

SUPPLEMENT.

TO THE
GRIGGS COURIER.

CURRENT COMMENT.

NEGRO laborers to the number of one thousand are expected at an early day in San Luis, Obispo county, California.

It is stated that W. J. Browning a Mescoed, Cal., hunter killed 38,000 ducks this season. In one day he killed 705.

Ten thousand men are engaged in laying out ground for the Japanese naval headquarters at Kure, in Airoslimaken.

FOR the next ten years Cincinnati, Ohio, is to have gas at \$1.25 per thousand feet with ten cents per thousand discount for cash.

THERE are more men at work in the Tombstone, Arizona territory, mines at the present time than there have been for the past two years.

SEVERAL whaling companies at Monterey, Cal., are going out of the business, owing to the discouragingly low prices for whale oil which have prevailed for a long time.

ROSS R. WINANS of Baltimore is noted for his generosity to his tenants. He is now in Europe, and every two weeks sends home \$100 for the poor of his city. William Winans, his grandfather, is the owner of vast estates in Scotland, and is noted for his tyranny and unpopularity.

GARDNER EARL the well-known collar manufacturer of Troy, N. Y., who died some days ago, requested that his will be opened immediately after his death. In it he made provisions for the cremation of his body and directed that no crape be placed on his front door and that no services of any kind be held over his body.

THE Berlin journals announce that the Czar will soon start on a voyage abroad. He will first proceed to Munich, from there to Stuttgart, thence to Switzerland, and by way of Italy will return to Russia by Vienna. The steward of the journey, Baron Staude, is said to have been on his way for some time arranging for the travels of the Emperor.

SENATOR STEWART'S celebrated "Castle" in Washington City is for sale. The Chinese Embassy is soon to vacate, and the Senator is not in condition to occupy the building with all that such housekeeping implies. When he built the house he was the silver king of Nevada. Now he is only a plain Senator with a moderate income.

PRESIDENT ROBERTS of Pennsylvania Railway system receives a salary of \$35,000 a year; President Harris of the Northern Pacific, 25,000; President Adams of the Union Pacific, \$30,000; President Strong of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, \$25,000; the President of the Chicago & Northwestern, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, \$25,000 each.

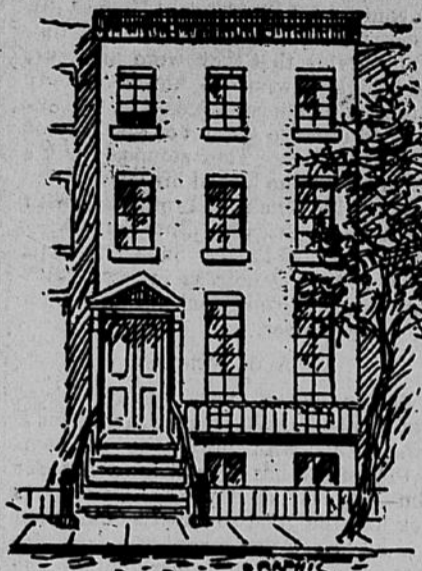
REV. G. T. DOWLING, of Cleveland was among the clergymen of the city who were invited to witness a performance of the "Black Crook." In refusing the invitation he said: "I would as soon accept an invitation from the devil to watch the fires of hell burn. The is an insult. The Kiralfy Brothers must look upon the clergy of this country as a gang of long-haired asses."

GOV. TAYLOR, of Tennessee, in a recent interview said: I notice that there is in prison a large number of children under 15 years of age. It is a shame that Tennessee should not have some place of refuge for these poor little creatures and not place them among hardened criminals. Judges and jury should not send children to prison, and I shall deem it my duty to uphold the honor of Tennessee by pardoning them. I am confident I will benefit more by this step than by allowing them to remain in a school for crime. I have requested the wardens to prepare for me a list of the names and offenses of every person in prison under 17. They nor any other child shall stay there while I am governor of Tennessee."

EVENTS OF THE WEEK.

Henry Ward Beecher's Funeral.

