

The News of the Week.

BY TELEGRAPH AND MAIL.

DOMESTIC.

In his annual report on the 30th ult. the Postmaster-General suggests a number of measures for the improvement of the service, the more important being the extension and perfection of the system of free delivery, the reformation of the system of employing and paying for railroad transportation and the establishment of additional fast-mail service.

A TRIP collision occurred on the 30th ult. on the railroad between Butte City, M. T., and Silver Bow. Several trainmen were injured and many cars wrecked.

There is a large number of Anarchists in Newark, N. J., considering the size of the city, and they have become so outspoken in their denunciation of the authorities that the police fear they may cause trouble.

GEORGE NORMAN, of New London, Mo., died on the 30th ult. of hydrophobia. He was bitten by a small dog last summer.

In the Haddock murder trial at Sioux City, Ia., on the 30th ult. John Arensdorf, the defendant, gave his testimony, denying complicity in the crime, but contradicted some of his statements at the former trial.

At the stone-quarry of Walton & Son, about three miles from Hunneltown, Pa., four men were killed and one wounded by the caving-in of earth on the 30th ult.

A FARMER named Irby shot and killed two colored men on the 30th ult. who attacked him on his farm in Marlboro County, S. C.

A FIRE on the 30th ult. in the Strawbridge Lithograph Company's establishment in Cincinnati caused a loss of \$300,000.

The party to make the final survey of the Nicaragua Canal Construction Company sailed from New York on the 30th ult. The survey will not be finished till April or May.

The trial of E. L. Harper for wrecking the Fidelity Bank of Cincinnati commenced in that city on the 30th ult.

A NUMBER of vessels were driven ashore on the 1st by the storms off the Massachusetts coast, and the loss would be heavy.

DANIEL McLELLAN and D. J. Jones, two young men of Straubville, D. T., were suffocated by coal gas on the 1st.

On the 1st Clark and Moses Harrison (brothers) were killed while chopping wood near Paris, Tex. Two negroes had been arrested on suspicion.

Advices of the 1st from Fort Smith, Ark., say that within four days seven murders had been committed in the Choctaw nation.

In his annual report on the 1st the Commissioner of Agriculture says that the work of his department in suppressing pneumonia among cattle progressed favorably during the year, and he believes that this dangerous plague can be exterminated by the end of the next fiscal year.

Dr. GEORGE SHERADY, of New York, who attended General Grant during his last illness, said on the 1st that there could be no doubt that the disease from which the Crown Prince of Germany is suffering is of a cancerous nature.

The public-debt statement on the 1st shows the total debt to be \$1,675,816,660; cash in treasury, \$55,258,701; debt less cash in treasury, \$1,240,183,052. Increase during November, \$1,490,350. Decrease since June 30, 1887, \$39,245,684.

An excursion of 800 Scandinavians from the Northwest, en route to the old country, stopped in Chicago on the 1st.

The Lawrence Hotel, six business houses and three dwellings were burned at Brookville, Kan., on the 1st, and four men perished in the flames.

The annual report of the Comptroller of the currency, issued on the 1st, shows that the total number of National banks organized up to October 31 was 3,805, of which 625 had gone into voluntary liquidation and 119 had failed, leaving in operation at that date 3,061.

JAMES YANCO, of Scott County, Ark., ran away with his employer's wife to Indian Territory. The couple were overtaken by the frate husband on the 1st and a fight took place, in which both men were mortally wounded.

A BRONZE statue of President Garfield was unveiled on the 1st at Cincinnati, the militia and soldiers' societies taking part in the parade. Governor Foraker and others made addresses.

CHARLES PRATT on the 1st declared to be unfounded a report that the Standard Oil Company contemplated building a trunk pipe-line from Chicago to New York.

A TRAMP named O'Brien, who was imprisoned at Alamosa, Col., for a criminal assault upon a young woman of that city, was taken from jail on the 1st and lynched.

