

to make a fresh attempt on the czar's life. A chorister in the Military Academy church committed suicide by jumping from a window of his house. On being searched the house was discovered to be a nihilist rendezvous. Dynamite, arms and revolutionary documents were found.

MINNESOTA.

The St. Paul & Duluth is the first road to announce a reduced rate for parties. On this line ten or more first-class round-trip tickets for persons traveling together will be sold for one and one-third the regular rate.

In the District court of Ramsey county, at St. Paul, all of last week was consumed in securing a jury for the trial of Frank J. Mead for the shooting of Farnsworth in the Merchants Hotel at St. Paul, six or seven months ago. Five hundred persons were summoned and examined for the selection of a jury of twelve men.

Mora, special, 19th: Saturday, when a laborer named Jackson, came home from dinner, he found his wife, twenty years old, lying apparently dead on the floor. The case has caused great excitement, as the usual signs of death have not set in, and many believe that life is not extinct. The corpse looks very natural, and will not be buried until sure signs of death are manifested.

At Madelia, the G. A. R. Mitchell post, No. 63, offer the site for the location of the soldiers' home at that place 70 acres of eligible ground, very suitable for the purpose, adjoining the village, and deposit a check in the sum of \$10,000 as bonus in addition to the land. Capt. W. W. Murphy and K. Holmes, for the G. A. R. and a citizens' committee are taking steps to secure the soldiers' home for Madelia.

The storm of the 22nd swept over Minnesota Iowa and Dakota with arctic force, snow falling attended by high wind, and heavy rains where there was no snow. Seven inches of snow were reported at Eau Claire, Wis., and three inches were reported from Minnesota points. At La Crosse, Wis., a violent wind with snow prevailed. The ferry boat Warsaw, on her last trip, was blown aground with a dozen teams on board. The teams and a portion of the passengers were obliged to pass the night there.

Attorney General Clapp, upon a question submitted to him from Barnesville, holds that a village incorporated under the General Law of 1885 is a separate election district. The Attorney General after an extensive discussion of the law says: "Judge Collins, of the Seventh Judicial district of this state, in a recent case involving the question here under consideration, after a careful review of the subject, decided that villages incorporated under the general laws of 1885 are separate election districts. This decision is entitled to great weight, and it is proper to state, has been the controlling element in the conclusion expressed in this opinion. It has been generally considered that the villages under the general laws were not separate election districts. Under this holding it appears that the electors of such villages have no right to vote at town meetings, and that villages and towns should be regarded as separate election districts for the purpose of general elections."

WISCONSIN.

At Ahnapee, April 19, the Cream City hotel, a large frame structure, was burned. Loss, \$3,000; insurance \$4,000.

The Governor of Wisconsin, at the request of many influential citizens, has vetoed the bill to prohibit stock gambling.

At Ashland, on Sunday, Adam Weitzeler, and Gus Rivers had some words. In the evening they met on the street, when Weitzeler, without any warning, pulled a small knife from his pocket and stabbed Rivers under the left ear, cutting a terrible gash across his throat, from the effects of which he died in a few moments. The assailant was seized and placed in jail.

The headless body of a man was found in the Milwaukee river, near Huron street bridge at Milwaukee, Thursday afternoon. Several letters bearing the address of James G. Viseur, Muskego Center, Waukesha, Wis., a picture of a lady, and an unfinished letter that he is supposed to have written, were found in his coat pocket. In this incomplete letter the writer states, he is disgusted with life and feels like committing suicide. One of the letters bore the date of Feb. 5, 1887. From appearances it is thought that the body had been in the river for two or three weeks and that the head was severed from the body by the wheel of some propeller.

IOWA.

