturer, Thos. C. Hodgson, Grant Co.

DAKOTA.

The appointment of M. J. F. Boetelle as Register of the Fargo, D. T., land office has been confirmed.

Sioux Falls, Mandan, Watertown, Devils Lake, Larimore and other Dakota points were caught in a railroad blockade on the 3rd, trains being unable to move at all.

It was reported from Huron on the 3rd that the weather was the most severe known in years. Trains were all suspended no mails sent out. The thermometer did not rise above 28 degrees below all day. At Bismark it was 38 below, Larimore, 35 below Mandan and Watertown 30 below.

Judge J. S. Spencer, was confirmed by the Senate on the 7th to succeed Judge Church as associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Dakota. He writes from Whitehall, N. Y., that he will reach Dakota on the 15th, and that it is his intention to make his residence at such a point as shall be best suitable to the interests and convenience of the bar and citizens of the district. Before deciding on a location he will confer with Gov. Church and members of the bar. His wife will remain in the East for the present.

WISCONSIN.

Nearly three hundred citizens of Racine attended the silver wedding of ex-Mayor Secor and wife.

Alfred Perkins' farm residence, near Beloit, was burned on the 3rd. The fire was caused by a defective chimney. Loss, \$12,000; insurance, \$700, in the Newark Mutual Insurance company.

A weekly paper, to be called the Mining Journal, which will be devoted to the mining interests of Northern Wisconsin Michigan and Minnesota, will commence publication in Milwaukee about March 1. Walter W. Pollock, of the Sentinel, will be its publisher.