The new stock yards at St. Joseph, Mo., comprising 440 acres, were opened on the 1st. They cost \$1,000,000, and are said to be complete in every detail.

TWO NEGROES were killed and many others were injured in a fight with whites at Cat Island, Ark., on the 1st. The unfortunates had been arrested charged with insulting white women, and at the trial were shot down.

JACOB SHARP, the New York briber, was released from custody on the 1st under bonds of \$40,000.

It was reported on the 1st that the big gas wells in the northwestern part of Ohio were losing their pressure and turning to oil wells. The news created consternation at Toledo, where natural gas is largely used for heating purposes.

ALEXANDER TAYLOR, who has been in the country six weeks, and has been driving a mail wagon three weeks, was arrested on the 1st in New York for robbing the mails, and confessed his guilt. The drafts he purloined aggregated \$5,000.

THREE train-robbers' caves, full of stolen property, were discovered near El Paso, Tex., on the 2d by United States officials.

NEARLY the entire business portion of Eminence, Ky., was destroyed by fire on the 2d.

The Kirkham & Otstead block at Springfield, Mass., was gutted by fire on the 2d. Loss, \$100,000.

Some of the malsters in Milwaukee, Wis., withdrew from the union on the 2d and returned to work in their old places. The strike was practically at an end.

By the explosion of a locomotive boiler on the 2d near East Mahanoy Junction, Pa., four men were killed.

In the trial of John Arensdorf at Sioux

City, Ia., on the 2d for the murder of Rev. G. Haddock, Byron Webster, a deputy revenue collector, swore positively that Arensdorf was not in the Shepherd saloon at the time of the murder. This testimony refutes that of Arensdorf, Hagenau and Carson, by which an alibi was sought to be proved.

TWO cases of leprosy of the most loathsome type were discovered on the 2d at Rathay, Minn.

In Lexington County, S. C., on the 2d John Edwards, aged eighteen years, ordered his father, Fred Edwards, to stop beating his mother. Not being obeyed he shot at him with a gun, killing his mother, fatally wounding his sister and slightly hurting his father.

The cotton crop for this year is estimated at 8,480,000 bales.

The story that foreigners chiefly controlled the Massachusetts fishery business is disproved by statistics, which show that of the 15,435 people engaged 10,000 are Americans.

DURING the seven days ended on the 2d there were 215 business failures in the United States, against 205 the previous seven days.

JACK SIMONS (colored) was hanged on the 2d at Mount Pleasant, S. C., for the murder of Mike Plotkin, a Jewish merchant.

LEVI KELLER, aged sixty-three years, and his wife, aged sixty years, residing at Virginsville, Pa., died on the 2d within two minutes of each other. Keller, several weeks ago, predicted that they would both die when they did.

JUMPING DOG, the Indian arrested for setting fire to the Cheyenne agency, killed his two guards on the 2d and then committed suicide.

The first annual report of the Inter-State Commerce Commission was made public on the 2d. The report says that the operation of the law has in general been beneficial; complaints of unjust discrimination by railroads are less frequent; the pooling of freights and of railway earnings has come to an end, and, as a rule, obedience to the law is general.

The wheat crop of the Northwest was on the 2d said to be 82,000,000 bushels.

TWO MEN entered the St. Cloud Hotel at Erie, Pa., on the 2d and fatally assaulted the proprietor, William Jones. They also stole a large sum of money.

A REPORT on the 2d that two thousand Belgian miners had been engaged to come to this country to take the places of the Lehigh (Pa.) valley strikers caused great excitement among the latter.

AT twenty-six leading clearing houses in the United States the exchanges during the week ended on the 3d aggregated \$1,113,277,100, against \$911,988,369 the previous week. As compared with the corresponding week of 1886 the decrease amounted to 17.3 per cent.

SOUTHERN and Central Illinois was visited by a heavy rain-storm on the 3d, the first since early last summer.

A COAL famine exists for four hundred miles along the Santa Fe road in Kansas. On the 3d a train was stopped by farmers at Syracuse and six cars of coal unloaded.