In regard to the Haddock trial, it is reported from Sioux City, that friends of Arensdorf and the other defendants openly show the bitterest animosity toward Judge Lewis for his action in so promptly discharging the jury. At Onawa, where Judge Lewis was holding court, he was met in the street by Robert Cole, a Sioux City partisan of Arensdorf. Cole charged Judge Lewis with unfairness. The judge replied: "Neither you nor your crowd can run me or my court." It is pretty well understood that the state will now first prosecute Munchrath or Granda before giving Arensdorf a new trial. George Trieber, another of the defendants, now in Germany, will almost certainly be a witness for the state in the next trial. A good deal of important new evidence has been discovered by the state since the trial of Arensdorf closed. F. U. Murphy, who was associated with counsel for the state for a time, to-day began suit for his fee, and the property of Dr. Bedford was attached for \$800. Dr. Bedford was one of the committee who it is claimed employed Murphy, who is United States district attorney, to aid in the prosecution. At the beginning of the trial of Arensdorf Murphy withdrew, claiming that he had not been paid.

DAKOTA.

The J. R. Dayton, tract of 160 acres at Aberdeen, was sold on Saturday to a syndicate of Aberdeen business men for \$22,000.

At Sioux Falls, on the 19th, the directors of the penitentiary elected Daniel C. Glidden, Warden, a selection that is said to give general satisfaction.

The board of trustees of the North Dakota Asylum have held several meetings recently at Jamestown, at which were considered plans submitted by Architect Pashley for the buildings to be erected this season. The plans include a chapel, an amusement hall, two ward buildings, an engine room, a coal house and a kitchen, together with some other improvements and additions not yet definitely decided upon. The plans of Mr. Pashley have been accepted by the board and submitted to the Governor, upon whose approval the work will begin at once.

DAKOTA DOLINGS.

News Gathered From The Most Reliable Sources.

ELECTION WAIFS

The figures show that at the recent city election in Bismarck the vote was but 557 against 724 two years ago. The contest was less animated than in the former election, but, as in many other towns north, a good deal of the laboring population has been drawn away by the inducements offered by the new railroads being built. In all of them there is an increase in the permanent property owning population.

The votes cast at the late municipal elections afford something of a test of the relative population of the several cities, although all of them insist that the vote was light. Fargo cast 1,378 votes, Sioux Falls 1,109, Aberdeen 739, Huron 733, Yankton 808, Watertown 635, Bismarck 557, Canton 249, Redfield 244.

A CASE FOR INVESTIGATION.

A special from Richardson says a man named August Hartwig has disappeared. He came there some time since from Elkton. A few days ago he went south with two other Germans, one named Dietrich Lookland. It is stated that while attempting to cross Heart river the wagon box floated off down stream. The three men made a raft and got partly across. Hartwig would not leave the raft, and the other men, who plunged into the water and got ashore, say he was last seen by them going down the river. He had \$300 with him, and this fact has aroused suspicion that there might be foul play. Parties are now searching for the body.

IMPORTANT ORDER.

The following order has been issued from the Department of the Interior, General Land Office, to Registers and Receivers:

Gentlemen: From and after the 15th day of April, 1887, you will not recognize any attorney or agent for claimants or other parties to any proceedings before you until he has complied with the following regulations:

1. An attorney-at-law who desires to represent claimants or contestants before your office shall file a certificate, under the seal of a United States, State, or territorial court for the judicial district in which he resides or the local land office is situated that he is an attorney in good standing.

2. Any person (not an attorney-at-law) who desires to appear as an agent for claimants or contestants before your office must file a certificate from a judge of a United States court or of a State or territorial court having common law jurisdiction, except probate courts, in the county wherein he resides or the local office is situated, duly authenticated under the seal of the court, that such person is of good moral character and in good repute, possessed of the necessary qualifications to enable him to render clients valuable service, and otherwise competent to advise and assist them in the presentation of their claims or contests.

3. The oath of allegiance required by Section 3478 of the United States Revised Statutes must also be filed by applicants. In case of a firm, the names of the individuals composing the firm must be given, and a certificate and oath as to each member of the firm will be required.

4. An applicant to practice under the above regulations must address a letter to the Register and Receiver, inclosing the certificate and oath above required, in which letter his full name and post-office address must be given. He must state whether or not he has ever been recognized as an attorney or agent before this Department, or any bureau thereof, or any of the local land offices, and if so, whether he has ever been suspended or disbarred from practice. He must also state whether he holds any office under the Government of the United States.