Owing to the wide-spread and sorrowful interest of the event, the funeral of Mr. Beecher extended over Thursday, Friday and Saturday. The private funeral attended by the family only, the service being very simple indeed and conducted by Rev. C. H. Hall of Trinity church, took place on Thursday after which the remains were escorted to Plymouth church by the Third Regiment of which Mr. Beecher was chaplain, and left in charge of Company G., composed of the members of Mr. Beecher's church. A committee, of which Mayor Low was chairman, had charge of the public funeral on Friday and the interment at Greenwood on Saturday. Brooklyn never passed three more impressive days than these. Many buildings were draped and in a large measure business was suspended and all who could possibly do so joined in the tribute of respect to the good friend and great man who had been taken.



BROOKLYN RESIDENCE.

Mr. Beecher's ancestry dates back to 1638, when Hannah Beecher, a widow, came over from England and settled at New Haven, Conn. Her grandson Lyman Beecher, married Roxana Foote in 1719. Thirteen children were given them, two dying in infancy and 11 grew to man's and woman's estate. Henry Ward was born June 24, 1813. His mother dying in 1816, his tender years were passed under the direction of his father's second wife, a woman of brilliant attainments, but a convert to a vigorous and sombre religion. He was a merry, bright and affectionate child, and his earliest learning was in the district school presided over by his elder sister. He entered Amherst college in 1830, graduating in 1834. His father was then President of Lane Theological Seminary at Cincinnati, Ohio, and he pursued his studies there until 1837, when he entered the ministry at Lawrenceburg Ind., transferring his work to Indianapolis at the close of two years. While at Cincinnati he was the editor for a short time of the Cincinnati Journal and at Indianapolis was the editor of the Western Farmer and Gardiner. In his early ministry he delivered a series of sermons upon intemperance and kindred topics, and these being published in book form as Lectures to Young Men, attention was called to him, and when in 1847, a new Congregational church was formed in Brooklyn, he was invited to become its head, and accepted, and for the forty succeeding years has been the beloved pastor of Plymouth. In 1837 Mr. Beecher married Miss Eunice Bullard, and lacking but a few weeks of fifty years, they have journeyed side by side, through a pathway, now bright with smiles, now wet with tears. Three sons and a daughter are living with the wife and mother to pay the last tribute of sorrow to their matchless friend. For twenty years or more Mr. Beecher was a contributor to the N. Y. Independent and for three years its editor, and from 1870 to 1881 the editor of the Christian Union. In addition to his sermons and editorial work he pub-



MR. BEECHER'S STUDY.

lished "The Star Papers," "Lectures to Young Men," "Industry and Idleness," "Life Thoughts," "The Plymouth Collection of Hymns and Tunes," "Norwood," a novel, "The Life of Christ" (still incomplete), and "Yale Lectures on Preaching," and several other works, one of his latest volumes being sermons on "Peace and War." No lecturer ever proved more popular or reached more people in America and England than did he whenever he appeared in that capacity. At the inception of the Civil War English sympathy was strongly enlisted against the Northern cause, and in 1863 Mr. Beecher went to London and elsewhere, and though rebuffed, nothing daunted, he secured a hearing and overwhelmingly turned the tide and secured for the National government confidence and respect. In 1874 a social scandal burst upon him, and Theo. Tilton, whom he had loved and cherished as a son turned upon him, a most sensational and protracted suit at law ensued and the country was excited and somewhat divided in sentiment. So far as the court was concerned it was nearly a draw battle, nine of the jury holding to Mr. Beecher's side and three holding out against him. In the shock of this conflict he held steadily to the line and measure of his work and emerged from it only to go forward more earnestly in all his avenues of leadership and usefulness, facts, which fully as much as the judgment of men, are the vindication of innocence. In this anniversary year of his career, fifty years a pastor, forty years the head of Plymouth church, and the fiftieth of his marriage, the eminent preacher and great thought leader has fallen, cut off with all his vestments upon him, and an apparently measureless future inviting his undiminished and unguished activities.

Domestic News.

The body of Capt. Eads has arrived at Jacksonville, Fla., and will be at once taken to St. Louis for burial.

In the New York assembly appropriate resolutions were passed relative to the death of Mr. Beecher, and a number of eulogies were pronounced by members.

Three masked robbers came upon an express messenger and night operator in the

depot of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe R. R. at 3 o'clock Sunday morning and secured \$3,000 in money, under cover of setting a car on fire the robbers got away.