In a fight on the 3d between coal-miners near Carrollton, Ill., two men were killed.

The gasoline safety car-heater, a recent invention, was put to a severe test on the 3d at Minneapolis. A dummy-coach, built of inflammable materials, was filled up with the heater and sent plunging down an embankment. The car was completely wrecked, but it did not catch fire.

The discovery of petroleum in the vicinity of San Antonio, Tex., caused great excitement in that locality on the 3d.

JACK RICHARDSON, living near Lexington, Ky., while attempting on the 3d to remove a cartridge from a rifle had his eyes blown out.

The job-printers' strike in Chicago came to an end on the 4th, the four hundred strikers being ordered to return to their cases on the old basis of ten hours a day for eighteen dollars per week. The job-printers' strike in St. Louis was also declared off, the men being ordered back to work at the old rates.

CLEVELAND advices of the 4th say that during the last season seventy boats, valued at \$777,000, were lost on the lakes and 116 persons perished.

The receipts at the Patent Office in Washington for the last fiscal year amounted to \$1,150,000, and the expenditures to \$981,600. The number of patents granted was 21,782.

A MOB of masked men rode into Charleston, Miss., on the 3d, forced Jailer Vance to give up the keys to the jail and took out three negroes who attempted to kill Frank Mountz, a white man, and riddled them with bullets.

The Inter-State Commission on the 3d decided that colored people may be assigned separate railway cars, but they must be equal in accommodations to those for whites.

In a fire on the 3d in a livery stable at Los Angeles, Cal., ninety valuable horses lost their lives.

In the Southern States east of the Mississippi 1,328 miles of railroad track have been laid during the past year. Of this total about one-third is credited to Alabama.

At Peru, Ind., on the 4th a large frame barn with contents, including five valuable horses, were destroyed by fire.

News of the 4th from Arizona says that the Apaches were on the war-path again, and that they attacked a party of travelers in Mexico, killing one man and wounding another.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The National Prohibition Committee held its meeting in Chicago on the 30th ult. and elected Prof. Samuel A. Dickie, of Albion, Mich., as chairman in place of the late John B. Finch. His salary was fixed at \$3,000. Indianapolis was fixed as the place for holding the National convention on the first Wednesday in June.

OFFICIAL figures on the 30th ult. of the recent election in Massachusetts show that Governor Ames' plurality is 17,806 and his majority 5,986. The plurality for the Republican State ticket averages about 24,000.

A COLORED woman named Collins, who was once a servant of General Jackson, died on the 30th ult. in Nashville, Tenn., aged 118 years.

The result of the recent balloting in Atlanta was canvassed on the 30th ult., showing a majority of 1,128 against prohibition.

Mrs. MAGDALENA SCHWARTZ, aged forty-five, a German grass widow of Brainerd, Minn., was on the 1st married to Andrew Robinson, until recently a tramp, and who did chore-work for his present bride, who is the wealthiest resident of that region.

The official vote on the prohibition amendment at the recent election in Ore-

gon, canvassed on the 1st, is 19,978 for, 37,958 against; majority against prohibition, 7,985.

The Prohibition conference in Chicago closed on the evening of the 1st with a mass meeting at which ex-Governor St. John named General Clinton B. Fiske, of New Jersey, as the Presidential candidate.

ABOUT JUDAS THORAS, of West Virginia, on the 2d denied the validity of an act of the special session of the Legislature by which Mr. Faulkner was elected United States Senator.

MOTHER MARY CLARKE, the founder and head of the order of the Sisters of Charity, B. V. M., died in Dubuque, Ia., on the 3d, at the age of eighty-five years.

ZEMAS C. PRINER, superintendent of the eastern division of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, died at his home in Little Falls, N. Y., on the 4th. He was nearly eighty-two years old, and had been in the service of the road upward of fifty-two years.

ALGONOR S. SULLIVAN, a distinguished lawyer, died in New York on the 4th, aged sixty years.