After an application to practice has been filed in due form, the Register and Receiver will recognize the applicant as an attorney or agent, as the case may be unless they have good reason to believe that the person making the application is unfit to practice before their offices, or unless otherwise instructed by the commissioner or Secretary.

Registers and Receivers must keep a record of the names and residences of all attorneys and agents recognized as entitled to represent clients in their several offices.

Every attorney must, either at the time of entering his appearance for a claimant or contestant or within thirty days thereafter, file the written authority for such appearance, signed by said claimant or contestant, and setting forth his or her present residence, occupation, and post-office address. Upon a failure to file such written authority within the time limited, it shall be the duty of the Register and Receiver to no longer recognize him as attorney in the case.

An attorney in fact will be required to file a power of attorney of his principal, duly executed, specifying the power granted and stating the party's present residence, occupation, and post-office address.

When the appearance is for a person

other than a claimant or contestant of record the attorney or agent will be required to state the name of the person for whom he appears, his post-office address, the character and extent of his interest in the matter involved, and when and from what source it was acquired. Authorizations and powers signed or executed in blank will not be recognized.

If any attorney or agent shall knowingly commit any of the following acts, viz: Represent fictitious or fraudulent entrymen; prosecute collusive contests; speculate in relinquishment of entries; assist in procuring illegal or fraudulent entries or filings; represent himself as the attorney or agent of entrymen when he is only attorney or agent for a transferee or mortgagee; conceal the name or interest of his client; give pernicious advice to parties seeking to obtain title to public lands; attempt to prevent a qualified person from settling upon, entering, or filing for a tract of public land properly subject to such entry or filing, or be otherwise guilty of dishonest or unprofessional conduct; who, in connection with business pending in local land offices or in this Department, shall knowingly employ as sub-agent, clerk, or correspondent a person who has been guilty of any one of these acts, or who has been prohibited from practicing before the Register and Receiver of this Department, it will be sufficient reason for his disbarment from practice, and you are authorized to refuse to further recognize any person as agent or attorney who shall be known to you or be proven before you to be guilty of improper and unprofessional conduct as above stated.

An attorney or agent who has been admitted to practice in any particular land district may be enrolled and authorized to practice in any district upon filing with the Register and Receiver of such district a certificate of the Register and Receiver of such district a certificate of the Register or Receiver before whom he was admitted to practice that he is an attorney or agent in good standing.

Any unprofessional conduct on the part of an attorney or agent should be reported to the Commissioner at once, together with your action in the premises.

Appeals from the action of the Register and Receiver in refusing to admit to practice or in refusing to further recognize an agent or attorney will lie to the commissioner and Secretary, as in other appealable cases.

Very respectfully,
WM. A. J. SPARKS,
Commissioner.

Approved:

L. Q. C. LAMAR,
Secretary.

A CHIEFTAIN'S MONUMENT.

The rising metropolis of Dickey county, Mnsaugo, takes its name from a famous Indian, chief, who is said in tradition to have held sway over a powerful tribe in that section for sixty years. He was six feet high and a great warrior. The entire Sioux nation is said to have participated in the ceremonies at his death, and the pile of stones erected over his grave is still visible, or those of them not removed for building purposes.

THE SCHOOL LAW.

It is stated that the new school law requires the three members of the territorial school board to meet at the capital once every month. If that is the case it will keep them traveling about one-fourth of the time at 10 cents a mile.

The new school law makes voters at all school elections of all women over 21 who have the custody of children of school age. That will evidently admit about all ladies of the required age who live where there are school children. The restriction is evidently intended as an encouragement to the production of juvenile population.

OFFICIAL RESIDENCE.

Hon. P. H. McClure, the new commissioner of immigration, has gone to Bismarck to establish his residence and headquarters in the discharge of his official duties. He proposes before determining his exact policy, to visit the Red river valley, Devil's Lake, the Turtle mountains and later the Black Hills.

AN EDITOR'S TROUBLE.

The editor of the paper in Hutchinson county, J. N. True, who was indicted for criminal libel, failed in an attempt to open the jail doors with a habeas corpus, and does not seem to have been willing to give bail. He will, however, be allowed to edit his paper in jail.

NEW SHOPS.