The total value of the exports of domestic broadstuffs during the month of February, 1887, amounted to \$11,851,446, as against \$10,105,157 for the same time in 1886, and for eight months ending Feb. 28, 1887, \$104,670,448, against \$72,461,335 for a corresponding period in 1886.

Gen. Miles has received a telegram announcing the death of Lieut. Seward Mott, of the 10th cavalry, at San Carlos reservation, Ariz. Mott graduated from West Point last year and got his commission in July. He was a native of New York.

Geo. F. Foster with his wife and daughter aged three years were badly hurt Sunday evening while in a street car, at Philadelphia, which was struck by a train of the Pennsylvania R. R. crossing. The little child was hurt so that it died and the mother may also die.

The circulation of the Standard silver dollars is now \$3,214,510 out of the total coinage of \$366,471,647. The silver certificates in circulation amount to \$123,300,393, deducting which leaves \$75,966,475 net standard dollars in the treasury. The gold coin and bullion in the treasury, less \$10,013,015 gold certificates in circulation, amounts to \$175,274,785.

At Chicago, March 8th, at the funeral of the wife of the anarchist Neebe, socialists worked themselves into a high state of excitement, and denounced the officers of the law. The Arbeiter Zeitung declares that Mrs. Neebe had died from a broken heart caused by the conviction of her husband, and treats courts and police with characteristic abuse.

Sunday was an inclement day at Chicago, but fully 40,000 people witnessed the funeral of Mrs. Oscar Neebe, wife of the condemned anarchist. The speakers abstained from any exciting remarks and the whole affair was orderly in all respects, which was due to well known preparations to cope with any exhibit of socialistic rancor.

In Lawrence county Kentucky, Samuel Smith, aged sixteen, who had some difficulty with a neighbor, Stephen Hammond, armed himself with a revolver and went over to Hammond's, following him into the house. Hammond then reached for his rifle, but Smith fired and killed him. Hammond's wife, boy and girl attacked the murderer, but he fatally wounded Mrs. Hammond, and as the children tried to escape he felled them with balls. Thinking he had killed them all he fled to the mountains, and has not been caught. Mrs. Hammond will die, and the children may not recover.

The death on March 8th, at Nassau, New Providence, of pneumonia, of Capt. Jas. B. Eads is announced. Capt. Eads, was 67 years of age and born at Lawrenceburg, Ind. He took to river life while young and at 19 was a steamboat clerk. Having a taste for engineering, he made it his profession and became quite a celebrity for his device of the first iron clads built in this country which were so famed during the civil war on the Mississippi river, for the steel arch bridge at St. Louis, and the jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi. He was the author of Eads-Tehantepec ship railway canal scheme, which, by the favorable consideration of Congress is in the nature of a national project, though no appropriation was passed to promote it.

The death of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher was a theme in all the churches of Brooklyn, on Sunday, and was a topic very generally mentioned from the pulpits of the country on that day. Plymouth church had one of the largest congregations of its history Sunday morning. The services were conducted by Assistant Pastor Halliday and the sermon by Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, during the delivery of portions of which there were few, if any, tearful eyes in the vast congregation. At the evening service clergymen of almost every denomination were present and spoke in eulogy of the deceased. The building was crowded, the vestibules were utterly impassible and during the service many fainted and more than one remained where they swooned or could not be carried out. Rev. Mr. Halliday read a touching letter from Dr. McVlynn, the deceased priest of St. Stephens church, New York. Among the speakers were Dr. Ager, Methodist; Rev. J. R. Funk, Lutheran; Dr. Lyndsay Parker, of Boston; Dr. Reed, Unitarian, and Rev. C. Hall, Reformed church. All spoke in eulogy of the late pastor of Plymouth Church, and they asserted their belief that he was a man whose breadth of mind entitled them to claim him as a brother in religion of them all.

Fires and Casualties.

At Memphis, Tenn., a Cotton warehouse containing \$50,000 worth of cotton was burned on the 13th; the cotton was stored by six different owners.

On the 14th, fire destroyed the mill of E. A. Buck & Co., in Willmantic Ct. The Electric Light Company works were ruined. Buck's loss is estimated at \$15,000. No estimates can be made of the loss to the Electric Light Company.