FOREIGN.

A KILLARNEY newsdealer was on the 30th ult. sentenced to one month's imprisonment for selling copies of *United Ireland* containing reports of prohibited meetings of the National League.

In a colliery at Poremba, Silesia, thirteen workmen were killed on the 30th ult. by choke damp and many others were taken out of the shaft insensible, but were resuscitated.

A SMOCK of earthquake was felt on the 1st in the County of Lancashire, Eng.

MA. SEXTON was on the 1st elected Lord Mayor of Dublin, to succeed Mr. Sullivan.

Excitement prevailed in the City of Mexico on the 2d over a rumor that the United States had made a claim in favor of Editor Cutting. Public opinion was that the Mexican Government would not be sustained in paying such damages.

The police on the 2d surprised a nihilist rendezvous and dynamite factories in St. Petersburg and there was a desperate encounter and bloodshed.

LORD MAYOR SULLIVAN, of Dublin, was on the 2d sentenced to two months' imprisonment for printing reports of suppressed branches of the National League in his paper.

The hostile attitude assumed by the Deputies and Senators toward him made it plain to President Grevy, of France, that he could hold office no longer, and was the immediate cause of his resignation, which he tendered on the 2d.

BEACH, the Australian oarsman, on the 2d resigned the championship and retired from aquatic.

The members of the Austrian Reichsrath who are school-teachers were on the 2d ordered to give up their school duties on the ground that education and politics should be kept separate.

An earthquake occurred on the 3d at Besenane, Italy, which destroyed the place and killed twenty persons.

The Congress of the Senators and Deputies at Versailles, France, on the 3d elected M. Sadi-Carnot to succeed President Grevy. The successful candidate is a Republican who has been prominent in politics ever since the downfall of Louis Napoleon.

The Commercial Hotel at Guelph, Ont., was burned on the 3d. Many of the inmates had to jump from the windows to escape, and Mr. Roke, a molder, was burned to death.

The death was announced on the 3d of Rev. Daniel McGettigan, Roman Catholic Archbishop of the diocese of Armagh and Primate of Ireland.

LATER NEWS.

LORD LYONS, the well known English diplomat, died on the 5th.

ESTIMATES for government expenses for the next fiscal year are \$384,530,786.

DIPHTHERIA is prevailing as an epidemic at Vasa, Minn., cutting down whole families.

At Vermillion, Dak., a stone fell upon the head of a laborer at the University building, Monday, killing him.

The Jordan Mining Company has been formed at Jordan, Minn., for the purpose of investigating a supposed coal bed near that town.

GEN. S. I. HUNTER, for forty years a prominent business man of New York City, died on the 5th, at Norristown, N. J., of apoplexy, aged 95 years.

SEVENTY people attending an auction at Treewater, Ont., by the giving way of the floor fell nine feet into the cellar. Twenty were badly hurt, though none were killed.

The United States Supreme Court decides in the Kansas Brewery case, that the liquor laws of that state are constitutional, and not in conflict with the 14th amendment to the Constitution.

BETWEEN Central Park and Moreland, Mont., a section foreman, intoxicated, lay down upon the railroad track to sleep, Sunday night. An east bound passenger train came along and cut his head off.

LAST spring Farmer John McCarthy of Madelia, Minn., dehorned a Shorthorn bull, that was cross, upon the theory that the process would make him docile. Monday the hornless animal attacked Mr. McCarthy and came near killing him.

The taking of testimony in the Arensdorf trial at Sioux City, Ia., closed on Monday. On Tuesday Mr. Hubbard opened argument for the state, followed by Argo and Erwin for the defense. O'Connell will close for the state. The case will go to the jury about Saturday.

CONGRESS met at noon Monday. Mr. Carlisle was elected speaker of the House and the other officers chosen; in the Senate all the new senators were sworn, except Faulkner of West Virginia. Both houses adjourned after an hour's session to receive the President's message Tuesday.