Railroad officials are figuring upon an increase in the shops at Jamestown. It is the intention of the company to enlarge the engine room and to increase the number of employes, but to just what extent is not known. Work will soon be commenced upon the new depot at Sanborn, which will replace the one burned during the winter.

GOOD NEIGHBORS.

Anton Oquist, in Laketon township, in Brookings county, has for a year or two been living alone in his cabin, making a claim and home for his family in the old country. His fair neighbor,

Miss Bity Anderson, has also been living near, making a claim, and the two have been so neighborly that an infantile party has appeared, and the other neighbors have interfered, and had them arrested on a charge of adultery. They have been admitted to bail in \$700 and \$350.

BROOM CORN.

There is a room factory in Hutchinson county that ships the material from Chicago. Experiments made last year show that broom corn is a success there and affords large profit. It will be added as one of the minor productions of South Dakota.

THE MANICE MYSTERY.

At Mitchell the verdict of the coroner's jury in the Manice case is that the woman was murdered and the house afterwards fired, but that the evidence does not point directly to the murderer. No arrest has yet been made.

EFFECT OF THE NEW LAW.

The Sanborn Enterprise states that the new law rates on the Northern Pacific have raised the freight on coal there \$1.95 a ton and dry wood \$1.87. It has been claimed that there was no raise in the wood rate, which is very important.

CLERK OF COURT.

H. L. Henry, editor of the Redfield Dispatch, has been appointed clerk of the district court by Judge Spencer. The office, it will be remembered, became vacant a few weeks ago by the death of Mr. Beecher.

PICK-UPS.

The new artesian well at Jamestown is 1,476 feet deep.

Chicago parties will establish a creamery at Watertown, Dak.

Geo. Johnson, pioneer, aged 85, died at Mt. Vernon, Dak.

A. C. Lea, a Fargo saloon keeper, drew \$15,000 in the Louisiana state lottery.

There is a general revival in the real estate business throughout southern Dakota.

It is unlawful to kill prairie chickens and grouse in Dakota from January to September.

It is a misdemeanor to give false pedigrees of cattle or other domestic animals in Dakota.

R. E. Carpenter, brother of Gov. Carpenter, of Iowa, becomes general manager of the Watertown Courier-News.

It is made obligatory upon Dakota teachers to attend all institutes, under penalty of having their certificates revoked.

Twenty five thousand dollars worth of 7 per cent. Jamestown school bonds were sold at a Chicago banking firm at 104.75.

The new school law of Dakota provides for a territorial board of education, of three members, to have general charge of school affairs.

North Dakota has some base ball clubs that can compete with any amateurs, and a conference has been called at Fargo for the North and Red river regions to form a league.

The laws passed at the last session of the Dakota legislature are being prepared for publication.

The Central Dakota Anniversary association of Odd Fellows will hold a celebration at Miller April 29.

Both Handed.

Whenever the early and persistent cultivation of the full use of both hands has been accomplished, the result is greater efficiency, without any corresponding awkwardness on defect. In certain arts and professions both hands are necessarily called into play. The skillful surgeon finds an enormous advantage in being able to transfer his instrument from one hand to the other. The dentist has to multiply instruments to make up the lack of such acquired power. The fencer who can transfer his weapon to the left hand places his adversary at a disadvantage. The lumberer finds it indispensable, in the operations of his woodcraft, to learn to chop timber right and left-handed; and the carpenter may be frequently seen using the saw and hammer in either hand, and thereby not only resting his arm, but greatly facilitating his work. In all the fine arts the mastery of both hands is advantageous. The sculptor, the carver, the draughtsman, the engraver and cameo cutter each has recourse at times to the left hand for special manipulative dexterity; and the pianist depends little less on the left hand than on the right.—Dr. Daniel Wilson, president of the Royal Society of Canada.

George W. Childs has two maxims which stand him in good stead. They are: "Do the best and leave the rest." and "What can't be cured must be endured." These bits of philosophy and the habit of taking long walks keep Mr. Childs in a state of unruined temper. He is a great pedestrian. He will not go anywhere in a vehicle if he can travel on foot. He walks from his own house to his office and back every day. As he had recovered from his recent fall he insisted on resuming his walks.