On the 11th, when the steamer Boston coming down the Ohio river had reached Higgansport, Ohio, there was an explosion of a steamship which disabled the vessel, and seriously if not fatally scalded Wm. Volk, assistant engineer. A panic among the passengers was imminent, but was averted. The disabled steamer collided with a coal barge and sank it.

F. N. Monroe a hardware merchant of Howell, Mich., an active prohibitionist received the following note:

"DETROIT, Mich., March 1—Dear Sir: I wish to inform you that you must stop your work in the prohibition cause or we will burn you out root and branch. You may prepare for the worst as we are on your track. MANY SALOONKEEPERS."

A little before midnight on the 13th Monroe's store was set on fire and a row of business buildings destroyed, the loss being \$67,100, insurance \$20,000. An incendiary fire had occurred two weeks before, and the town is in a fever of excitement.

Into the Jaws of Death.

Monday morning, the 14th, a passenger train on the Boston and Providence R. R., on the Dedham branch, broke through the Bussey Park Bridge. Five of the seven coaches went down, and the latest account says 33 were killed and 40 injured. The breaking of a car trunk caused the accident.

ADDITIONAL—The number of injured now reported is very nearly one hundred in addition to the thirty three killed. Some of the injured may die, but not over one fourth of the number are seriously hurt. The accident occurred within five miles of Boston, the passengers being mostly persons who visit the city daily for business and employment, and all the cars were well filled. For once the car-stove had no part in the calamity. An inspection of the wreck

reveals the fact that the eight cars comprising the train were jumbled into a complete wreck. From the location of the wrecked cars it would seem the first three cars passed over the bridge safely. The structure evidently gave way when the fourth car was passing over it. The five rear cars went through to the roadway, landing, a mass of splinters in the street. The strain of the five falling cars pulled the three coaches in advance from the rails. They remained on top of the embankment, but were pulled off the trucks and the floor of each forced nearly to the roof, while the seats were jumbled together with great confusion. The end of the second coach was a mass of splinters, caused by the car ahead grinding against it when the others went down the embankment. The third coach was flattened to the ground as if it had fallen on its trucks from a great height, although it remained on the edge of the embankment. The roof of the fourth car also remained on the embankment, having evidently been shoved clear from its fastenings where the coach went through. The next four cars went down in a heap, the smoker, which was on the rear of the train, falling in the midst of the coaches and being actually ground into small splinters. The occupants of the smoker were all either killed or injured. The bridge, where the disaster transpired, was a mile from Jamaica Plains, was 104 feet in length and 30 feet high, spanning a roadway. A passenger relates that a moment before the accident he noticed a journal hanging down between the first and second cars, and this it is said would account for carrying the whole bridge off the abutment. The bridge was built eleven years ago, and a bad flaw has been found near the end of a 13 inch truss which rests a few feet above the debris. It shows a diagonal fracture of the iron 12 inches long, on which eight inches is black with rust, while the rest of the fracture is fresh. The scene at the wreck was of indescribable anguish that no pen can relate. It is believed that in one car not a person escaped with life, and the mutilation of bodies exceeded any in the history of such calamities.

Political and Personal.

Secretary Bayard's daughter enters the list of favored ones, Ex-Senator Fair presenting her with a \$1,000 riding horse the day before he left Washington.

Wesley Greer, of Canonsburg, Pa., has been awarded damages of \$6,903 for the destruction of his house by the escape of natural gas from the company's pipes 123 feet distant.

It is said on good authority that Rev. Matthew Julien, pastor of the Trinitarian Church, in New Bedford, Mass., will receive a call from Plymouth church, Brooklyn, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

C. H. J. Taylor, assistant city attorney at Kansas City, Mo., has been appointed by President Cleveland, Minister to Liberia. Mr. Taylor is a colored man, 33 years of age, born in Alabama, educated at Oberlin Ohio, and for several years a teacher and practicing lawyer.

The funeral of Mrs. Senator Beck took place at Washington on Tuesday. Rev. Doctors Power, Butler and Bullock conducted the brief services. The honorary pall bearers were Secretaries Bayard and Lamar, Speaker Carlisle, Senators Blackburn and Vance, Admiral Lee, Hon. W. W. Corcoran and Hon. Edmund Rice of Minnesota. The remains were taken to Lexington, Ky., where the funeral services and interment will take place.