DANIEL DALEY, employed as a brakeman on the Northern Pacific railroad, stepped from the caboose Sunday at Brainerd, Minn., and was run over by a train. The wheels passed over his body nearly cutting him in two. He was picked up and taken to the Sanitarium where his death took place Monday.

The house of a family named Roberts, at Wright's Station on the N. P. R., east of Brainerd, Minn., burned Saturday night. Mrs. Roberts jumped out of a second story window with a babe in her arms and was not much hurt. Mr. Roberts was badly burned and may not recover and two children, aged eight and ten years perished, only their charred remains telling the story of their life.

At the Logan House at Wilmar, Minn., Mrs. Sarah Funk was murdered by her husband James Funk, Monday evening being shot through the heart as she lay sick in bed. Funk tried to shoot himself, but only made a flesh wound. The murderer was a railroad hand, when he worked, but was dissipated, and his wife, an estimable woman supported herself and a good deal of the time paid the board of the drunkard who murdered her.

TO SUGGEST GREVY.

M. Sadi-Carnot Elected President by the French National Congress—The Result of the Ballot—The President's Cabinet to Be Retained for the Present.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 5.—M. Sadi-Carnot has been elected President of the Republic. The formal Congress of Senators and Deputies to elect a successor to President Grevy was opened Saturday by M. Le Royer, President of the Senate, who declared that the National Assembly was duly constituted to elect a President.

Deputy Michelin, an irreconcilable, then asked leave to make a motion, but the President refused to allow him to do so, declaring that the Assembly was an Electoral College.

The result of the first ballot taken in the Congress was: M. Sadi-Carnot, 303; M. Ferry, 212; General Sausser, 148; M. De Freycinet, 76; General Appert, 72; M. Brisson, 26; other candidates, 26.

Before the second ballot was taken the members of the Left groups held a meeting. M. Ferry announced his resolution to withdraw in favor of M. Sadi-Carnot, and M. De Freycinet tendered a similar notification. An order of the day was thereupon adopted, declaring that the party recorded these patriotic acts of withdrawal, and at M. Ferry's instance resolved to vote for M. Sadi-Carnot. The result of the second and final ballot was as follows: M. Sadi-Carnot, 616; General Sausser, 180; M. Ferry, 11; M. De Freycinet, 5; General Appert, 5; M. Puyat, 1. M. Le Royer, on receiving the ballot return, said: "M. Sadi-Carnot having obtained the suffrage, I proclaim him President of the Republic."

There was an outburst of cheers, especially from the Left and Center. M. Le Royer then declared the session closed.

After signing the process-verbal of the decisions of the Congress and dispatching the necessary official notifications of the result of the election, President Le Royer, attended by ushers and followed by the Ministers, proceeded to his private apartment, where M. Sadi-Carnot was in waiting. M. Le Royer addressed the newly elected President as follows: "I have the honor to inform you that the National Assembly has just elected you to the Presidency. I congratulate you in the name of the Congress, and desire to add to these congratulations my personal compliments."

M. Rouvier also congratulated M. Sadi-Carnot, adding: "The Republicans, in uniting to elect M. Sadi-Carnot, have given proofs of the sentiment of union and concord which actuated them, and at the same time afforded the country a pledge of peace and prosperity." The newly-elected President responded as follows:

"I thank you from the bottom of my heart for the congratulations and sentiments expressed. I am filled with gratitude to the members of the Assembly who in uniting their suffrages in my favor, bore witness to the desire for peace and concord with which Republican France is animated. My dearest wish is that this great day may remain present in all minds and hearts. It signifies that the representatives of France can be united. Their common efforts can and must secure the constitution, assuring an active and a stable working Government, capable of bestowing upon the nation liberty at home and dignity abroad, with all the benefits which our country expects from the Republic. Once more I thank you. You may count upon my entire devotion."