NEWS AND NOTES.

Mr. Gladstone has consented to be Past Chief Companion of the Liberal League, Deptford, England.

George Clark, the millionaire landowner and hop-dealer of Springfield, Otsego County, N. Y., has failed.

Never before in the history of New York really have the transactions during the first quarter of the year been so voluminous.

James G. Blaine for President and R. J. Oglesby for Vice-President is the ticket which proudly floats at the masthead of the Taylorville (Ill.) Republican.

A bill for the prohibition of the liquor traffic in the Legislature of the Province of Newfoundland was defeated by the casting vote of the Speaker of the Lower House.

M. Katoff, the Russian editor, is a man of medium size, with gray hair brushed back from a broad forehead, a short, white beard, and a face bearing the marks of age and over-work.

Dr. Lyman Beecher once replied to an inquiry of Dr. Hawes, "How are you getting on?" "First-rate! first-rate! first-rate! ever since I stopped trying to run this world."—Living Church.

Col. Fitzroy Somerset showed recently to the Society of Antiquaries of London a portrait of Hugh Peters the regicide, who came to America, preached in Massachusetts, was tried, and executed.

"What a perfect Easter-day it has been!" were the last words of I. N. Metcalf, the eminent musician of Worcester, Mass., who suddenly fell dead from heart-disease that Sunday evening.

The Bureau of Statistics reports the exports of wheat for nine months at 73,000,000 bushels, against 34,000,000 during the same time last year. Flour 8,000,000 barrels, against 5,000,000 last year.

Mr. C. H. Spurgeon, the London preacher, was recently invited to come over and address the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly, but declined, saying that he is "chained to the oar" in his work at home.

The Prince of Wales has consented to act as Honorary President of the International Exhibition to be held at Melbourne next year to celebrate the centennial anniversary of the colonization of Australia.

Bishop William Taylor, whose self-supporting missions on the Congo attract great attention, is a splendid looking man, with piercing eyes, and very bright countenance. His beard is of silky texture, and is long and spreading and of pure white.

Justus H. Schwab, one of the most violent and virulent of the New York Anarchists, pleads guilty of the ownership of \$20,000 in Government bonds. It is not believed that Mr. Schwab really contemplates or intends an immediate overthrow of the Government.

Benjamin Gregg, who died a few days ago in Rochester, N. Y., had voted at every Presidential election since Jackson's day. He always claimed, and on apparently good grounds, that he was the first man to suggest the name of Gen. Grant for the Presidency.

The Rev. Dr. Parker, of London, who has been spoken of as the possible successor of Beecher, always alludes to himself in the pulpit as "we." Some time ago he announced in a hoarse voice that "we have a cold today, and on that account we will not preach as long as usual."

Tuesday a stonecutter began to chisel a fitting inscription on the monument erected long ago at Washington to the memory of Gen. Nathaniel Greene of the Revolutionary army. The resolution authorizing the inscription was passed in 1786, the appropriation for the purpose was passed in 1867, and the work has been begun in 1887.

The American Bible Society has just compiled the results of its work for the last year. It has issued 977,605 volumes, besides half a million in foreign lands. This makes the total number of Bibles issued by the society since its organization in 1816, 48,355,251. Since Bible societies were organized 250 versions have been produced in about 200 languages and dialects.

The Crown Prince of Prussia, who suffers greatly from throat trouble, is now thought to have a cancer. This has not been officially declared, but it is believed in Berlin that it is cancer which threatens his life. Prince William is suffering with an abscess in the ear. The aged Emperor is in perfect health and his physicians say that there is nothing in his condition to suggest sickness during the coming summer at least.

It is officially stated in London that Lord Salisbury in a dispatch sent to Washington March 24 said that the British Government, understanding the action of the United States in denouncing the fishery articles of the treaty of Washington to be in a great degree the result of disappointment at being called upon to pay £1,100,000 under the Halifax fisheries award, offers to revert to the old condition of affairs without pecuniary indemnity.

On Saturday A. C. Manning a Watertown farmer fell from a load of oats, breaking his neck.