The breaking of the senatorial deadlock in New Jersey, resulting in the election of Mr. Blodgett and the appointment of Finley and Lucas from Florida and West Virginia, complete the list of United States senators as it will stand during, at least a portion of the time of the Fifty-fifth Congress. The outgoing senate stood, Republicans 41, Democrats 34, Riddleberger, Independent. The incoming body will stand: Republicans 38, Democrats 37 and Independent 1. The changes result from Democratic gains in four states, California, Indiana, New Jersey and Virginia, and a loss in Nevada where Stewart, Republican, succeeds Fair Democrat.

March 9th was Secretary Manning's last day in the treasury department, and he left Washington for New York and thence to Europe on Friday. He made no formal announcement that that would be his last day at the department, so that officials might bid him good bye, but on the contrary gave it to be understood that when he did go, he wanted no ceremonious leave taking. Many did not know that this was his last day, but those who did, as well as a number of congressmen and friends, called on him and bid him good bye. His wife and family and Treasurer Jordan will accompany him on his European trip. The Secretary's messengers presented him with a very handsome floral horse shoe, accompanied by a letter of good wishes for his future and regret at his retirement.

Everything needed to convert Oakview into a home has been sent there, and the President and Mrs. Cleveland have taken up their abode at their country seat. How long they will remain is not yet known. The President in the mean time, will drive in and out of town morning and evening to and from the White House, and attend to executive business as usual.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

There were earthquake shocks on the 11th, at Nice, Cannes, Mentone, Monte Carlo and Dianc-Marino. No person was injured, though in some places walls were cracked.

The melinite shell which exploded at the Belfort arsenal, France, killing six men and injuring 11 others, was lying on the ground unplugged. The melinite in the shell exploded without apparent cause.

A large number of English and Indian subjects with their wives and families have arrived at Zanzibar from Tungi, to seek redress through the English government from Portugal for damages inflicted by the bombardment of Tungi.

The Austrian government, through the chambers of commerce of the various cities will invite small tradesmen to make tenders for supplying cloth, leather, linen and cotton for the landstrum and landwehr. Hitherto only big firms have been asked to make these tenders.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg to London says that six students were arrested on the Newaki Prospect, near Antichkin palace, having in their possession a quantity of explosives. They were awaiting the coming of the Czar on his way to the cathedral to take part in the anniversary services.

A decree has been issued from the German war office directing that the four new infantry regiments and the four battalions, which have been added to the existing regiments, be garrisoned almost exclusively in Alsace-Lorraine and Baden along the

Rhine. Only three battalions are to be stationed along the Eastern frontier.

MINNESOTA.

Minnesota News.
Patrick Riley, aged 71, a pioneer citizen of Wabasha, died on the 14th.

The St. Cloud District Agricultural Society has chosen September 25, 27 and 28 for the annual fair.

Dr. P. B. Hoyt, a well known physician of Maakato, died suddenly on Sunday, from apoplexy.

Col. Lounsbury has retired from the Duluth News, and about April 1st, will issue a weekly paper to be called the Duluth Journal.

The name of the postoffice at Fridhem, Grant county, Minn., is changed to Barrett and G. Arneson appointed postmaster, vice O. K. Lee, superseded.

Tams Birby, of Maakato, has received the appointment of Assistant Judge Advocate General with the rank of Lieut. Col., on the staff of the Governor of Minnesota.

Gov. McGill has appointed Col. Henry G. Hicks the additional Judge for Hennepin county, and W. L. Kelley the additional Judge for Ramsey County.

A mysterious explosion took place Thursday afternoon at the Minneapolis gas works, while four men were at work walling up a new tank. Two of these were killed and the other two hurt. The damage to the works was slight. One of the killed was Ernest Metzke, a brick mason, aged 35 who leaves a family.

The trial of persons accused of the murder of the Rev. Geo. Haddock, begins at Sioux City, March 21. Special correspondents of leading journals are already at that point, and the preparations indicate one of the greatest murder trials of a decade, at least. It is anticipated that a good deal of trouble will occur in securing a jury.