The President afterward received General Lavocat, commanding the troops at Versailles, who came with his staff to present his respects. Afterward M. Sadi-Carnot advanced to meet representatives of the press desiring to congratulate him. He shook them warmly by the hand, and after giving them a copy of his speech, said: "I feel confident that the press will do all in its power to tranquilize the public mind." Meanwhile a squadron of cuirassiers was drawn up in the courtyard, and when the President came forth with the Ministers the troops presented arms and paid him military honors.

M. Sadi-Carnot entered a carriage with M. Rouvier, and with the other Ministers in carriages following, the cortege started at a rapid pace for Paris. An escort of cuirassiers brought up the rear. The other Senators and Deputies returned to Paris on a special train. The news of the result of the election was received in Versailles with the greatest enthusiasm. A large crowd surrounded the Congress building throughout the afternoon. Shouts of "Vive Carnot; Vive la Republique," mingled with the various patriotic cries, continued for a long time with unabated vigor.

M. Sadi-Carnot drove direct from Versailles to the Elysee to take formal possession of the palace, but soon retired to his own residence, No. 25 Rue des Bassins. The inhabitants of that quarter speedily assembled and greeted the President with enthusiastic shouts of: "Vive Sadi-Carnot," and "Vive le nouveau President."

M. Sadi-Carnot appeared at a window of his house and said: "I give you hearty thanks, citizens, for this evidence of your sympathy. I beg you to prove by your calm demeanor and regard for order that you are in truth worthy to have a Republican Government." The speech was hailed with shouts of "Vive la Republique."

President Sadi-Carnot was formally installed in the Elysee Palace yesterday afternoon, and later received visits from ex-President Grevy, M. Rouvier, President Feytaud, of the budget committee, and other leading politicians. The President stated that it was his intention, after the new Ministry was formed, to at once close the present session of Parliament until after the coming Senatorial elections.

The Ministry have formally tendered their resignations and President Sadi-Carnot has requested them to remain in office for the present for the dispatch of public business.

[Marie-Francois Sadi-Carnot was born in 1837, in the province of Landes, and was a famous civil engineer. In 1857 he entered the Polytechnical School with the rank of five, and graduated with high honors at the head of his class. He was the secretary of the joint council of judges, and was elected engineer at Auxerre in 1853. Politics since then have absorbed his attention, and from being prefect of Seine Inferieure for organizing the National Department of the Seine he rose to be a representative in the Chamber. M. Carnot voted against the act for the abolition of the laws regarding exiles. M. Carnot is a member of an aristocratic family of radicals. He was a member of Ferry's Cabinet in 1873.]

THE DEFENSE ENDS.