The two new judicial districts created by the Minnesota legislature, the 15th, composed of the counties of Wadena, Hubbard, Cook, Itasca, Aitkin and Crow Wing, the 16th, composed of the counties of Stevens, Grant, Wilkin, Big Stone, and Traverse, were equipped on the 10th by appointment, made by the Governor, Col. C. W. Sleeper, of Brainerd, being designated as Judge for the 15th, and C. L. Brown, of Morris, Stevens Co., for the 16th.

Gov. McGill appointed Joseph W. Reynolds, of Herman, Grant county, as counsel to prosecute certain cases in behalf of settlers upon land known as "indemnity land." The appointment was made under the provisions of house bill No. 738. The land is located in Traverse county, and a large number of citizens have settled on these lands with a view to a speedy settlement of the dispute existing regarding the title between the United States government and certain railroad companies.

WISCONSIN.

There is a prospect that a suit for \$6,000 may be brought against the estate of the late Congressman W. T. Price of Black River Falls, Wis., by the United States for timber cut on the public domain in the Flambeau river district in the years 1882-84.

At Janesville, Wis., on the 14th the appearance of several well-developed cases of smallpox caused a general alarm. Fears are entertained of its spreading, and a special meeting of the common council held to make arrangements for a city hospital.

Albert Foster, son of Hon. Sidney Foster, was terribly crushed by the wheels of a caboose passing over him at Durand, Tuesday evening. No hopes of recovery are entertained. He was just starting to join his mother in the west, and was waving adieu to his friends when he lost balance, falling beneath the wheels.

A life of indolent ease and sensuality, the use of highly seasoned animal food, and alcoholic drinks are the predisposing causes of Gout. When aware of its presence in the system lose no time in procuring Salvation Oil. It kills pain. Price 25 cents a bottle.

A statue of Quantico, now being erected at Paseo, Mexico, will cost the Mexicans \$100,000.

THE MARKETS.

St. Paul Mar. 15.

GRAIN—	
Wheat, No. 1 Hard.....	77 1/2 @ 78
Wheat, No. 1 Northern.....	75 @ 76
Wheat, No. 2 Northern.....	74 @ 75
Corn, No. 3.....	38 @ 39
Corn, No. 2 Mixed.....	36 @ 37
Oats, No. 2 White.....	28 @ 29
Barley, No. 3.....	48 @ 49
Rye, No. 2.....	48 @ 49
Flax Seed.....	85 @ 86
Baled Hay, upland.....	8 50 @ 9 00
Baled Hay, timothy.....	10 00 @ 10 50

PROVISIONS—	
Flour, patent.....	4 25 @ 4 40
Flour, straights.....	4 15 @ 4 30
Flour, bakers.....	3 40 @ 3 60
Butter, creamery.....	25 @ 26
Butter, dairy.....	20 @ 22
Cheese.....	13 1/2 @ 14
Eggs, fresh.....	13 1/2 @ 14
Potatoes.....	40 @ 40
Dressed Beef, steers.....	3 1/2 @ 3 50
Dressed Hogs.....	5 00 @ 5 50
Veal.....	5 @ 6

LIVE STOCK—	
Steers.....	43 00 @ 43 00
Hogs.....	4 75 @ 5 00
Sheep.....	4 00 @ 4 50

Minneapolis Mar. 15.

WHEAT—	
No. 1 Hard.....	76 @ 76 1/2
No. 1 Northern.....	75 @ 75 1/2
No. 2 Northern.....	73 @ 73 1/2

FLOUR—	
Patent in sacks.....	4 20 @ 4 30
Patent in barrels.....	4 25 @ 4 40
Patent at New England points.....	4 95 @ 5 10
Patent at N. Y. and Penn., points.....	4 90 @ 5 10
Bakers.....	3 40 @ 3 50

Chicago, Mar. 15.

GRAIN—	
Wheat, cash.....	75 1/2 @ 76
Corn, cash.....	35 1/2 @ 36 1/2
Oats, cash.....	24 @ 24 1/2
Flax Seed, cash.....	1 80 @ 1 86
MESS FLOUR.....	20 15 @ 20 30

LIVE STOCK—	
Cattle.....	44 00 @ 44 00
Hogs.....	5 50 @ 5 65
Sheep.....	3 50 @ 4 00

Milwaukee, Mar. 15.

WHEAT—	
Cash.....	80 @ 81 1/2

WHEAT—	
No. 1 Hard, May.....	8 75 @ 8 75 1/2