Arensdorf's Counsel Examines the Last of the Witnesses in His Behalf—Evidence in Rebuttal—A Prominent Witness for the State Deals a Death-Blow to the Alibi Theory.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Nov. 30.—Very important and seemingly reliable evidence was given in the Arensdorf case yesterday morning, all tending to establish an alibi. Robert Buchanan, a small boy, who was early at the scene of the murder, and who was sent for the doctor, swore that Arensdorf, with whom he was well acquainted, was not in the crowd that went west from Junk's saloon, but that Leavitt was Lewis Hagenola, now of Milwaukee, formerly cook at the Shepherd restaurant here, testified that on the night of the murder Arensdorf got supper about 9:30 o'clock in the restaurant. Afterward he and Arensdorf took drinks at the bar in front of the restaurant. Carson, proprietor of the Cataract House, Sioux Falls, ate supper at the restaurant. He was looking for a cook and had his eye on Hagenola, and when Carson finished supper he walked into the saloon. He saw Hagenola and a man shaking dice. He watched them to find what sort of company his prospective cook kept. Carson passed out and had just stepped onto the walk when the shot was fired. He can not state definitely who it was that was shaking dice with Hagenola, but says it was a man of the same build as Arensdorf and dressed like he was that night.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Nov. 30.—In the Arensdorf trial on Tuesday Frits Folger, never before on the stand in this case, the man charged by Bismarck with having bought him a ticket to San Francisco and given him \$95 of Arensdorf's money, denied under oath all these transactions. Sylvester Granda, whom Bismarck alleges was his compatriot, then took the stand. He denied in the main Bismarck's story, yet acknowledged that overtures had been made to him to whip Haddock. He claimed to have refused to do the job and that he was at home when the murder occurred.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Dec. 1.—John Arensdorf, who is on trial here for the murder of Rev. Mr. Haddock, took the witness stand in his own defense Wednesday afternoon. He testified that he did not see the crowd of men who were looking for Haddock, including Theiber, Platt, Leavitt, and Peters, except for a few minutes in Junk's saloon; that they went out before he did, and that he did not know where they went, and that he went from Junk's across the street to the Shepherd saloon, and thence to the "English Kitchen." His former testimony was to the effect that he went directly from Junk's to the "Kitchen." Arensdorf further testified that while at Sherman's place, the "Kitchen," he heard talk of some one having been shot down on Water street, and having gone there learned for the first time of Haddock's murder.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Dec. 2.—The defense in the Haddock murder case rested yesterday morning immediately after the cross-examination of John Arensdorf. The defendant, in explaining the differences between his alibi testimony in this trial and that in his first trial, said that he had forgotten much. The State began its rebutting testimony. E. Bradentury swore that about ten days before the murder of Haddock, Arensdorf, the defendant, said that he would head a mob at any time to drive out the Prohibitionists.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Dec. 2.—In the Arensdorf trial on Thursday six witnesses from Monticello, Ia., swore that the general moral character of Mrs. Potter, one of the witnesses for the defense, was bad. G. H. Cummings testified that J. H. Taylor told him that Arensdorf had left the Shepherd saloon the night of the murder in plenty of time to go to Junk's saloon and to get to the place where Mr. Haddock was murdered. Taylor is the witness who testified that Arensdorf was in the Shepherd saloon at about the time of the murder.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Dec. 3.—Friday was one of the most important in the trial of John Arensdorf for the murder of Rev. George C. Haddock. A large number of witnesses were examined, contradicting and impeaching the main witnesses for the defense. The climax was reached when Hon. Byron Webster, of Dubuque, United States revenue collector, took the stand and testified that from about 10 o'clock till the fatal shot was fired on the night of the murder he was in the Shepherd saloon and restaurant; that he got his supper there, and that Arensdorf was not there. The evidence was positive. The importance of this evidence consists in the fact that the Shepherd saloon is the place where Arensdorf located himself at the moment of the murder, and for some time before, and is the vital point of the alibi.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Dec. 5.—Saturday's session of court was occupied with the rebutting testimony offered by the State. Two witnesses from Canton, D. T., testified that Hagenola, the alibi witness for the defense, had made exactly opposite statements of those which he swore to on the witness stand. The rebutting testimony of the defense was simply six witnesses to testify to the good character of Gus Schmidt, who is one of the principal witnesses for the defense. The defense, using the right to call witnesses Monday to testify as to the character of its witness, Mrs. Potter, rested just before the adjournment of court Saturday evening.

LINCOLN AUTHORITIES, FREE.

Mr. Garland Orders the Release of the Municipal Officers of the Nebraska Capital.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Senator Paddock, Representative McShane and Mr. Lambertson called upon Attorney-General Garland Friday in reference to the municipal officers of Lincoln, Neb., now in the Omaha jail. After hearing a statement of the case the Attorney-General, who was amazed to learn that the men were actually behind the bars telegraphed the United States Marshal at Omaha to place the prisoners in the custody of a deputy United States Marshal at Lincoln, and not keep them in jail. The Attorney-General says it is only necessary to keep these men in nominal custody at their homes as they would not escape if they could. This order will give the prisoners their liberty, and the necessity of a writ of habeas corpus, which would have otherwise been issued next Monday, is obviated. The argument in the case will now proceed on December 12, the time fixed for the return of the rule.



M. SADI-CARNOT.